NOTEBOOK

2023

Belongs to:



Before Contacting a Lawyer

	Do some research on your situation
	Try to speak with friends or family that have been in a similar situation
	Research different options (mediation, counselling, coaching)
	Research lawyers in your area to find your best match
	Determine how much an iniitial consultation would cost
	Organize documents you think may be useful to your situation
	Write down all of your questions for your lawyer
Notes:	

Choosing a Lawyer

	Research lawyers in your area that work with family law
	If you are comfortable, discuss with your friends or family on lawyers they may recommend
	Look into lawyers credentials and accomplishments
	If you have more specific issues try to look for lawyers that note a specialty (ex: separating when farming income and property is at issue or businesses are involved)
	Consider what your budget is and do not be afraid to have several consultations to find the best lawyer for you
	Consider how the lawyers communicate (email, text, in person) and which is your preferred method
	Write down all of your questions and concerns you will want addressed at your consultation
Notes:	

How to Prepare for a Prenuptial Agreement

	Establish when you will become spouses by law (i.e. date of marriage, date common law commences)
	Speak with your spouse about getting an Agreement
	Research lawyers in your area that you both agree on to draft the agreement
	Decide which lawyers will provide each of you indepdent
	Find out how much an initial consultation will cost
	Organize documents that may be relevant (i.e valuations of property, pet documentation)
	Write down all the questions you want answered
Notes:	

Evaluating My Legal Health

I know what I am entitled to
I know what I am responsible for
I know my options and their consequences
I have a Plan B (and maybe even a Plan C)
I am prepared to deal with prolonged settlement discussions - both financially and emotionally
I am organized and my documents are in order
I do not have any other questions or concerns - I am satisfied I know enough about my situation to make an informed decision
I am not losing sleep at night as a result of the "unknown" at least in terms of my legal position, rights, responsibilities, or entitlements
Notes:

Leaving an Abusive Relationship

	Try to speak with friends or family who have been in a similar situation
	Reach out to resources for help (i.e. shelter, police, support groups, counselling)
	Develop a safety plan (where will you go? how will you get out? who can you trust?)
	Create new accounts (email, bank, etc.)
	Change passwords
	Write down all of the question you want answered
	Figure out a parenting plan (how will you keep them safe?)
	Block communication with abusive partner
	Ensure adequate finances or accommodation for the immediate future
Notes:	

Separating Without Court

	Look into options such as mediation, arbitration, parenting coordinators, and collaborative family law
	Mediation: an independent mediator can help parties dicuss their issues and help with solutions
	Arbitration: an arbitrator can help parties resolve issues using mediation but making binding decisions where resolution is not possible
	Collaborative family law: both parties and their lawyers can commit to resolving issues without court through mediation
	Parenting coordinator: a child-focused, out of court dispute resolution process
	Determine if any of these options suit your suituation
	Consider: can you and you ex communicate civilly? Do you both put your children's needs first? Is there a power imbalance? Is there physical abuse?
Notes:	

Responding to a Court Application page 1

	Carefully review all documents served on you
	Consider consulting a legal professional
	Write detailed responses to each paragraph from the served documents
	Review and refine responses (exclude speculation, verbal attacks, profanity, argument, and hearsay)
	Consider any third party evidence that may be relevant. Collect statements from people you may wish to include as witnesses
	Communicate with opposing party or lawyer respecting timelines for filing materials
	Organize any documents you think may be relevant and useful exhibits
	Draft statements in the form of an Affidavit
	Review affidavit drafts and make edits
Notes:	

Responding to a Court Application page 2

	Take affidavit to a Notary Public to swear
	Write down all questions you want answered
	Serve (on opposing party or lawyer) and file (with the court) all materials you intend to rely on
	Prepare your argument well in advance
	Include a response position to the opposing party's arguments
	Consider filing a brief of law summarizing your argument or any other necessary materials prior to the hearing
Notes:	

Separating from my Partner

	Try to speak with family or friends if they have been in a similar situation
	Reach out to resources for help (ie: support groups, counselling, etc)
	Develop a Plan
	Create new accounts (email, bank, etc)
	Change passwords - consider the possibility that your partner may have used surveillance tools to track private information and passwords
	Write down all questions you want answered - separate legal and non-legal questions
	Figure out parenting plan - consider what their schedule will be and how to maintain stability
	Ensure adequate finances or accommodation for the immediate future
	Research and choose method of communication with opposing party that you can control (ie: separate and new email address, Our Family Wizard)
Notes:	

Mediation

	Try to speak with family or friends if they have been in a similar situation
	Reach out to resources for help (ie: support groups, counselling, etc)
	Develop a Plan
	Review and refine responses (exclude speculation, verbal attacks, profanity, argument, and hearsay)
	Consider any third party evidence that may be relevant. Collect statements from people you may wish to include as witnesses
	Serve (on opposing party or lawyer) and file (with the court) all materials you intend to rely on
	Figure out a parenting plan (how will you keep them safe?)
	Block communication with abusive partner
	Ensure adequate finances or accommodation for the immediate future
Notes:	

Separating from my Common Law Partner

	Determine if you are in a common law relationship. A common law relationship means you have been living together for 2 or more years
	Research the legal definition for common law in your province - each have different rights
	Make a list of potential shared property between you and your common law partner
	Make a list of pensions, bank accounts, and debts
	If you have a written agreement with your spouse, consider reviewing it with a lawyer to understand your rights
	If the relationship ended due to the death of your partner property rights may still be triggered
Notes:	

Special & Extraordinary Expenses

	Determine if your child(ren) have any special and extraordinary expenses
	These are expenses above the basic expenses for food, clothing, and housing
	Do you have costs for childcare? Determine the year amount with receipts to support
	Do you have costs for your child(ren)'s medical or dental insurance premiums?
	Do you have costs for your child(ren)'s extra educational expenses?
	Do you have costs for your child(ren)'s post-secondary education?
	Do you have costs for your child(ren)'s extracurricular activities?
	Determine the yearly amount with receipts to support the total
	Keep in mind that the expenses must be reasonable and consider each parent's income when considering extraordinary expenses
Notes:	

Spousal Support

	Do you have a spousal support entitlement or obligations?
	Determine if you, or your spouse, cannot maintain a reasonable standard of living on their own
	Spousal support can last through a transition period or can be indefinite depening on the situation
	Tax is usually applied to support payments unless paid in a lump sum - the payor gets a tax deduction on support payments
	If unmarried, determine if your relationship qualifies for spousal support
	Determine when you need to make a spousal support claim
	Entitlement is determined based on length of relationship, roles of spouses, having children, income disadvantages or advantages
	Keep note that if your circumstances change support amounts may be able to be adjusted
Notes:	

Parenting after Separation

	Focus on your children's needs and make decisions with their best interests in mind
	Help your children keep a good relationship with both parents - even when it is hard at first
	Make clear parenting plans ahead of time to avoid conflict
	Research information on resources for your family during transition
	Protect yourself and your children if you are at risk of an abusive situation
	Protect your finances - spend wisely to save money for your children's future
	Consider your children's interests and wishes when making decisions
	Consider counselling to ensure you remain a stable and healthy parent
	Try to maintain stability in the children's lives during the transition period
Notes:	

Dealing with Debt

	Create a list of all debts with amounts owing
	Consider negotiating payment plans with creditors
	Consider applying for a consolidation order
	Consider making a consumer proposal
	Research insolvency trustees, insolvency lawyers, and credit counsellors to find a good fit for your finances
	Get in writing any negotiation settlements regarding debts
	If applicable, consider declaring bankruptcy
Notes:	

Legally Changing My Name

	You do not need to apply for a legal name change if you: get married, get divorced, or are widowed
	If you want to update your banking information, SGI, or CRA accounts contact eHealth Sask
	Get a Criminal Record Check
	Have a copy of your marriage certificate (if applicable) ready to provide
	If common-law, file a declaration with eHealth Sask to change last name
Notes:	

Legally Changing My Child's Name

	If your child is between the ages of 14-18 they must give written permission for a new change
	Obtain written consent from any other person who shares legal custody of the child
	If you cannot obtain written consent from another person that shares legal custody over the child, considering contacting a lawyer
	Consider submitting an Order through the Court to dispense the required consent
Notes:	

Moving with my Child

	If you have a court order under the Divorce Act you must give notice of your plan to move
	Give notice to: any person with parenting responsibilities and any person with contact under a contact order
	Determine if this is a move or a relocation
	For a move inform others of: date of move, new address, and new contact information
	For a relocation you must: give at least 60 days notice and provide a Notice of Relocation - this must be done even if you are not moving with the child
	If you are scared for your child's safety you can apply to the court for a change to the notice rules - you will need evidence of family violence (911 calls, police reports, photos)
	Things to consider when wanting to relocate - best interests of the child impact of relocation on the child parenting time and involvement withh bnoth parents compliance with court order, agreement, parenting arrangement could the move wait? if you do move, can the parenting time be made up through other days? (summer, holidays, etc)

Notes:

Travelling with a Child

	Ensure child(ren) have current passport and that non-accompanying parents have a copy
	Put printed identification in child(ren)'s pocket in case of separation
F	Have recent digital photographs of the child(ren)
	Have a Travel Consent notarized and signed by non-accompanying parent
	Consult with airline and destination country's embassy whether further documents are required
t	Complete the above if child is travelling alone - ensure hey have an airline escort and check for airline age estrictions
С	f you anticipate issues getting consent to travel with the child(ren) consult with a family lawyer well in advance of ravel plans
	Note that, without consent, you could be accused of child abduction and face serious consequences
Notes:	

Helping Children Cope with Separation

	Tell your child(ren) about your separation in words they can understand
	Do not argue or discuss upsetting aspects of the separation in front of the child(ren)
	Remind the children they are not the reason for the separation and that they are not at fault
	Do not wait until the last moment to tell the child(ren)
	Do not talk poorly about or blame the other parent
	Do not make hasty promises or give false hope of reconciliation
	Encourage the child(ren) to ask questions and listen to what they have to say
	Speak with people involved in the child(ren)'s life about the transition - coaches, teachers, daycare workers, and other careworkers
Notes:	

Dealing with Property

	Create an inventory list for your household items
	Create an inventory list of vehicles, boats, and trailers
	Create an inventory of any jewelry, antiques, collectibles, and hobby equipment
	Create a list of any real property or businesses
	Create a list of bank accounts and TFSAs with account numbers
	Create a list of pensions, RRSPs, and RESPs with account numbers
	Create a list of all debts (including mortgage, lines of credit, and credit cards)
	Determine if you have any exempt property (this may include things owned prior to the relationship or bought after the relationship ended)
	Give your property an estimated resale value (use sites like Kijiji & Facebook Marketplace to determine resale values)
Notes:	

Mind

difficult	through a family law matter can be a challenging and time. It is paramount to take care of yourself to help ope during this transition. Here are some things you might want to consider:
	Counselling - some places we love: Penney Murphy, Adam Lorenz Psychology, BetterHelp (online services)
	Relaxation practices - mindfullness, meditation, deep breathing exercises
	Engage in work that makes you feel purposeful
	Consider volunteer work - some places we love: Friendship Inn, Saskatoon Food Bank, SPCA, EGADZ
	Consider buying a journal to write out your feelings - try to write one positive thing each day - things we love: 5 Minute Journal
	Go outside! Ensure you prioritize fresh air and sunshine
Notes:	

Body

Going through a family law matter can be a challenging and difficult time. It is paramount to take care of yourself to help you cope during this transition. Here are some things you might want to consider:

	Don't skimp on sleep
	Eat a brain-healthy diet - if you find yourself unable to maintain a regular eating schedule consider meal services such as: HelloFresh, Chef's Plate, Goodfood
	Consider trying a new workout class - places we love: Lifecycle Spin Studio, Local Barre, Peak Climb, Saskatoon Loves Pilates
	Consider joining a gym to use as an outlet - places we love: Motion Fitness
	Reduce screen time - consider getting a screen time manager or putting your phone on Do Not Disturb
	Ensure you are drinking enough water - consider getting a water tracking app
Notes:	

Spirit

Going through a family law matter can be a challenging and difficult time. It is paramount to take care of yourself to help you cope during this transition. Here are some things you might want to consider:

	Clean your spaces and open the windows
	Read an uplifting novel
	Take charge of your schedule - make time for friends and family
	Get something done that you've been procrastinating
	Try a DIY project
	Watch the sunrise or sunset
	Don't beat yourself up for having a hard time
Notes:	

Evolve Family Law

www.evolvelaw.ca