Real-Time Video Monitoring and Anomaly Detection System Using Al/ML

(SentryVision)

A. How feasible is the project?

- Technological Advancements: With advancements in AI and machine learning, real-time
 video monitoring and anomaly detection systems have become more feasible. Deep
 learning techniques, such as convolutional neural networks (CNNs), have shown
 promising results in image and video analysis.
- Increased Processing Power: The availability of powerful computing resources, including GPUs and TPUs, makes it more feasible to process large amounts of video data in real-time, enabling effective anomaly detection.
- Data Availability: The success of AI/ML models often depends on the availability of labeled training data. If a substantial amount of labeled data for anomalies is available, it enhances the feasibility of training accurate models.
- Open Source Tools and Libraries: There are numerous open-source tools and libraries available for developing AI/ML models. This reduces development time and cost, making the project more feasible.
- Integration with Existing Systems: The project can be seamlessly integrated with existing video monitoring systems or surveillance infrastructure, it enhances feasibility by leveraging the existing hardware and infrastructure.
- Use Cases and Industry Relevance: The feasibility is often tied to the specific use cases
 and industry needs. Video monitoring and anomaly detection are crucial in security,
 manufacturing, healthcare, and various other domains, making the project relevant and
 feasible.

B. How novel is the project?

 The system incorporates cutting-edge algorithms, architectures, or techniques, it adds to its novelty.

- The uniqueness of this project links to specific domains and industries. For example, applying real-time anomaly detection in a niche industry or with unique requirements which make the project more novel.
- The system offers high customization and adaptability to different environments, detecting various types of anomalies. The ability to handle diverse scenarios adds to the project's uniqueness.
- The project addresses ethical concerns, privacy issues, and incorporates features to ensure responsible AI usage, which stands out in terms of societal impact and innovation.
- Providing instant notifications in case of emergencies is a valuable addition to existing surveillance systems. This feature allows for quick response and action, which can be crucial in critical situations.
- The project aims to detect incidents in real-time, which is a valuable feature in surveillance systems.

C. Is the project challenging enough?

- Real-Time Processing Challenge: Managing massive real-time data for video monitoring demands low latency and high throughput, posing computational challenges.
- **Complex Anomaly Detection:** Developing precise AI/ML algorithms to detect varied anomalies in dynamic environments is intricate.
- **Environmental Adaptability:** Accounting for lighting, weather, and camera variations requires a system adaptable to diverse conditions.
- Scalability and Resource Management: Ensuring scalability and efficient resource usage for increased video feeds is crucial.
- **Integration Complexity:** Seamlessly integrating with different cameras, protocols, and storage systems, especially with legacy systems, is challenging.
- **Continuous Learning:** Enabling ongoing model training and adaptation to new patterns without disrupting real-time operation is essential.
- Human-in-the-loop Integration: Incorporating mechanisms for human intervention, like alert validation, is challenging but necessary.
- **Cost-Effective Optimization:** Balancing performance needs with cost constraints and resource efficiency is essential for project feasibility.

D. Can the project be applied to solve real-world problems?

- Public Safety and Security: By analyzing CCTV footage in real-time, the system can help
 law enforcement agencies detect and prevent crimes such as theft, vandalism, and
 violent incidents. The system can also be used to monitor high-risk areas, such as public
 transportation, schools, and public events, to ensure public safety.
- Post-Incident Analysis: The recorded timestamps will serve as valuable data for
 post-incident analysis, helping to identify patterns, improve security measures, and
 prevent future incidents.
- **Retail and Loss Prevention:** Retail businesses can use the system to detect and prevent shoplifting and other forms of theft. The system can also be used to monitor customer behavior and optimize store layouts to improve sales and customer experience.
- Traffic Management: The system can be used to monitor traffic in real-time, helping to
 identify accidents, or other traffic-related incidents. This can enable traffic authorities to
 respond quickly, redirect traffic, and ensure smooth traffic flow.
- Industrial Safety: In industries such as construction, manufacturing, and energy, the
 system can be used to detect and prevent accidents by identifying hazardous situations,
 such as falls or explosions. This can help ensure the safety of workers and prevent
 costly accidents.
- Improved Security: The authentication and authorisation mechanisms will ensure secure
 access to the system, preventing unauthorized individuals from accessing sensitive
 data. This will contribute to enhanced data privacy and security.

E. Informal List of Requirements (Functionalities)

ID	Requirement Description	
REQ-01	Real-time video capture and recording from one or more cameras.	
REQ-02	Support for various camera types, resolutions, and frame rates.	
REQ-03	Authentication and authorization mechanisms for secure login and data protection.	

REQ-04	Deep Learning model to classify anomaly in real time surveillance videos	
REQ-05	Instant Notification facility to user in case of emergency	
REQ-06	Multiple camera support for each user to enhance security	
REQ-07	Data Management and security against online threats	

F. Tools and Technologies Used:

- **GIT**: for team collaboration and version control for the project.
- **VS Code:** as development IDE.
- HTML, CSS, and JavaScript: for the front-end design
- **Python:** programming language for backend development.
- **TensorFlow:** An open-source machine learning framework for developing and training models.
- **OpenCV:** A computer vision library with functions for image and video processing, object detection, and tracking.
- Flask: framework for connecting the AI model to the backend.
- Cloud storage or database for storing video footage and metadata.

TEAM: CodeFreaks

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