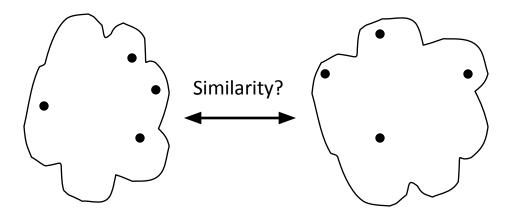
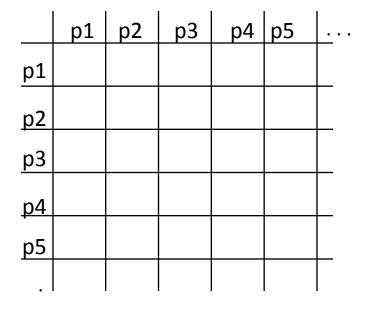
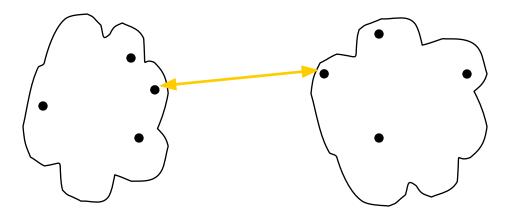
# Pattern Recognition

- S. S. Samant



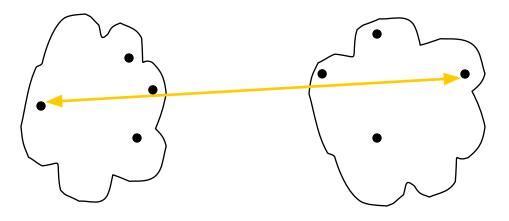


- MIN
- MAX
- Group Average
- Distance Between Centroids



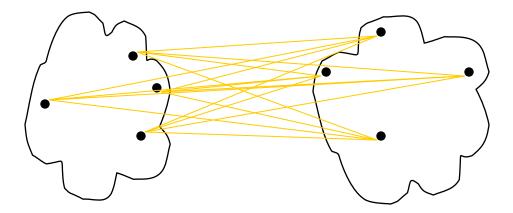
	p1	p2	рЗ	р4	p5	<u> </u>
<u>p1</u>						
<u>p2</u>						
<u>p2</u> <u>p3</u>						_
						_
<u>p4</u> <u>p5</u>						

- MIN
- MAX
- Group Average
- Distance Between Centroids



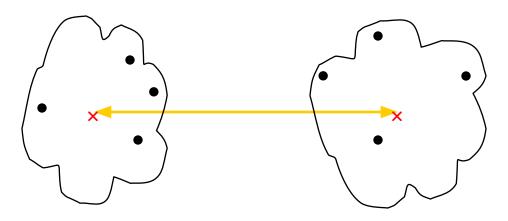
	p1	p2	рЗ	p4	р5	<u>.</u>
<b>p1</b>						
p2						
<u>p2</u> <u>p3</u>						
<u>p4</u> <u>p5</u>						

- MIN
- MAX
- Group Average
- Distance Between Centroids



	p1	p2	рЗ	p4	р5	<u>.</u>
<u>p1</u>						
<u>p2</u>						
<u>p2</u> <u>p3</u>						
<u>p4</u> p5						
•						

- MIN
- MAX
- Group Average
- Distance Between Centroids



	p1	p2	рЗ	p4	р5	<u>.</u>
<u>p1</u>						
<u>p2</u>						
<u>p2</u> <u>p3</u>						
<u>p4</u> p5						
•						

- MIN
- MAX
- Group Average
- Distance Between Centroids

### Cluster Similarity: MIN or Single Link

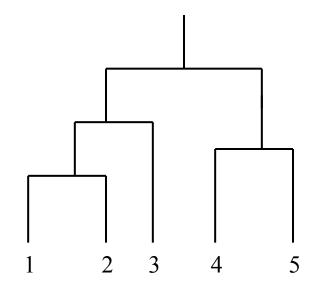
•Similarity of two clusters is based on the two closest points in the different clusters

-	<u> </u> 11	12	13	<b>14</b>	15
11	1.00 0.90 0.10 0.65 0.20	0.90	0.10	0.65	0.20
12	0.90	1.00	0.70	0.60	0.50
13	0.10	0.70	1.00	0.40	0.30
14	0.65	0.60	0.40	1.00	0.80
15	0.20	0.50	0.30	0.80	1.00

### Cluster Similarity: MIN or Single Link

•Similarity of two clusters is based on the two closest points in the different clusters

_	<b>I</b> 1	12	13	14	15
11	1.00	0.90	0.10	0.65	0.20 0.50 0.30 0.80 1.00
12	0.90	1.00	0.70	0.60	0.50
13	0.10	0.70	1.00	0.40	0.30
14	0.65	0.60	0.40	1.00	0.80
15	0.20	0.50	0.30	0.80	1.00



#### Cluster Similarity: MAX or Complete Linkage

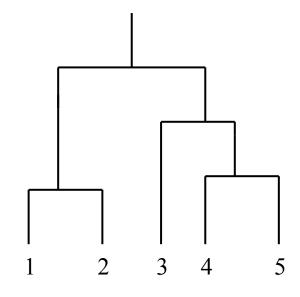
•Similarity of two clusters is based on the two farthest points in the different clusters

	<u> </u> 11	12	<b>I</b> 3	14	15
11	1.00 0.90 0.10 0.65 0.20	0.90	0.10	0.65	0.20
12	0.90	1.00	0.70	0.60	0.50
13	0.10	0.70	1.00	0.40	0.30
14	0.65	0.60	0.40	1.00	0.80
15	0.20	0.50	0.30	0.80	1.00

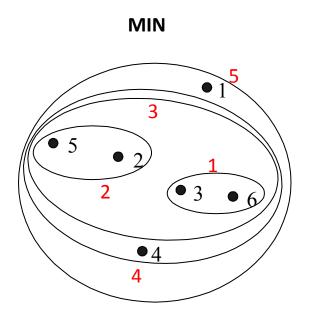
#### Cluster Similarity: MAX or Complete Linkage

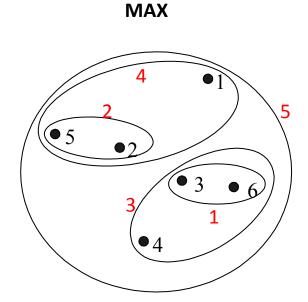
•Similarity of two clusters is based on the two farthest points in the different clusters

	<b>I</b> 1	12	13	14	<u> 15</u>
11	1.00 0.90 0.10 0.65 0.20	0.90	0.10	0.65	0.20
12	0.90	1.00	0.70	0.60	0.50
13	0.10	0.70	1.00	0.40	0.30
14	0.65	0.60	0.40	1.00	0.80
15	0.20	0.50	0.30	0.80	1.00



### Hierarchical Clustering: Comparison





### Examples

	p1	p2	р3	p4	<b>p</b> 5
p1	1.00	0.10	0.41	0.55	0.35
p2	0.10	1.00	0.64	0.47	0.98
p3	0.41	0.64	1.00	0.44	0.85
p4	0.55	0.47	0.44	1.00	0.76
p5	0.35	0.98	0.85	0.76	1.00

Given the data above, perform single link and complete link hierarchical clustering. Draw dendrogram of your results.

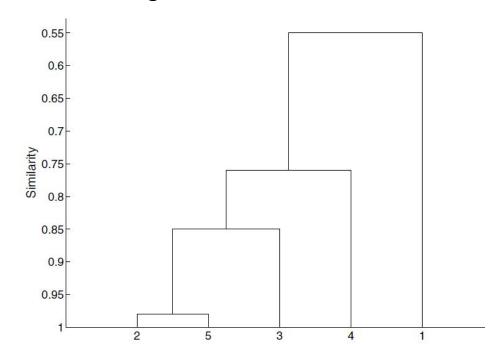
**Single Link:** 

### Examples

	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5
p1	1.00	0.10	0.41	0.55	0.35
p2	0.10	1.00	0.64	0.47	0.98
p3	0.41	0.64	1.00	0.44	0.85
p4	0.55	0.47	0.44	1.00	0.76
p5	0.35	0.98	0.85	0.76	1.00

Given the data above, perform single link and complete link hierarchical clustering. Draw dendrogram of your results.

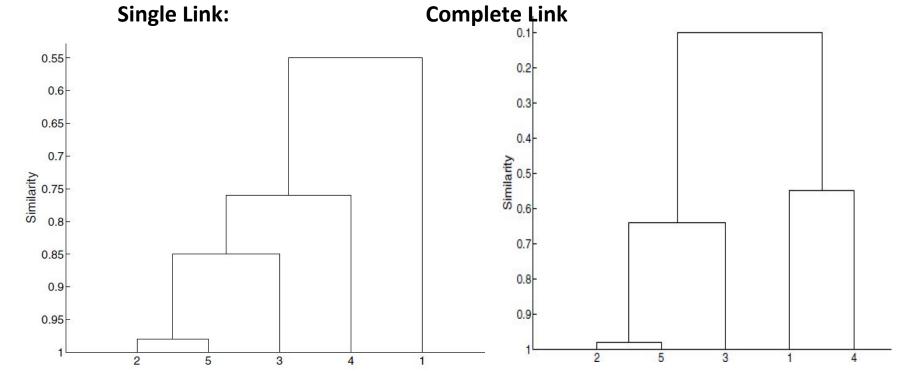
#### **Single Link:**



### Examples

	p1	p2	р3	p4	$p_5$
p1	1.00	0.10	0.41	0.55	0.35
p2	0.10	1.00	0.64	0.47	0.98
p3	0.41	0.64	1.00	0.44	0.85
p4	0.55	0.47	0.44	1.00	0.76
p5	0.35	0.98	0.85	0.76	1.00

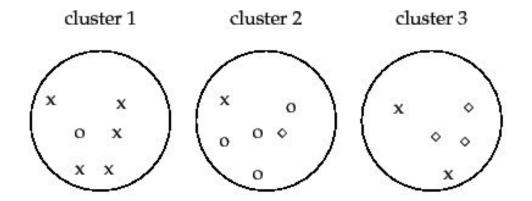
Given the data above, perform single link and complete link hierarchical clustering. Draw dendrogram of your results.



### Example - HAC on Iris dataset

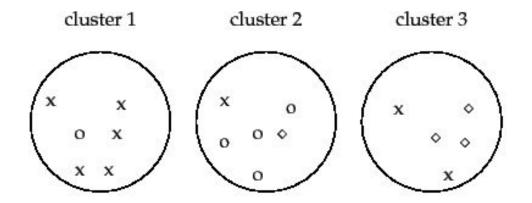
```
from sklearn import datasets
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
from sklearn import metrics
iris = datasets.load iris()
X = iris.data
y = iris.target
plt.scatter(X[:,0], X[:,1], c=y, cmap='rainbow', s=10)
plt.title('Actual',fontsize=15, fontweight='bold')
plt.xlabel('Sepal Length',fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('Petal Length',fontsize=15)
plt.figure()
cls = AgglomerativeClustering(n clusters = 3, linkage='average')
cls.fit(X)
hac labels = cls.labels
print (metrics.silhouette score(X, hac labels))
plt.scatter(X[:,0], X[:,1],c=hac labels, cmap='rainbow', s=10)
plt.xlabel('Sepal Length',fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('Petal Length',fontsize=15)
plt.title('Predicted clusters',fontsize=15, fontweight='bold')
```

## **External Evaluation - Purity**



What is the purity of the clustering?

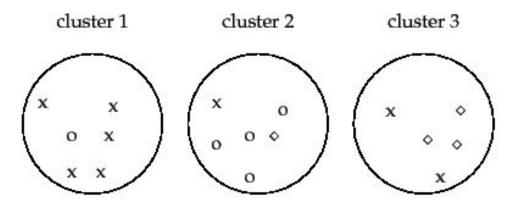
### **External Evaluation - Purity**



What is the purity of the clustering?

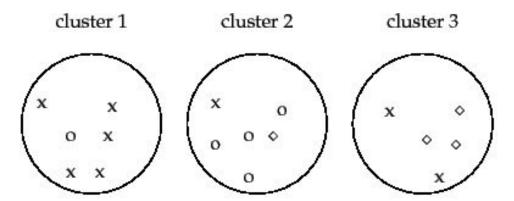
$$= (5+4+3)/17$$

$$= 0.71$$



- Look at the example in pairs
- If there are a N examples, then N(N-1)/2 pairs
- A good clustering assigns two similar examples to same cluster, and two dissimilar examples to different clusters. Everything else is bad!
- Let TP be the number of similar pairs assigned to the same cluster, TN be the number of dissimilar pairs assigned to different clusters, FP be the number of dissimilar pairs to same cluster, and FN be the no. of similar pairs assigned to different clusters

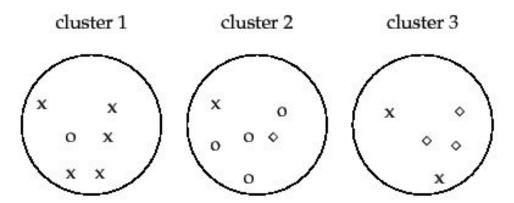
## Birla Institute of Applied Sciences विरला इंस्टिट्यूट ऑफ़ अप्लाइड साइंसेस



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$$RI = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + FP + FN + TN}$$

#### Birla Institute of Applied Sciences विरला इंस्टिट्यूट ऑफ़ अप्लाइड साइंसेस

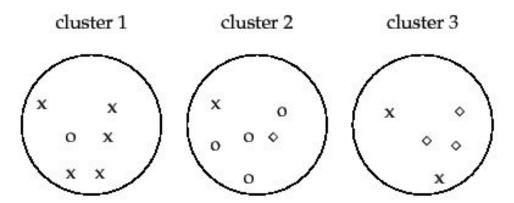


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$$RI = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + FP + FN + TN} \longrightarrow {}^{N}C_{2}$$

## Birla Institute of Applied Sciences बिरला इंस्टिट्यूट ऑफ़ अप्लाइड साइंसेस

#### External Evaluation – Rand Index

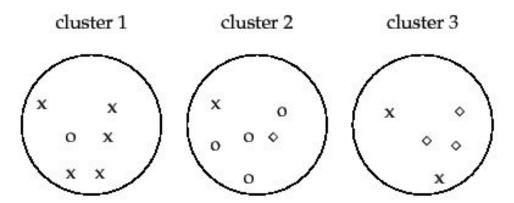


- Look at the example in pairs
- If there are a N examples, then N(N-1)/2 pairs
- A good clustering assigns two similar examples to same cluster, and two dissimilar examples to different clusters. Everything else is bad!
- Let TP be the number of similar pairs assigned to same cluster, TN be the number of dissimilar pairs assigned to different clusters, FP be the number of dissimilar pairs to same cluster, and FN be the no. of similar pairs assigned to different clusters

$$RI = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + FP + FN + TN}$$

Find TP, TN, FP, FN

### Birla Institute of Applied Sciences विरत्ता इंस्टिट्यूट ऑफ्र अप्लाइड साइंसेस



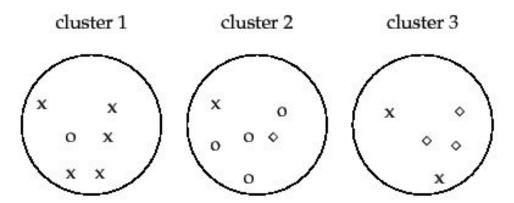
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	Same cluster	Diff. clusters
Same class	20	24
Diff. class	20	72

$$RI = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + FP + FN + TN}$$

### Birla Institute of Applied Sciences विरला इंस्टिट्यूट ऑफ़ अप्लाइड साइंसेस

#### External Evaluation – Rand Index



- Look at the example in pairs
- If there are a N examples, then N(N-1)/2 pairs
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	Same cluster	Diff. clusters
Same class	20	24
Diff. class	20	72

RI = 0.68

# Thank You!