



HUL315: ECONOMETRICS METHODS

Assignment 2

Indian Institute of Technology Delhi
Maximum Marks: 10 Marks

Instructions:

1. Deadline for submission is **January 28, 2024**.
2. You need to upload your assignment on Moodle in the following format (Name_Entry Number).
3. Assignments have to be submitted only in PDF generated using LaTeX.

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1. The t-distribution with r degrees of freedom can be defined as the ratio of two independent random variables. The numerator being a $N(0, 1)$ random variable and the denominator being the square-root of a χ^2 random variable divided by its degrees of freedom. The t-distribution is a symmetric distribution like the Normal distribution but with fatter tails. As $r \rightarrow \infty$, the t-distribution approaches the Normal distribution. [5 Marks]
 - a) Verify that if X_1, \dots, X_n are a random sample drawn from a $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ distribution, then $z = (\bar{X} - \mu)/(\sigma/\sqrt{n})$ is $N(0, 1)$.
 - b) Use the fact that $(n-1)s^2/\sigma^2 \sim \chi_{n-1}^2$ to show that $t = z/\sqrt{s^2/\sigma^2} = (\bar{X} - \mu)/(s/\sqrt{n})$ has a t-distribution with $(n-1)$ degrees of freedom.
 - c) For $n = 16$, $\bar{x} = 20$ and $s^2 = 4$, construct a 95% confidence interval for μ .
 2. Let \bar{Y} denote the sample average from a random sample with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Consider two alternative estimators of μ : $W_1 = [(n-1)/n]\bar{Y}$ and $W_2 = \bar{Y}/2$. [3 Marks]
 - a) Show that W_1 and W_2 are both biased estimators of μ and find the biases. What happens to the biases as $n \rightarrow \infty$?
 - b) Find the probability limits of W_1 and W_2 . Which estimator is consistent?
 3. Suppose that you have two independent unbiased estimators of the same parameter α , say \hat{a}_1 and \hat{a}_2 , with different standard deviations σ_1 and σ_2 . What linear combination of \hat{a}_1 and \hat{a}_2 is the minimum variance unbiased estimator of α ? [2 Marks]