

The background features a complex, abstract design. It consists of numerous thin, dark, curved lines that sweep across the frame, creating a sense of motion and depth. Interspersed among these lines are various numbers (0-9) in a light gray font, some of which are slightly blurred or faded, giving the impression of data points or a digital landscape. The overall color palette is monochromatic, using shades of gray and black on a light background.

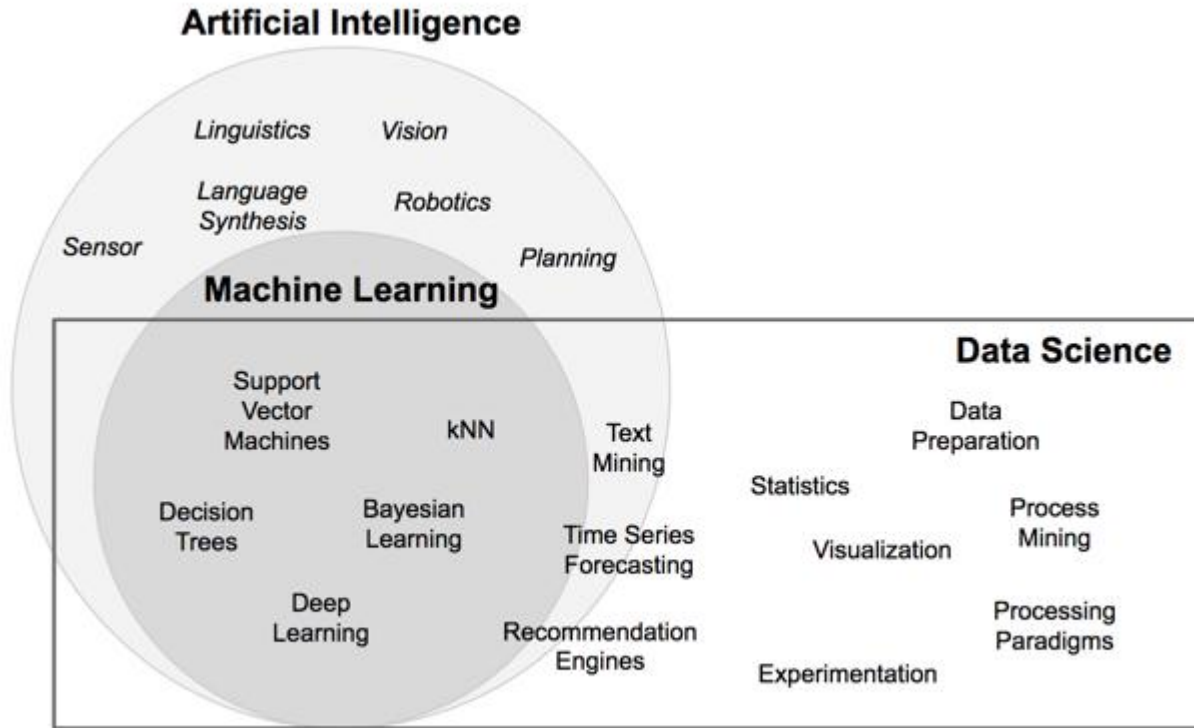
# Data Science: Introduction - CS133

TA: Saladi Pravallika, PhD, PMRF, IISc

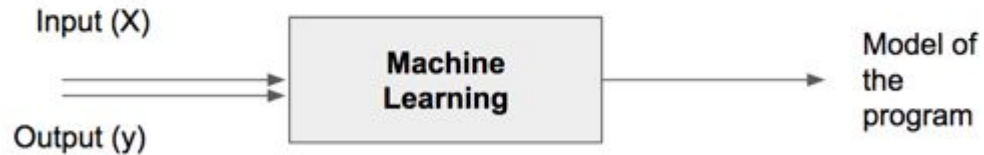
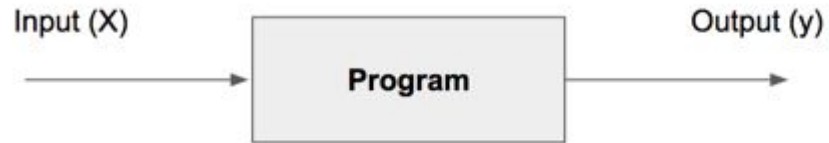
The background is a light gray grid with various numbers (0-9) scattered across it. Overlaid on this are several thick, dark gray, wavy lines that flow from the top left towards the bottom right, creating a sense of motion and complexity.

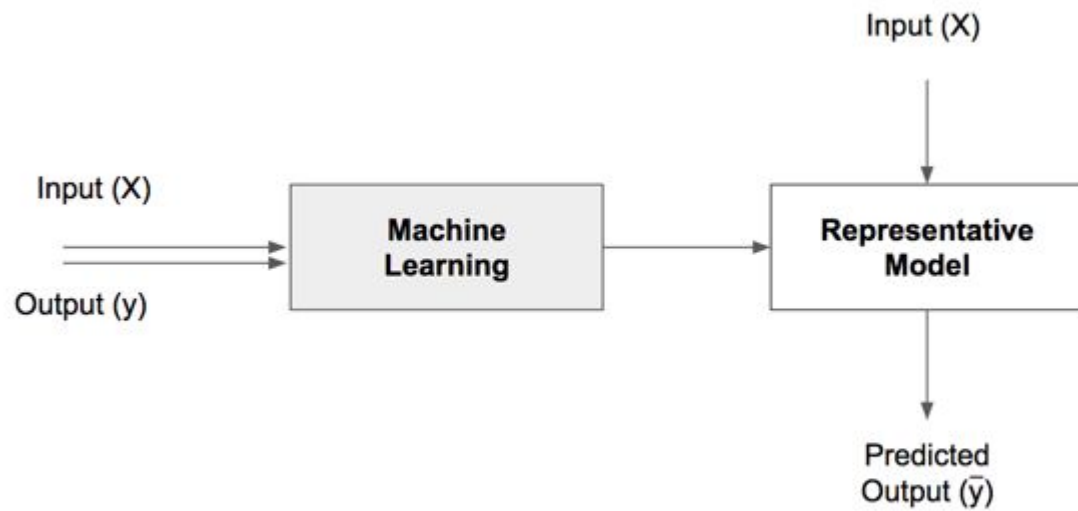
# 1. Introduction

# What is Data Science

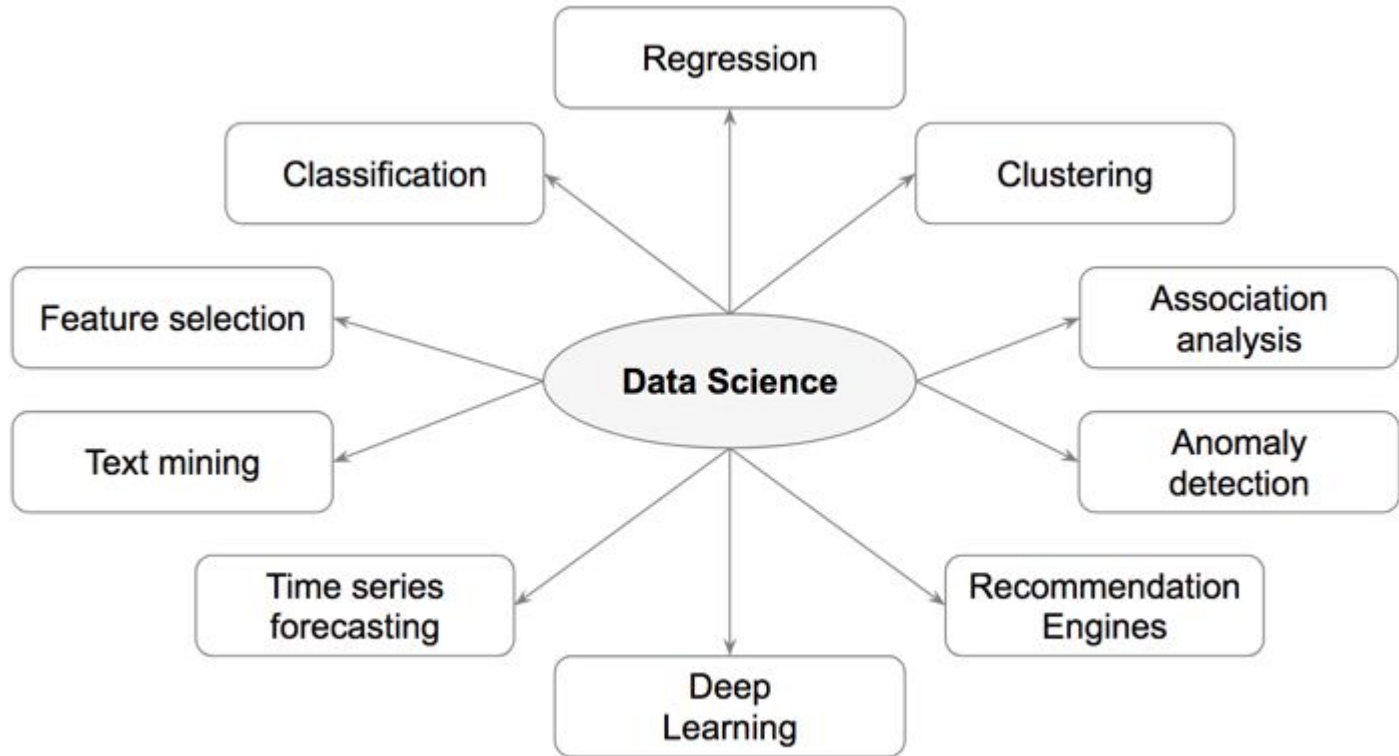


# Models





# Types of Data Science



Tasks	Description	Algorithms	Examples
Classification	Predict if a data point belongs to one of predefined classes. The prediction will be based on learning from known data set.	Decision Trees, Neural networks, Bayesian models, Induction rules, K nearest neighbors	classifying votes among 3 parties.
Regression	Predict the numeric target label of a data point. The prediction will be based on learning from known data set.	Linear regression, Logistic regression	Predicting unemployment rate for next year. Estimating insurance premium.
Anomaly detection	Predict if a data point is an outlier compared to other data points in the data set.	Distance based, Density based, LOF	Fraud transaction detection in credit cards. Network intrusion detection.
Time series	Predict if the value of the target variable for future time frame based on history values.	Exponential smoothing, ARIMA, regression	Sales forecasting, production forecasting, virtually any growth phenomenon that needs to be extrapolated
Clustering	Identify natural clusters within the data set based on inherit properties within the data set.	K means, density based clustering - DBSCAN	Finding customer segments in a company based on transaction, web and customer call data.
Association analysis	Identify relationships within an itemset based on transaction data.	FP Growth, Apriori	Find cross selling opportunities for a retailer based on transaction purchase history.

## Core Algorithms

### Classification

Decision Trees  
Rule Induction  
k-Nearest Neighbors  
Naïve Bayesian  
Artificial Neural Networks  
Support Vector Machines  
Ensemble Learners

### Regression

Linear Regression  
Logistic Regression

### Association Analysis

Apriori  
FP-Growth

### Clustering

k-Means  
DBSCAN  
Self-Organizing Maps

## Process Basics

**Data Science  
Process**

**Data Exploration**

**Model Evaluation**

## Common Applications

**Text Mining**

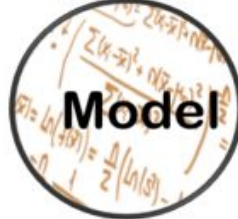
**Time Series Forecasting**

**Anomaly Detection**

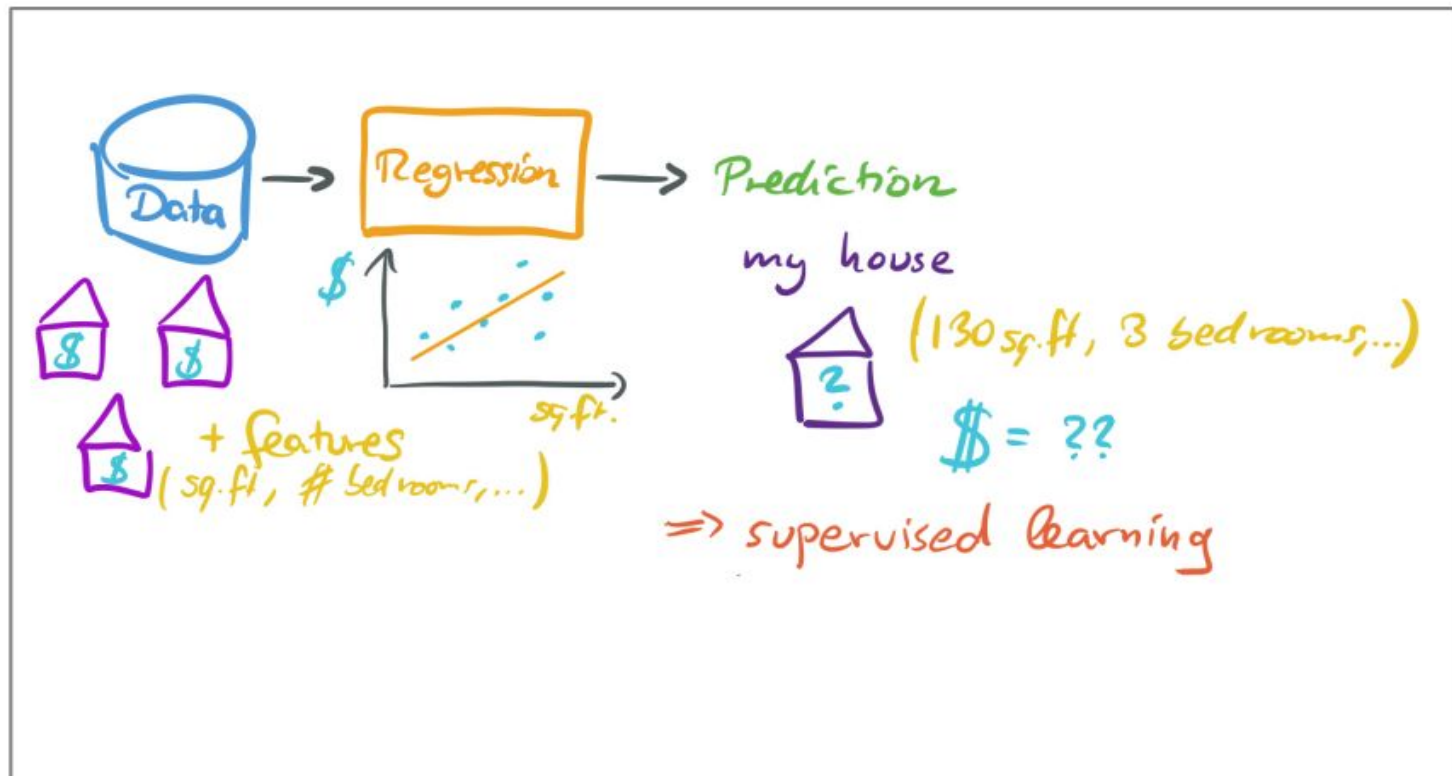
**Feature Selection**



# LEARNING FROM DATA



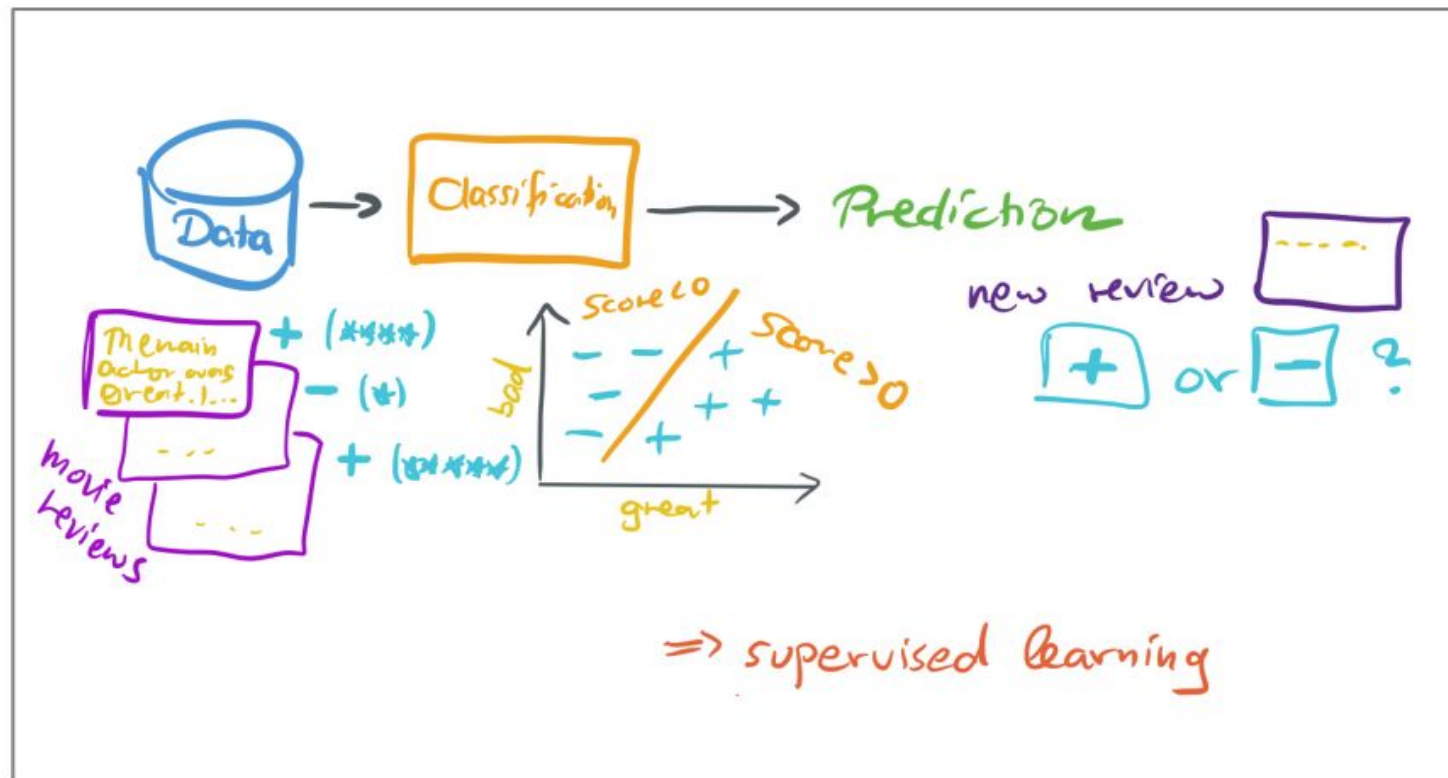
- Regression



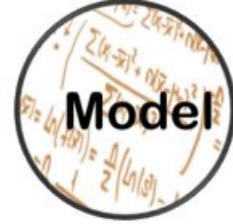
# LEARNING FROM DATA



- Classification



# LEARNING FROM DATA



- Clustering

