

## Practical - 4

### \* Title :-

Connect with Google Cloud SQL and Run SQL Queries for Database Analysis.

### \* Aim :-

To establish a secure connection to a Google Cloud SQL instance, execute SQL queries for data manipulation and retrieval, and analyzes the result.

### \* Procedure / Task:

Step-1 Create and configure Cloud SQL instance

→ In the google Cloud console, go to the Cloud SQL Instance page.

→ Click "Create Instance" and choose the desired database engine (Ex:- MySQL)

→ Assign an instance ID, set the root user password, and create the instance.

Step-2 Authorize Client IP and connect

→ Add your client machine's public IP address to the instance's authorized networks. Under

→ Connect to the instance using command:

:- gCloud sql connect [Instance\_Name] --user = root



→ Step-3 Run SQL Queries

→ Use SQL commands to create db and table. Then insert and retrieve data.

- Create Database dbName1;  
use dbName1;
- Create Table employees (id Int, name varchar(50),  
Salary float);
- Insert Into employees values (1, 'Virat', 50000);
- Select \* from employees;

Result :-

- Successfully connected to Google Cloud SQL instance.
- Executed SQL queries and retrieved data.

## Practical - 5

Title :-

Creating an Amazon S3 Bucket for  
Cloud storage.

Aim :-

To Configure and launch a new, globally unique Amazon S3 bucket for storing and managing files and data objects on Amazon Web Services

Procedure / Task

Step-1 Sign in to AWS Management Console

Step-2 Navigate to Amazon S3 Service

- In the AWS console search bar, type "S3" and select S3 (Scalable storage in the cloud) to open the Amazon S3 console.

Step-3 Initiate Bucket Creation

- Click on the "Create Bucket" button in the S3 dashboard

Step-4 Configure Bucket Details

- Enter a globally unique bucket name.
- Select the AWS Region where you want the bucket to reside.

Step-5 Complete and create

- Review the option and click "Create bucket"

Result:

A new, empty S3 bucket is created and ready for uploading files, folders or any object.



## Practical - 6

Title:-

Creating an Amazon EC2 Instance with windows OS.

Aim:-

To provision a new, remotely accessible windows virtual machine on AWS.

Procedure / Task

Step-1 Log in to AWS console.

Step-2 Open EC2 Dashboard.

- In the services search bar, type "EC2" and select EC2 to open the dashboard.

Step-3 Launch a New Instance.

- Click the "Launch Instance" button

Step-4 Configure Instance.

- Enter an instance name.
- Choose a "Windows" Amazon Machine (AMI) such as Microsoft Windows Server (2019) 2022
- Select the instance type (Ex. t2.micro for free tier).



## Step-5 Set key pair

- Create a new key pair or use an existing one.

## Step-6 Network and storage settings.

- Ensure RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol) traffic is allowed in the inbound security rules.

## Step-7 Review and launch.

- Review your settings and click "Launch Instance".
- Wait for instance status to show as "Running".

## Step-8 Connect to windows Instance

- Select your instance from the EC2 dashboard.
- Click "Connect", choose "RDP Client" and download the remote desktop file.
- Retrieve the administrator password.

## Step-9 Remote Desktop Access

- Open the .rdp file with Remote Desktop Connection, enter the username and decrypted password.

result :-

A windows EC2 instance is running,  
accessible through RDP.



## Practical - 7

Title :-

Building and deploying a Containerized Application on GCP.

Aim :-

To containerize an application, push the Container image to Google Container Registry (GCR), and deploy the container on Google Cloud Run for serverless hosting.

### Procedure / Task

#### Step-1 Prepare Application Code.

- Create a simple application folder with your app files, for example, a basic HTML page.
- Ensure the presence of a Dockerfile in the root folder.

#### Step-2 Create Dockerfile.

```
→ From nginx:alpine  
copy ./user/share/nginx/html  
Expose 80
```

#### Step-3 Build a docker image locally

- Open terminal and navigate the app folder



Run:

`docker build -t gcr.io/gcp-0k17/my-app-image.`

Step-4 Configure Google Cloud SDK

- Install and authenticate Google Cloud SDK
- Run:  
`gcloud auth configure-docker`

Step-5 Push Image to Google Container Registry

- Push your built image.

`docker push gcr.io/gcp-0k17/my-app-image`

Step-6 Deploy Container on Google Cloud Run

- Deploy the container image to Cloud Run:  
:- `gcloud run deploy my-app-service --image gcr.io/gcp-0k17/my-app-image --platform managed --region asia-pacific(mumbai) Region --allow-unauthenticated`

Step-7 Access Your Application

- Once deployed, Cloud Run provides a public URL
- Open the URL in a browser to see your running app



Result :-

The containerized application is  
successfully deployed and running on Google  
Cloud Run.

## Practical - 8

### Title :

Deploy and Monitor a Web App Using  
Azure App Service.

### Aim:

To deploy a web application on Azure App Service and monitor its health, usage and performance using Azure monitoring tools.

### Procedure / Task

Step-1 Create an Azure Account and Login

Step-2 Create an App Service Plan

- In the Azure portal, search for "App service plans".
- Click "Create" and configure the plan by selecting subscription, resource group, region and pricing tier.

Step-3 Create a Web App.

- Search for "App Services" in the portal.
- Click "Create," then fill in details: app name, subscription, resource group.
- Click "Review + Create" and then "Create".

#### Step-4 Deploy Your Web Application

- Use one deployment methods such as:  
Local Git Deployment

Ex:- Using Azure CLI to deploy a package app:

az webapp deployment source config-zip  
--resource-group {ResourceGroupName} --name {AppName}  
--src {Path of file}

#### Step-5 Configure Monitoring

- Go to your Web App in the Azure Portal.
- Under "Monitoring," enable Application Insights if not already enabled.

#### Step-6 View Metrics and logs

- In the Azure portal, open the App Service.
- Use Application Insights dashboard to see requests, response times, failures, dependencies.

#### Result:-

The web application is deployed successfully on Azure App Service and monitored actively via Azure Application.



## Practical - 9

Title :-

Sign Up, Explore Azure ML Studio, and  
Create & Run an Azure ML Pipeline.

Aim :-

To get started with Azure ML studio,  
create a machine learning pipeline, and run  
experiments through the Azure ML Pipeline  
interface.

Procedure / Task

Step-1 Sign up and Access Azure ml studio

- Sign up for a free Azure account if you don't have one.
- Navigate and create new machine learning workspace or use an existing one

Step-2 Explore Azure ML Studio Interface

- Familiarize with the dashboard: Datasets, Expt Pipelines, Models and Endpoints.
- Go to "Pipelines" from the left navigation pane.

Step-3 Create a New Azure ml Pipeline

- Click on "Create pipeline" and select the pipeline



environment.

- Drag-and-drop modules to build your pipeline workflow.
- Add datasets
- Insert components like data group prep, training, scoring, evaluation.
- Configure each step by setting parameters and data inputs

#### Step-4 Run the Pipeline

- Click "Submit" to run the pipeline.
- Monitor the pipeline run status, logs and outputs through the interface.

#### Step-5 View Result

- Once the pipeline completes, review output datasets, trained models, and logs.

#### Step-6 Save and Reuse pipeline.

- Save the pipeline for future reuse.

Result:

Successfully signed up for Azure ML Studio, created a simple ML pipeline, executed it, & reviewed the result.



## Practical - 10

Title :-

Visualize Data with Amazon Quicksight:  
Connect Data Source & Generate Visuals.

Aim:

To connect Amazon Quicksight with a data source & create a dataset, and generate multiple visualizations for analysis and presentation.

### Procedure / Task

#### Step-1 Sign up for Amazon QuickSight

- Go to the AWS console, search for "Quicksight" and sign up if you haven't already.

#### Step-2 Set up Data Source

- Prepare your test dataset (e.g.: CSV file in S3 or another AWS-supported data source).
- Ensure your AWS permissions allow Quicksight access to this data source.

#### Step-3 Connect Quicksight to Data Source.

- In Quicksight, click "Datasets" then "New Dataset".
- Choose the type (Amazon S3, RDS, Redshift etc)



- For S3: Provide the S3 URL or upload manifest.json as guided.
- For Databases: Enter connection info (Endpoints, db name, credentials)
- Confirm access - Quicksight may request additional permission.

#### Step-4 Import dataset

- Select the uploaded/connected dataset.
- Click "Save & visualize" to proceed

#### Step-5 Create visualizations.

- Click "New Analysis" > Select your dataset > "Create analysis"
- Use the "visual types" menu to pick chart styles (e.g. bar chart, pie chart, line graph)
- Drag and drop fields from your data into Value, Group/Category, or Filters areas.
- Configure and format visuals as desired.

#### Step-6 Customize and combine visuals.

- Add more visuals to the same analysis for deeper insights.



## Step-7 Share or publish Dashboards

- Combine visualizations onto a dashboard.
- Save and share the analysis within your organization.

### Result:

- Amazon Quicksight will display dataset as a variety of interactive.



## Practical - II

### Title

Develop, Build and deploy a container Application on Google Compute Engine

### Aim:

To containerize an application and deploy it as a running container on a VM instance in GCP

### Procedure / Task

#### Step-1 Prepare Application and Dockerfile.

- Create app or static HTML site.
- Add a dockerfile:  
:- From nginx:alpine copy /usr/share/nginx/html/\*

#### Step-2 Build your container image.

- Open terminal, navigate to app folder.
- Build the image:  
:- docker build -t gcr.io/gcr.00042/my-app:latest

#### Step-3 Push image to Google Container Registry

- Authenticate Docker to GCR  
:- gcloud auth configure-docker



- Push the image

:- `gcr.io/project-id/my-app:latest`

Step-4 Create a VM Instance with Container Support in GCE.

- Go to Google Cloud Console > Compute Engine > VM Instances > Create Instance.
- Set Region asia-South (~~west~~)
- Under "Boot disk" Select "Container-optimized os"
- Expand "Container" section, click "Deploy Container"
- Enter `gcr.io/project-id/my-app:latest` as the container image.
- Configure port.
- Finish creation by clicking "Create"

Step-5 Access your Application.

- Once the VM is running, copy its external IP from the console.
- Access `http://External IP` in your browser to view your application.

Result:-

Your application is containerized, stored in GCR, and deployed on a Google Compute Engine.