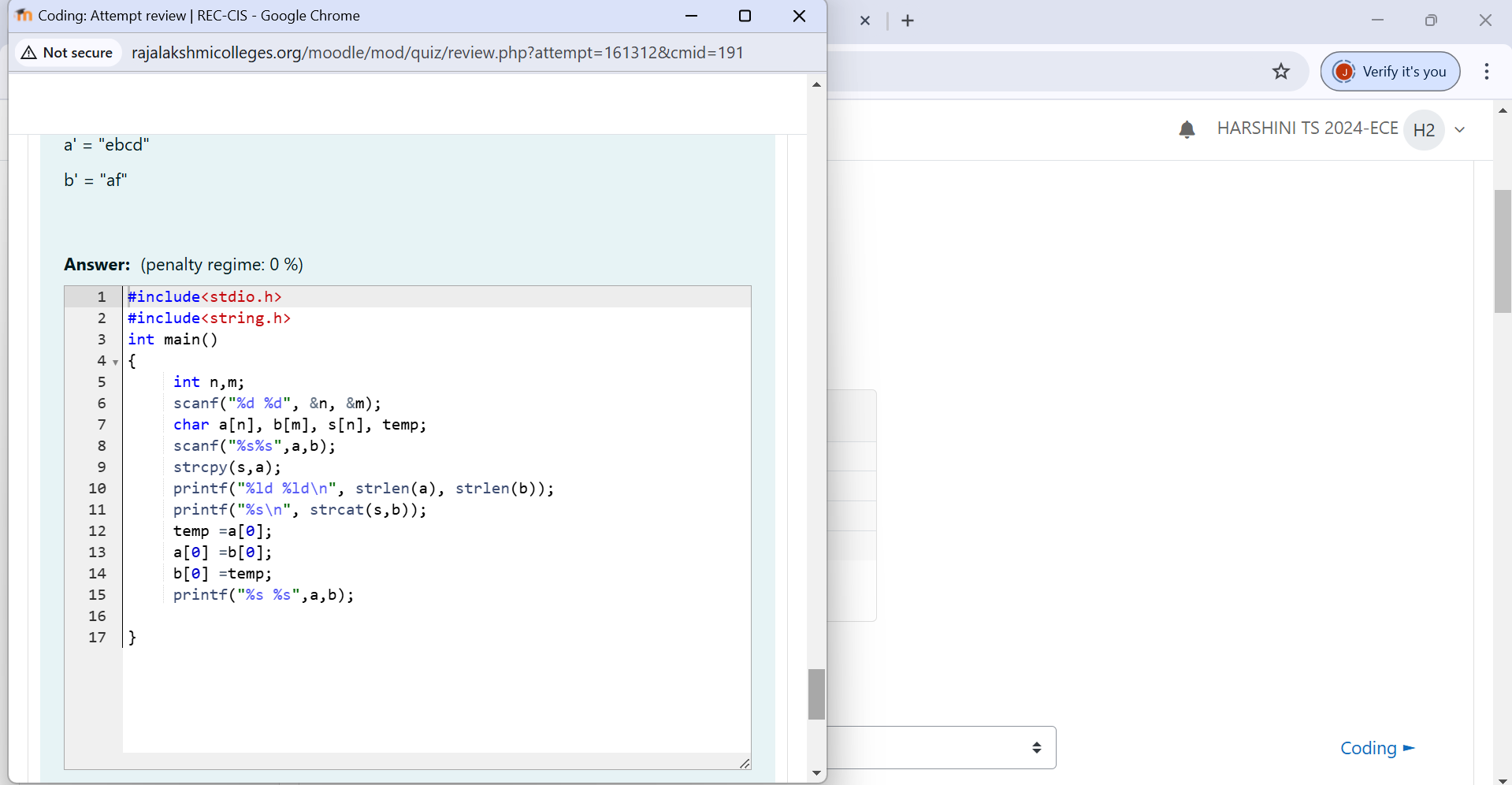
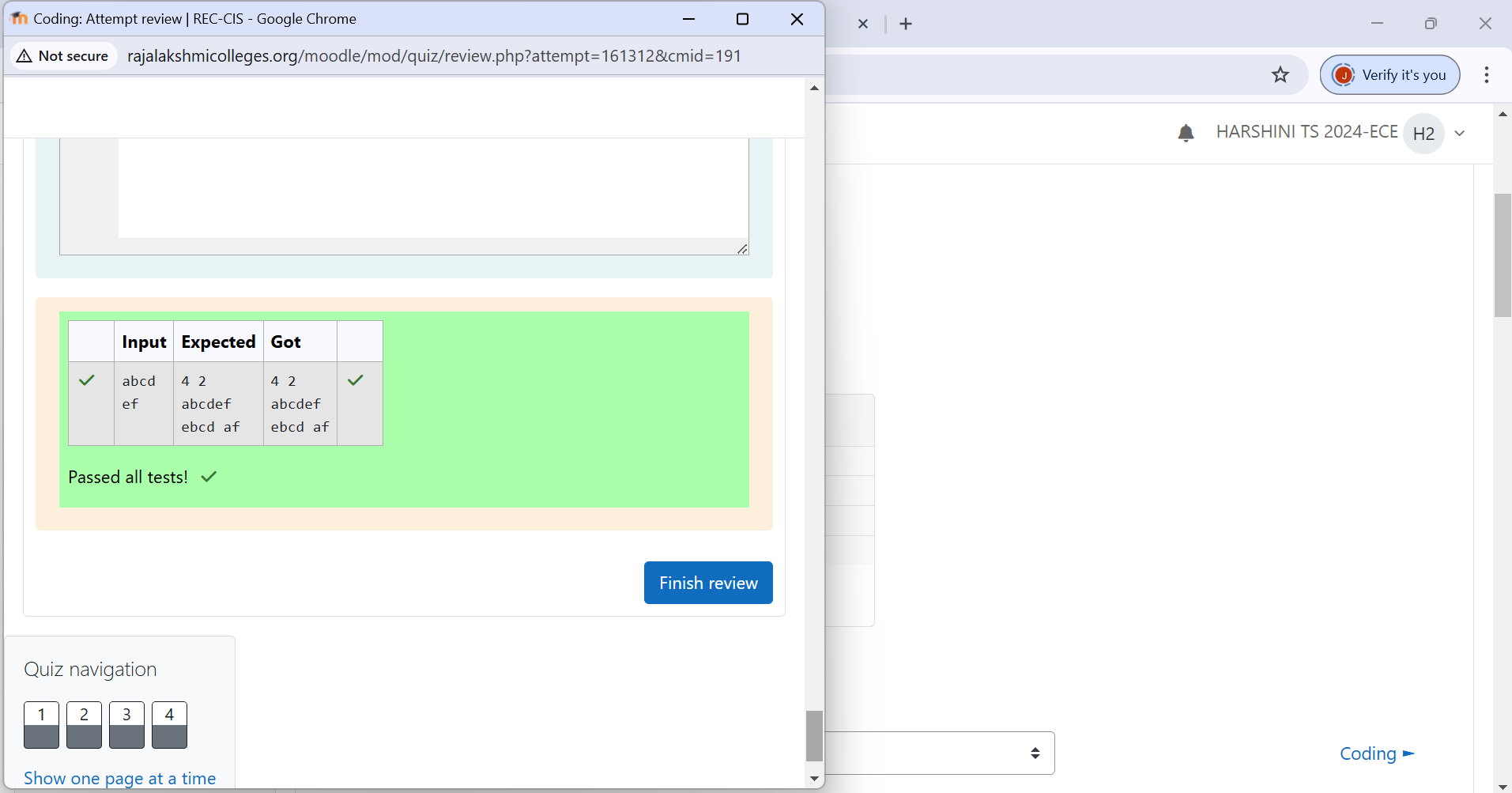
**Problem Statement**:

**Input Format** : You are given two strings, a and b, separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower-case Latin characters ('a'-'z').

**Output Format** : In the first line print two space-separated integers, representing the length of a and b respectively.



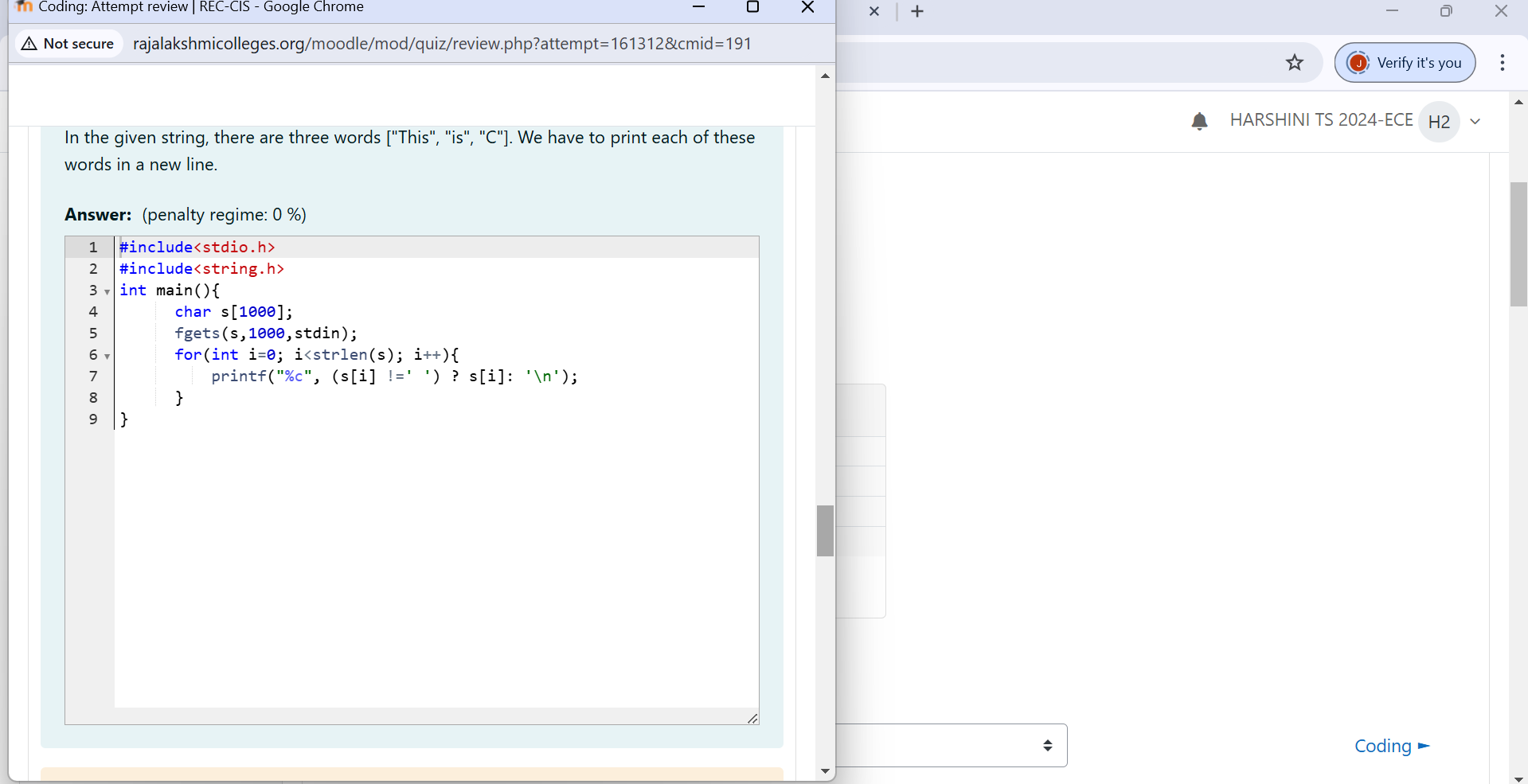


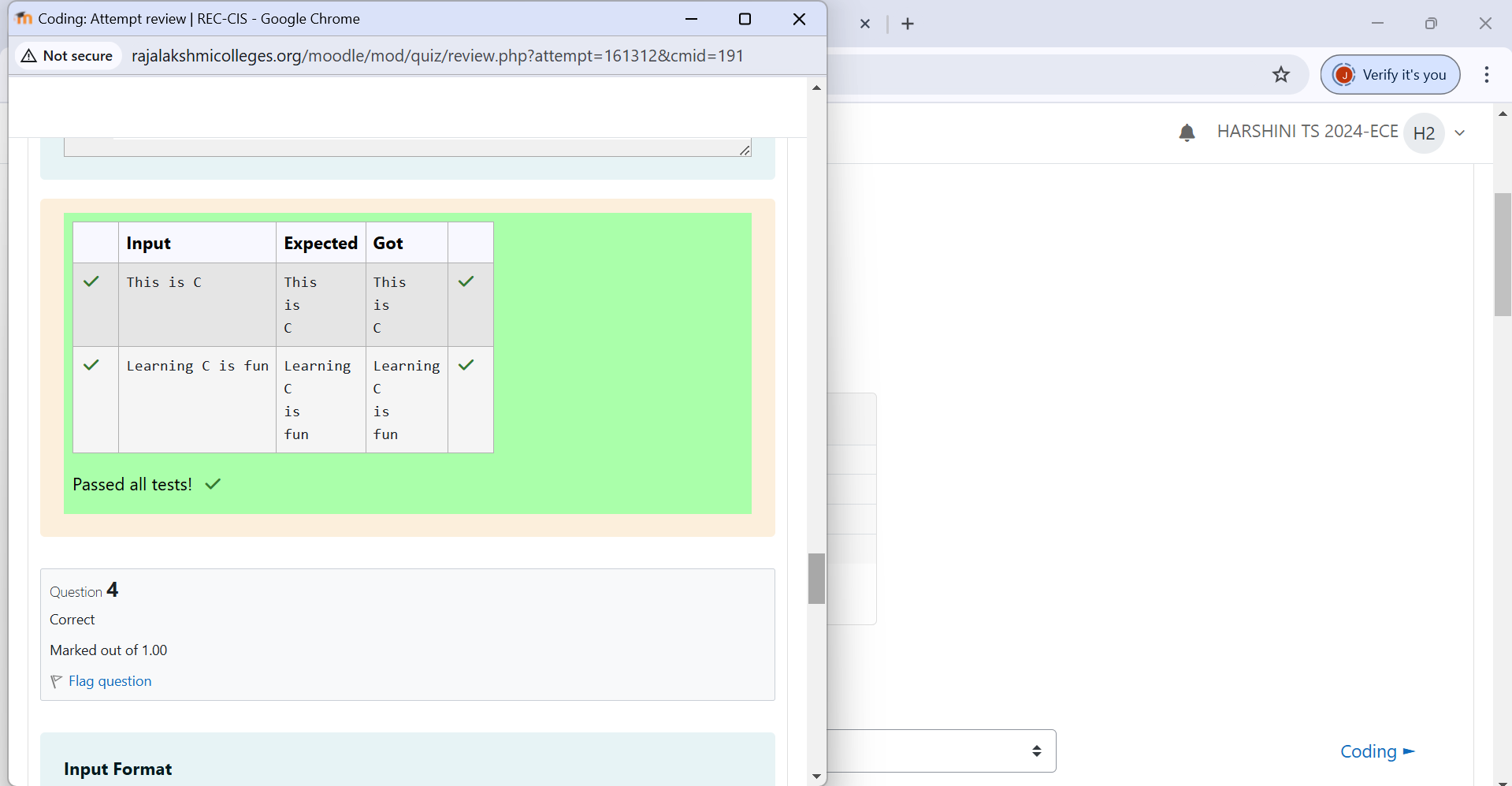
**Problem Statement**: Given a sentence, s, print each word of the sentence in a new line.

**Input Format:** The first and only line contains a sentence, s.

**Constraints** :1 ≤ len(s) ≤ 1000

**Output Format**: Print each word of the sentence in a new line.

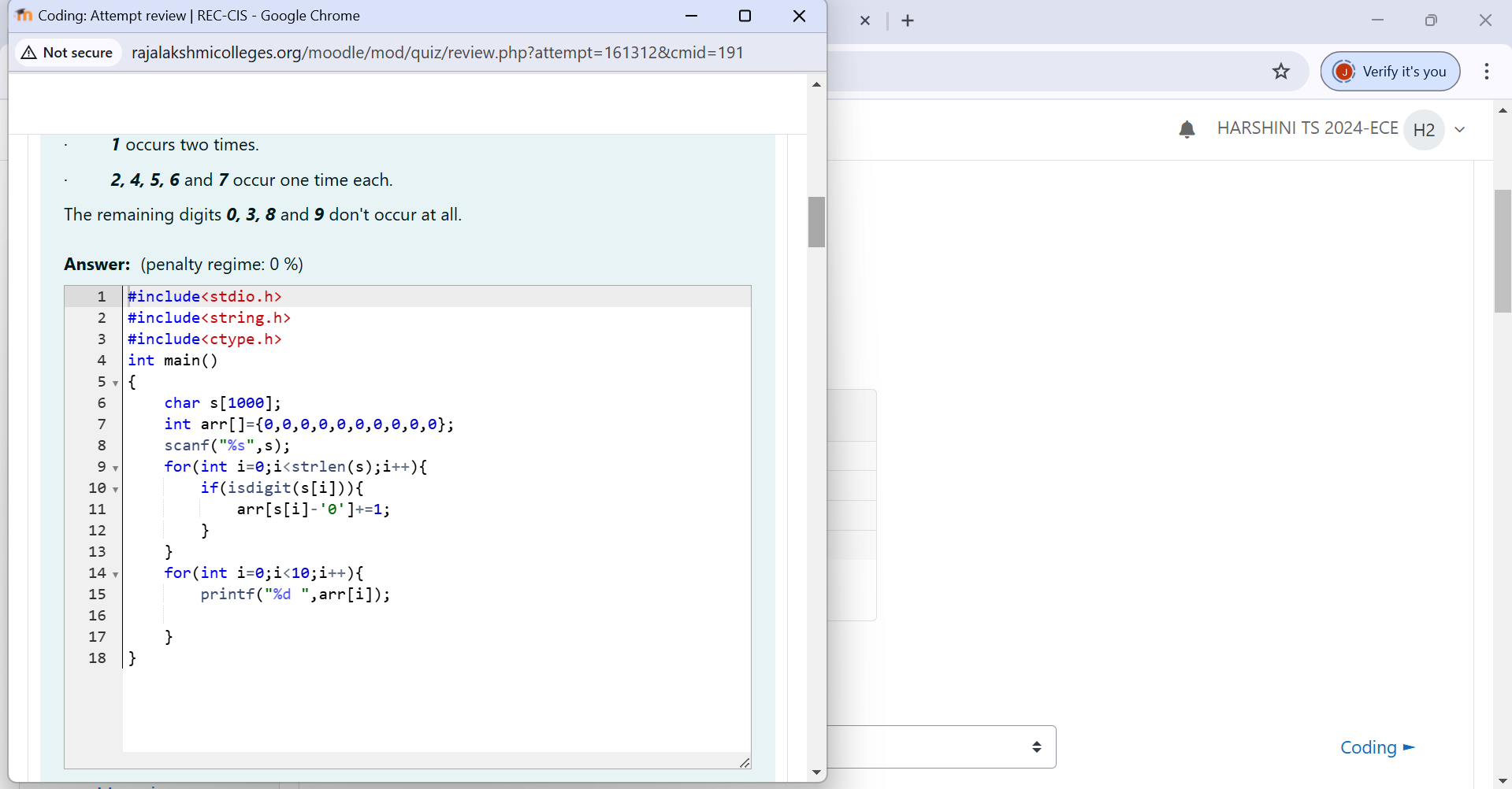


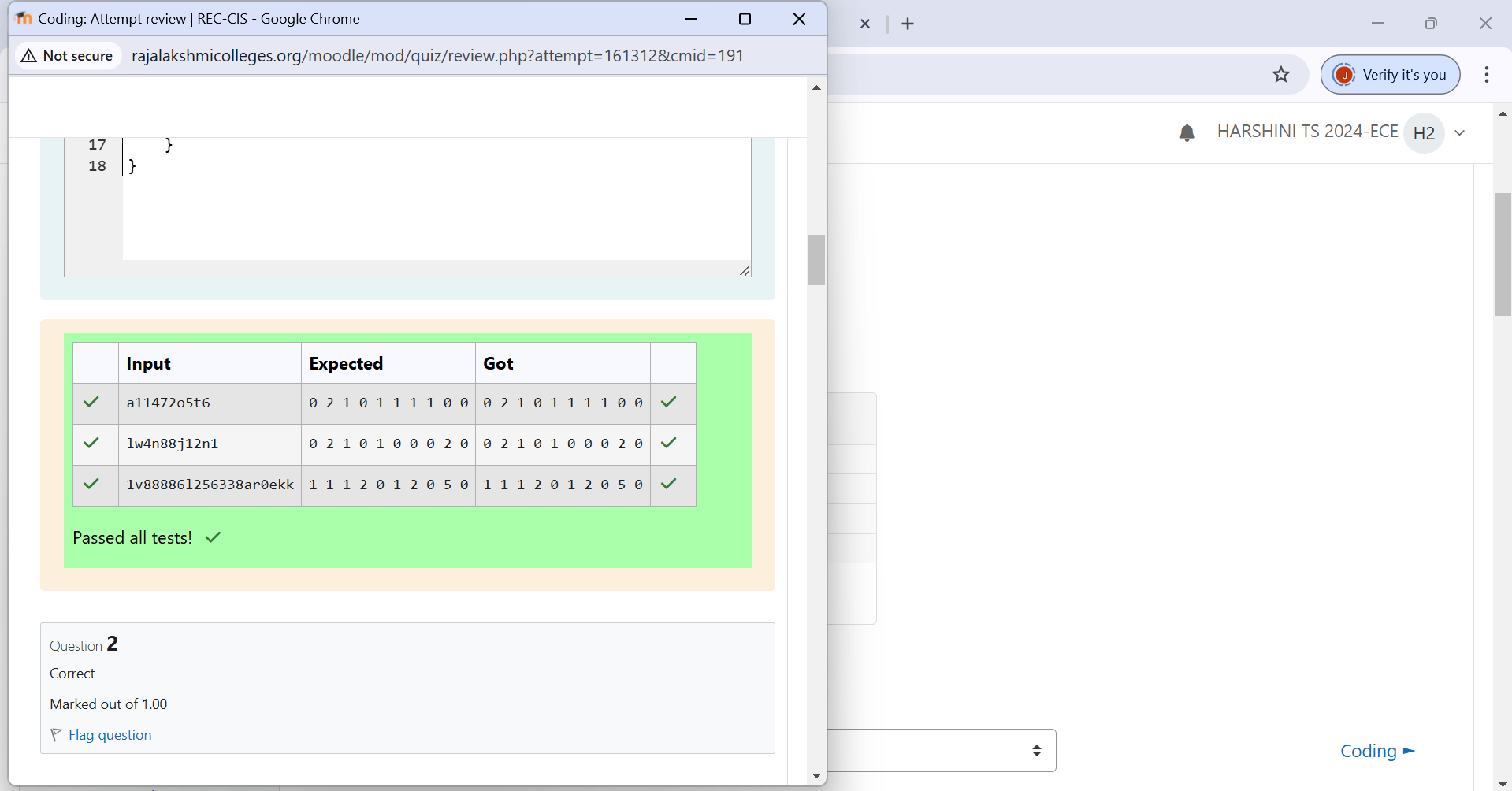


**Problem Statement**: Given a string, s, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string.

**Input Format** : The first line contains a string, num which is the given number.

**Constraints** : 1 ≤ len(num) ≤ 1000 All the elements of num are made of English alphabets and digits. **Output Format**: Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from 0 to 9.





**Problem Statement**: Today, Monk went for a walk in a garden. There are many trees in the garden and each tree has an English alphabet on it. While Monk was walking, he noticed that all trees with vowels on it are not in good state. He decided to take care of them. So, he asked you to tell him the count of such trees in the garden. Note: The following letters are vowels: 'A', 'E', 'I', 'O', 'U', 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o' and 'u'.

**Input Format**: The first line consists of an integer T denoting the number of test cases. Each test case consists of only one string, each character of string denoting the alphabet (may be lowercase or uppercase) on a tree in the garden.

**Output Format**: For each test case, print the count in a new line.

