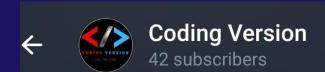
C LANGUAGE LECTURE-5

NOTES INFORMATION

ALL VIDEOS HAVE
SEPARATE NOTES, WHICH
ARE ON THE TELEGRAM
CHANNEL.

TELEGRAM CHANNEL LINK
IN THE DESCRIPTION





WE DISCUSS IN THIS VIDEO

Pre-processors

Macros

Header Files

01

02

)3

01 PRE-PROCESSORS

PRE-PROCESSORS

- It is used in preprocessing.
- Preprocessing is the process before compilation process.
- It is not a part of the C compiler.
- All preprocessor commands starts with a hash symbol (#).

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define PI 3.14
int main(){
           printf("Hello\n");
return 0;
```

02 MACROS

MACROS

- Macro is a segment of code which is replaced by the value of macro.
- □ They are defined by #define.
- ☐ There are two types of macros:
- Object-like macros
- Function-like macros

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define PI 3.14
#define MIN(a,b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))
int main(){
           printf("Hello\n");
return 0;
```

03 HEADER FILES

HEADER FILES

- A header file is a source file that has extension .h.
- > It contains the function prototypes and function declaration.
- There are two types of header files:-
- System defined header files
- User defined header files

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "file.h"
#include <file.h>
int main(){
           printf("Hello\n");
return 0;
```