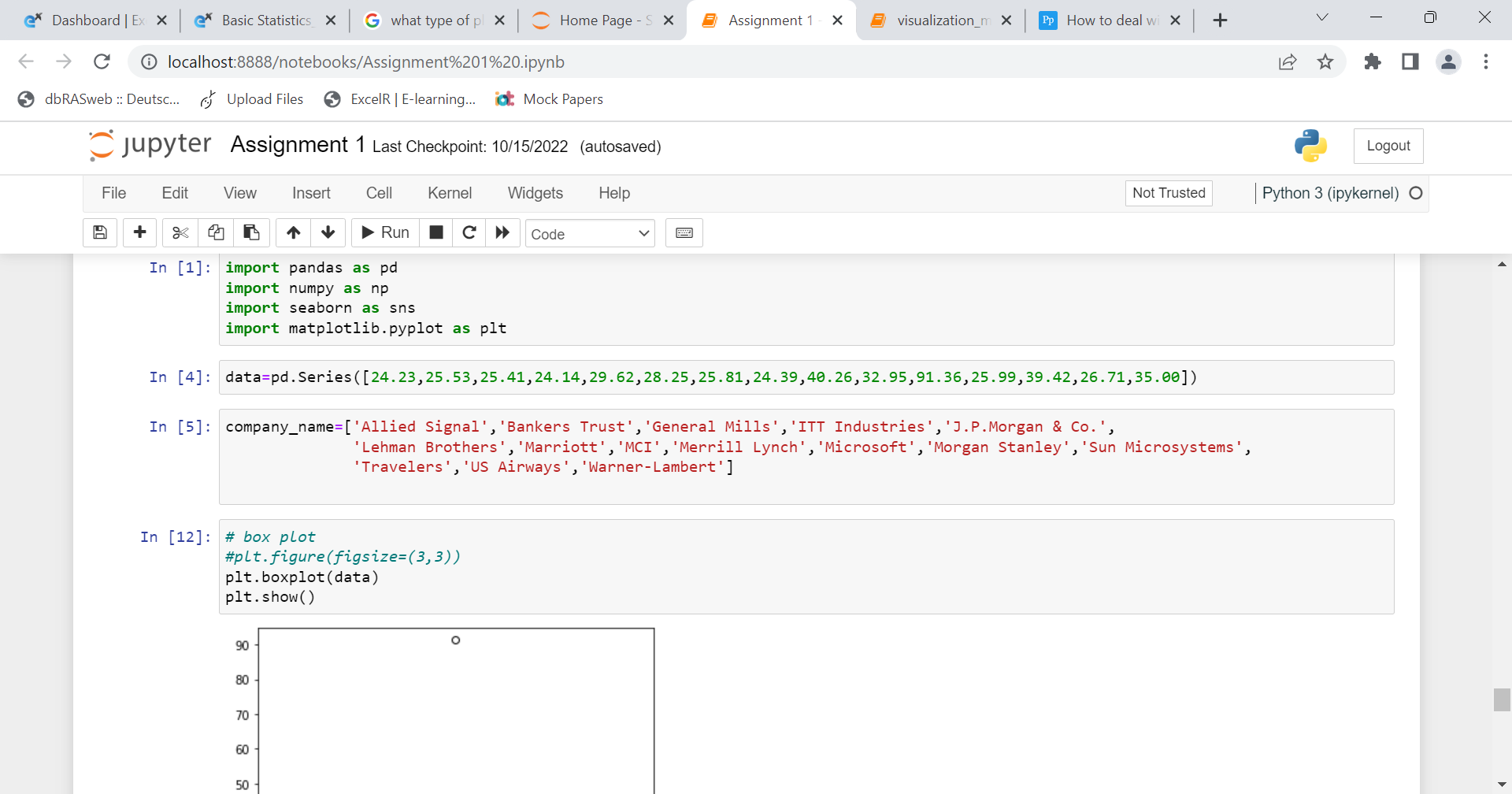
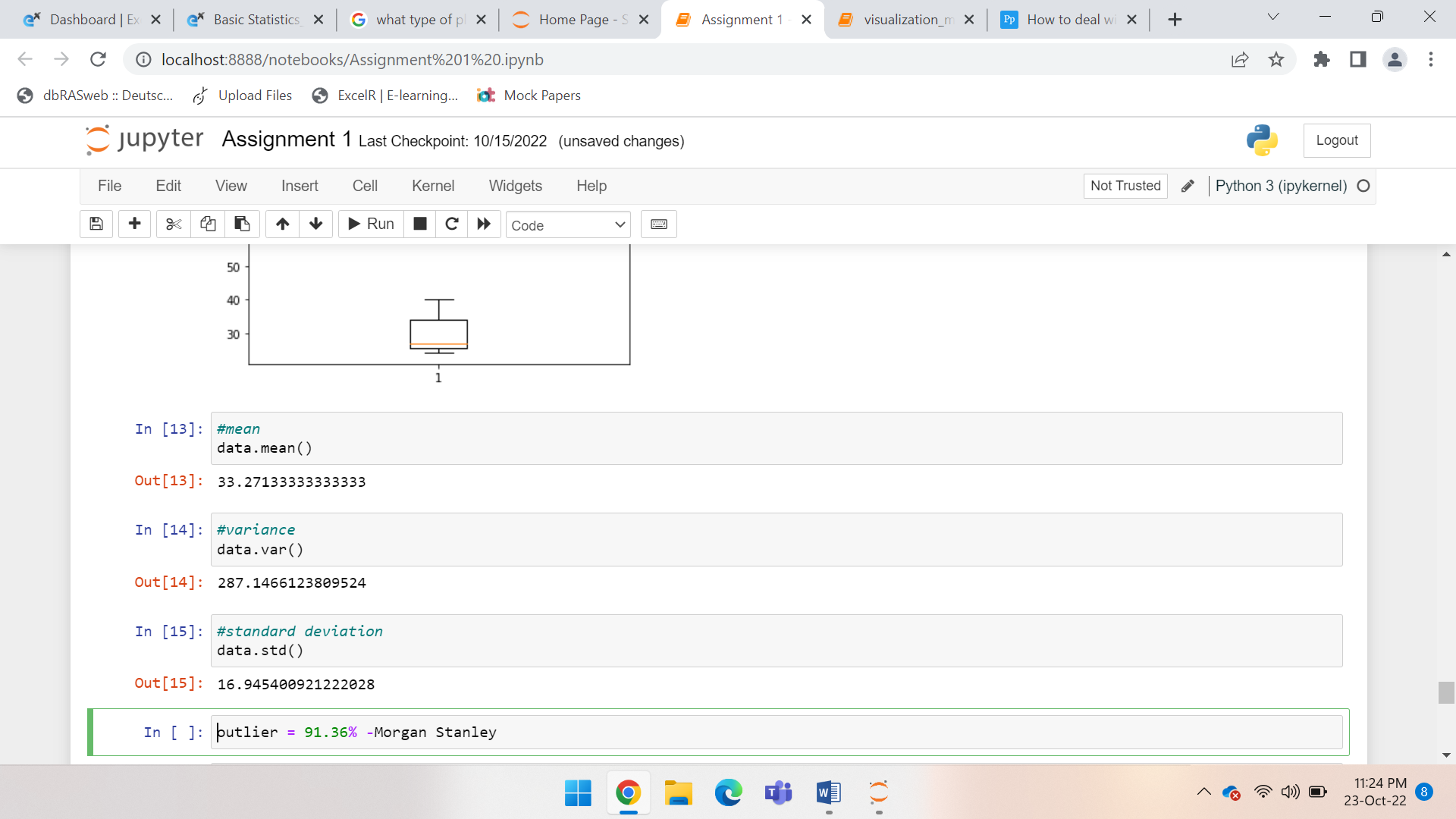
**Topics: Descriptive Statistics and Probability**

1. Look at the data given below. Plot the data, find the outliers and find out

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Name of company** | **Measure X** |
| Allied Signal | 24.23% |
| Bankers Trust | 25.53% |
| General Mills | 25.41% |
| ITT Industries | 24.14% |
| J.P.Morgan & Co. | 29.62% |
| Lehman Brothers | 28.25% |
| Marriott | 25.81% |
| MCI | 24.39% |
| Merrill Lynch | 40.26% |
| Microsoft | 32.95% |
| Morgan Stanley | 91.36% |
| Sun Microsystems | 25.99% |
| Travelers | 39.42% |
| US Airways | 26.71% |
| Warner-Lambert | 35.00% |
|  |  |

**ANS :** 





Answer the following three questions based on the box-plot above.

1. What is inter-quartile range of this dataset? (please approximate the numbers) In one line, explain what this value implies.

**ANS :**

IQR= Q3-Q1/2

* First we find the median of boxplot for upper quartile and lower quartile .

IQR = 12-5/2=7/2=3.5

1. What can we say about the skewness of this dataset?

**ANS:**  positive skewness . As the curve extends along the positive side of values

1. If it was found that the data point with the value 25 is actually 2.5, how would the new box-plot be affected?

**ANS:**  The mode of this approximately lie in between 4 - 8



Answer the following three questions based on the histogram above.

1. Where would the mode of this dataset lie?

**ANS:**  At the point of 7 as it is the peakest and that middle value is considered as mode.

1. Comment on the skewness of the dataset.

**ANS:**  Right skewed distribution

1. Suppose that the above histogram and the box-plot in question 2 are plotted for the same dataset. Explain how these graphs complement each other in providing information about any dataset.

**ANS:**  Both of them are right skewed . in boxplot median is clearly visible where as in histogram mode is clearly visible.

1. AT&T was running commercials in 1990 aimed at luring back customers who had switched to one of the other long-distance phone service providers. One such commercial shows a businessman trying to reach Phoenix and mistakenly getting Fiji, where a half-naked native on a beach responds incomprehensibly in Polynesian. When asked about this advertisement, AT&T admitted that the portrayed incident did not actually take place but added that this was an enactment of something that “could happen.” Suppose that one in 200 long-distance telephone calls is misdirected. What is the probability that at least one in five attempted telephone calls reaches the wrong number? (Assume independence of attempts.)

**ANS** : Probability of call misdirecting = 1/200

Probability of not misdirecting = 1-1/200= 199/200

probability that at least one in five attempted telephone calls reaches the wrong number = 5n=5p=1/200q=199/200

p(1) = (5c1)(1/200)^1(199/200)^5-1 p(1) = 0.0245

1. Returns on a certain business venture, to the nearest $1,000, are known to follow the following probability distribution

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| x | P(x) |
| -2,000 | 0.1 |
| -1,000 | 0.1 |
| 0 | 0.2 |
| 1000 | 0.2 |
| 2000 | 0.3 |
| 3000 | 0.1 |

1. What is the most likely monetary outcome of the business venture?

**ANS :**

The most likely monetary outcome is $2000 with probability of 0.3

1. Is the venture likely to be successful? Explain

**ANS :**

Probability of venture is = 0.8 that means 80% so venture is making profit and for thT THERE ARE 80% of chances

1. What is the long-term average earning of business ventures of this kind? Explain

**ANS :**  The returns will be $800+

1. What is the good measure of the risk involved in a venture of this kind? Compute this measure

**ANS :** var(x) = E(x^2)-(e(x))^2 = 2160000