

PHP -IF STATEMENTS

PHP Conditional Statements

Very often when you write code, you want to perform different actions for different conditions. You can use conditional statements in your code to do this.

In PHP we have the following conditional statements:

- **if** statement - executes some code if one condition is true
- **if...else** statement - executes some code if a condition is true and another code if that condition is false
- **if...elseif...else** statement - executes different codes for more than two conditions
- **switch** statement - selects one of many blocks of code to be executed

PHP - The if Statement

The **if** statement executes some code if one condition is true.

Syntax

```
if (condition) {  
  
    // code to be executed if condition is true;  
  
}
```

Example

Output "Have a good day!" if 5 is larger than 3:

```
if (5 > 3) {  
  
    echo "Have a good day!";  
  
}
```

```
}
```

We can also use variables in the **if** statement:

Example

Output "Have a good day!" if **\$t** is less than 20:

```
$t = 14;

if ($t < 20) {
    echo "Have a good day!";
}
```

Comparison Operators

If statements usually contain conditions that compare two values.

Example

Check if **\$t** is equal to 14:

```
$t = 14;

if ($t == 14) {
    echo "Have a good day!";
}
```

Logical Operators

To check more than one condition, we can use logical operators, like the **&&** operator:

Example

Check if `$a` is greater than `$b`, AND if `$a` is less than `$c`:

```
$a = 200;  
$b = 33;  
$c = 500;  
  
if ( $a > $b && $c < $a ) {  
    echo "Both conditions are true";  
}
```

PHP - The if...else Statement

The `if...else` statement executes some code if a condition is true and another code if that condition is false.

Syntax

```
if (condition) {  
    // code to be executed if condition is true;  
} else {  
    // code to be executed if condition is false;  
}
```

Example

Output "Have a good day!" if the current time is less than 20, and "Have a good night!" otherwise:

```
$t = date("H");
```

```
if ($t < "20") {  
    echo "Have a good day!";  
} else {  
    echo "Have a good night!";  
}
```

PHP - The if...elseif...else Statement

Short Hand If

To write shorter code, you can write **if** statements on one line.

Example

One-line **if** statement:

```
$a = 5;  
  
if ($a < 10) $b = "Hello";  
  
echo $b
```

Short Hand If...Else

if...else statements can also be written in one line, but the syntax is a bit different.

Example

One-line **if...else** statement:

```
$a = 13;
```

```
$b = $a < 10 ? "Hello" : "Good Bye";
```

```
echo $b;
```

Nested If

You can have **if** statements inside **if** statements, this is called *nested if* statements.

Example

An **if** inside an **if**:

```
$a = 13;
```

```
if ($a > 10) {  
    echo "Above 10";  
    if ($a > 20) {  
        echo " and also above 20";  
    } else {  
        echo " but not above 20";  
    }  
}
```

Certainly! Here are a few random examples of if statements in C:

Example 1: Checking if a Number is Positive, Negative, or Zero

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int num;
```

```
    printf("Enter an integer: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &num);
```

```
    if (num > 0) {
```

```
        printf("%d is positive.\n", num);
```

```
    } else if (num < 0) {
```

```
        printf("%d is negative.\n", num);
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        printf("The number is zero.\n");
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Example 2: Checking if a Year is a Leap Year

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
int year;
```

```
printf("Enter a year: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &year);
```

```
if ((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0)) {
```

```
    printf("%d is a leap year.\n", year);
```

```
} else {
```

```
    printf("%d is not a leap year.\n", year);
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Example 3: Determining the Largest among Three Numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int num1, num2, num3;
```

```
    printf("Enter three numbers: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d %d", &num1, &num2, &num3);
```

```
    if (num1 >= num2 && num1 >= num3) {
```

```
        printf("%d is the largest.\n", num1);
```

```
    } else if (num2 >= num1 && num2 >= num3) {
```

```
printf("%d is the largest.\n", num2);
```

```
} else {
```

```
printf("%d is the largest.\n", num3);
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

These examples showcase different scenarios where if statements are used to make decisions based on conditions. Feel free to modify and experiment with these examples to further understand how if statements work in C.