

Library Management System

Scenario

Design a Library Management System (LMS) that helps librarians and members manage books and transactions efficiently. The system should include the following functionalities:

1. Book Management:

- Librarians can add, update, or remove books with details like book ID, title, author, price, rack number, status (available/issued), edition, and purchase date.
- Use generalization to represent different types of books such as Journals, Magazines and Study Books.
- Both librarians and members can search for books by title, author, keywords, or ID. The system should display detailed book information, including real-time availability status.
- When books are issued or returned, the system updates the book's status accordingly. If a book is unavailable, it should suggest alternative books.

2. Member Management:

- Librarians can register new members by capturing details like member ID, name, contact information, membership date, and type (student, faculty, etc.).
- Use generalization to represent different types of members such as Student and Faculty.
- Members can log in to borrow books. The system verifies their credentials and tracks the number of books each member has borrowed, preventing further borrowing if they exceed their limit.
- Librarians can update or retrieve member information using member ID or other relevant details.

3. Transaction Management:

- Librarians can issue books to members, recording the transaction ID, member ID, book ID, issue date, and due date. The system updates the book's status to 'issued' and tracks the member's current borrowed books.
- When a book is returned, the system updates the book's status to 'available' and adjusts the member's borrowed count.
- If the book is returned late, the system automatically calculates overdue fines and generates a bill.
- All transactions (book issues, returns, and fines) are recorded and can be retrieved as needed. Authorized users can delete transaction records when necessary.

4. Billing Management:

- The system generates bills for overdue fines, including details like bill number, date, member ID, and amount.
- Members can pay their fines, and the system updates the bill status to reflect payment.

UML Diagrams with plantUML codes

1) Class Diagram

PlantUML code:

@startuml

```
class Book {  
    - bookID: int  
    - title: string  
    - author: string  
    - price: float  
    - rackNumber: int  
    - status: string  
    - edition: string  
    - purchaseDate: date  
}
```

```
class Journal  
class Magazine  
class StudyBook
```

```
Book <|-- Journal  
Book <|-- Magazine  
Book <|-- StudyBook
```

```
class Member {  
    - memberID: int  
    - name: string  
    - contactInfo: string  
    - membershipDate: date  
    # getBooksBorrowed(): int  
}
```

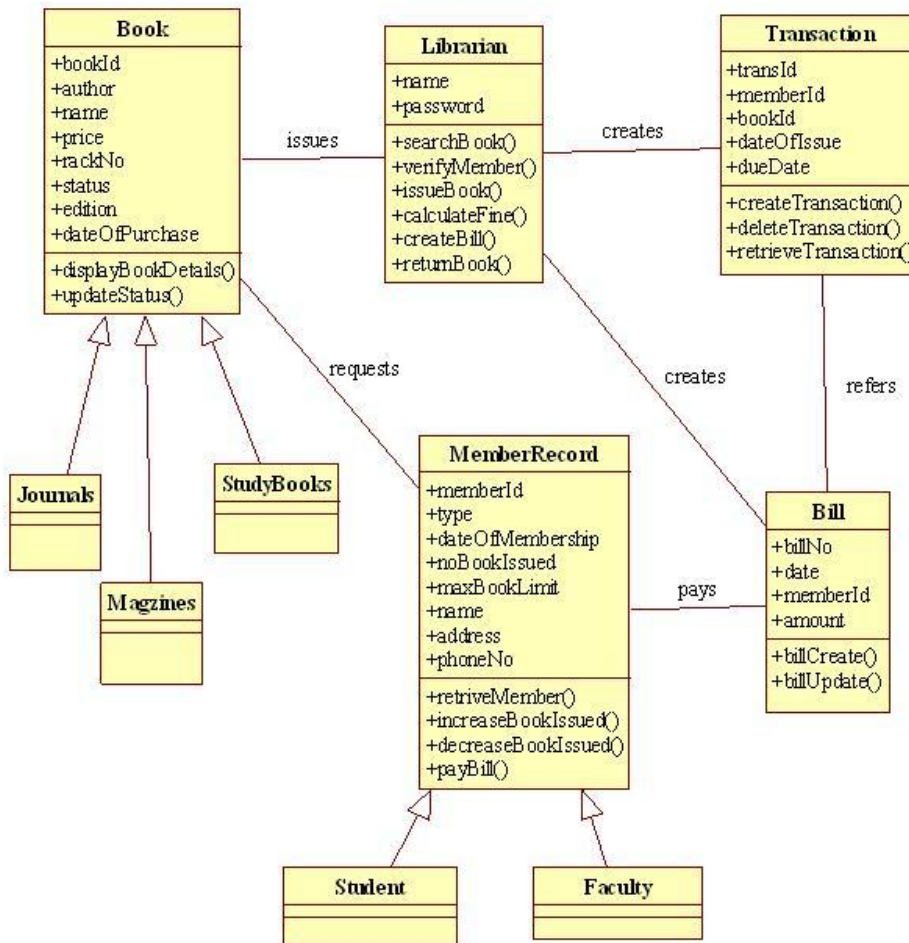
```
class Student  
class Faculty
```

```
Member <|-- Student  
Member <|-- Faculty
```

```
Book "1" -- "*" Member : Currently Borrowed
```

@enduml

Diagram:



2) Sequence Diagram

PlantUML code:

@startuml

participant Librarian

participant Member

participant Book

Librarian -> Book: Add Book

Book --> Librarian: Book Added

Member -> Book: Issue Book

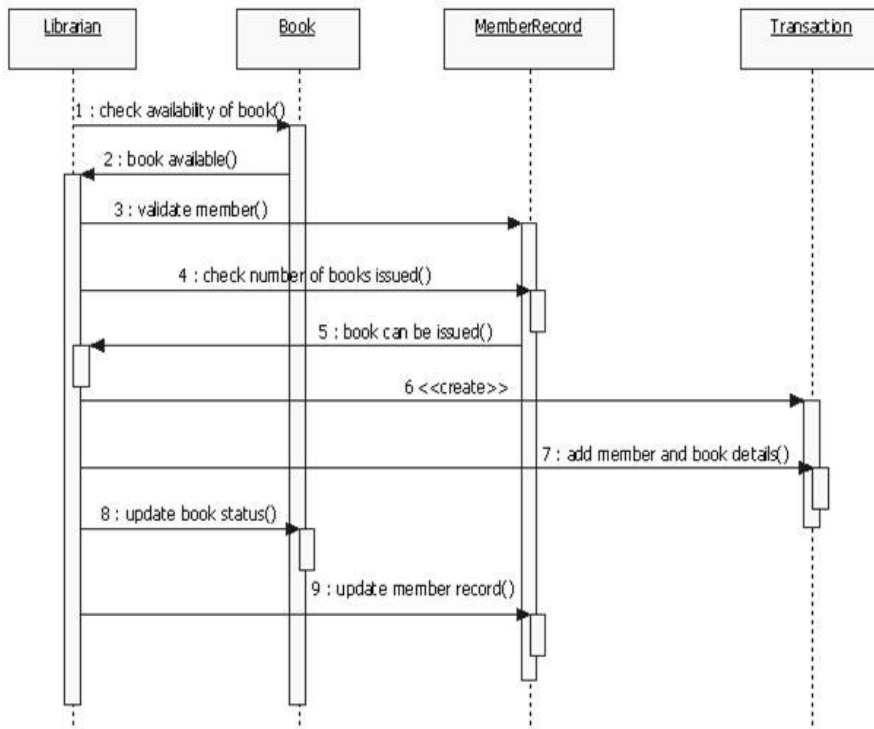
Book --> Member: Book Issued

Book -> Member: Return Book

Member --> Book: Book Returned

@enduml

Diagram:



3) Use Case Diagram

PlantUML code:

@startuml

actor Librarian as L
actor Member as M

```
rectangle LibraryManagementSystem {  
    usecase "Add Book"  
    usecase "Update Book"  
    usecase "Remove Book"  
    usecase "Search Book"  
    usecase "Issue Book"  
    usecase "Return Book"  
    usecase "Generate Bill"  
    usecase "Register Member"  
    usecase "Update Member"  
    usecase "Search Member"  
}
```

L -- (Add Book)
L -- (Update Book)
L -- (Remove Book)

L -- (Search Book)
L -- (Issue Book)
L -- (Return Book)
L -- (Generate Bill)
L -- (Register Member)
L -- (Update Member)
L -- (Search Member)

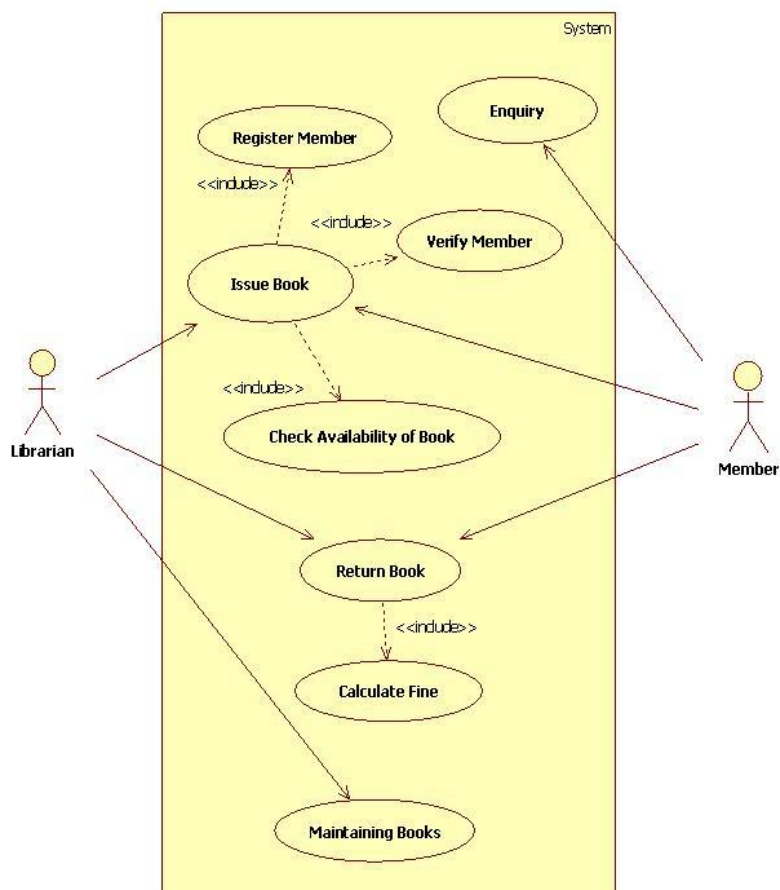
M -- (Search Book)
M -- (Issue Book)
M -- (Return Book)

Librarian --> LibraryManagementSystem

Member --> LibraryManagementSystem

@enduml

Diagram:



4) Activity Diagram

PlantUML code:

@startuml

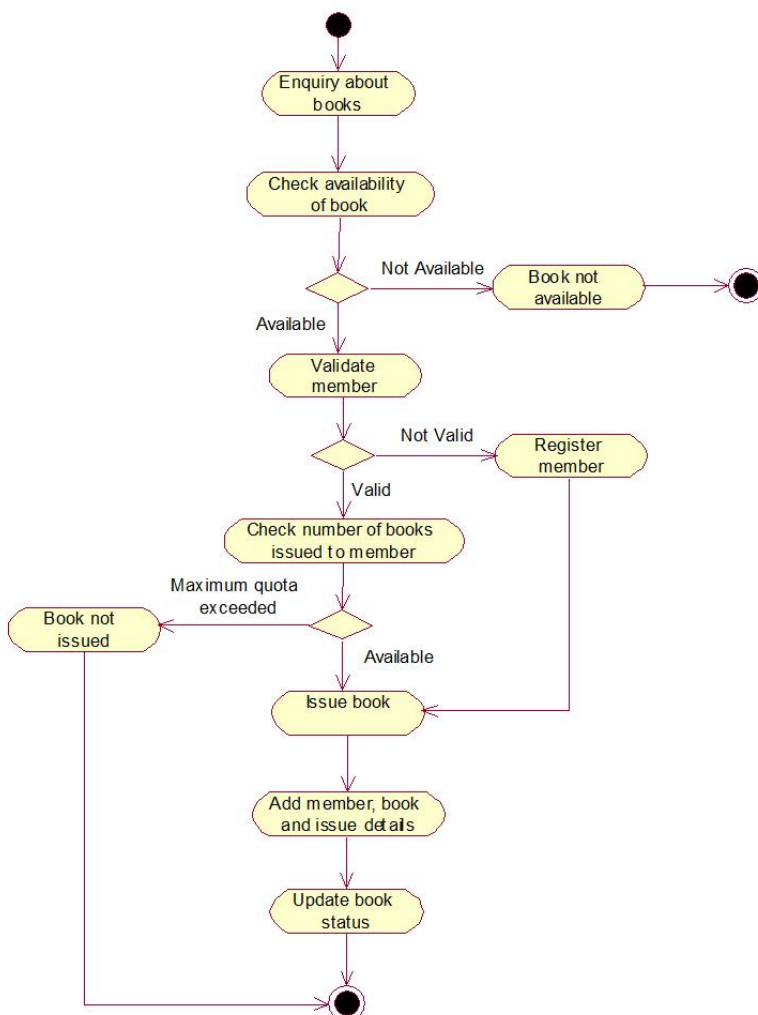
start

```
:Search Book;  
if (Book Found?) then (Yes)  
  :Issue Book;  
  :Generate Transaction Record;  
else (No)  
  :Display Alternatives;  
endif
```

```
:Return Book;  
if (Returned Late?) then (Yes)  
  :Generate Bill;  
else (No)  
  :Update Book Status;  
endif
```

stop
@enduml

Diagram:



5) State Diagram

PlantUML code:

```
@startuml
```

```
[*] --> Available
```

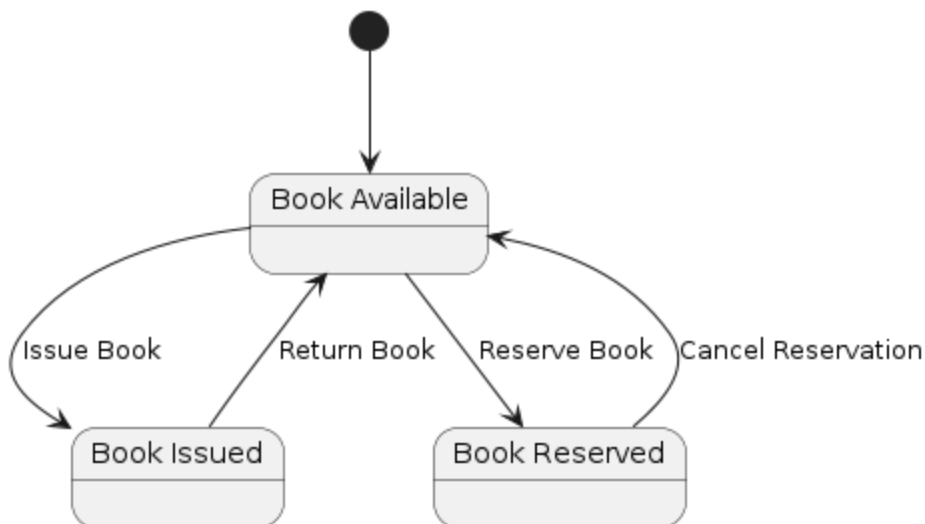
```
state Available {  
    [*] --> InStock  
    InStock --> Issued: Issue  
}
```

```
state Issued {  
    Issued --> Returned: Return  
}
```

```
state Returned {  
    Returned --> Available  
}
```

```
@enduml
```

Diagram:



6) Collaboration Diagram

PlantUML code:

```
@startuml
```

```
object Librarian  
object Member  
object Book
```

Librarian -> Book: Add Book
Book -> Librarian: Book Added

Member -> Book: Issue Book
Book -> Member: Book Issued
Member -> Book: Return Book
Book -> Member: Book Returned

@enduml

Diagram:

