Operating Systems (CSL 3030)

Readme file

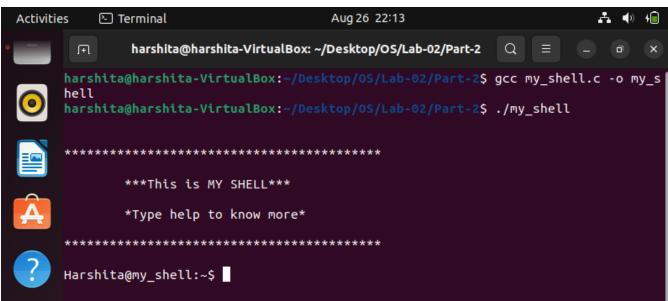
Lab Assignment	01
Roll No.	B20CS018
Name	Harshita Gupta

PART II:

Run the C program:

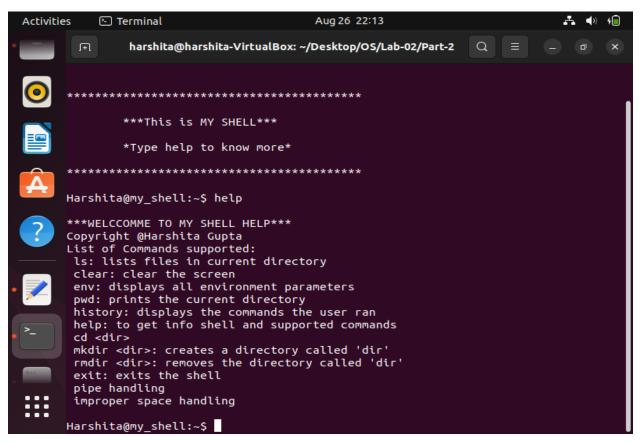
- 1. Run the C file named "my_shell.c" in the submitted zip file by following the commands as shown below.
- 2. The shell display a prompt and you will be asked to enter the command.





Help command:

- 1. After running the program in the Console it displays "Type help to know more".
- 2. Help shows the list of the commands the shell supports and its info.



(NOTE: there are 2 types of commands internal and external, Internal commands are - clear, env, pwd, history, help, cd, mkdir, rmdir, and exit External commands are - ls and cat)

Is command: list all files and directories in the given directory.



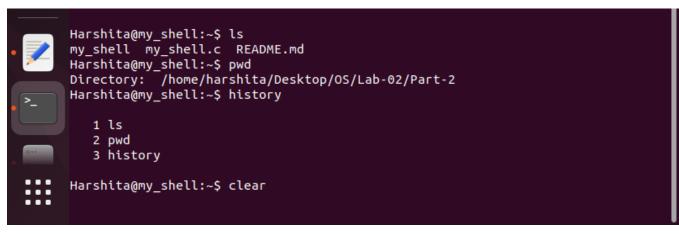
pwd command: print the current directory.

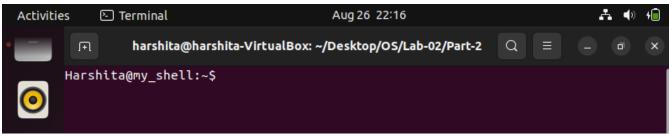


history command: display the commands the user ran.

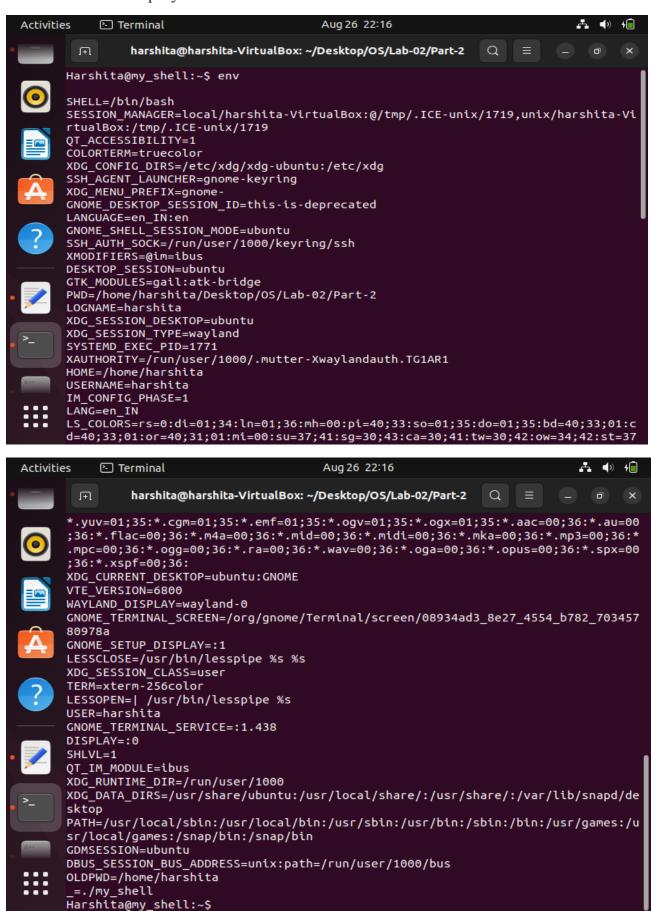


Clear command: clear the console.



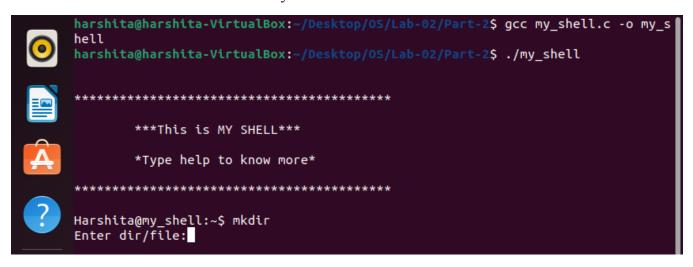


env command: display all environment variables.

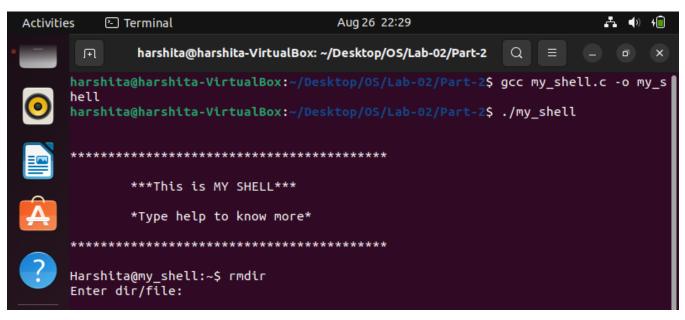


cd command: open up a directory.

mkdir command: creates a directory.



rmdir command: removes a directory.



exit command: It is used to exit the program shell.

```
GDMSESSION=ubuntu
DBUS_SESSION_BUS_ADDRESS=unix:path=/run/user/1000/bus
OLDPWD=/home/harshita
_=./my_shell
Harshita@my_shell:~$ history

1 ls
2 pwd
3 history
4 clear
5 env
6 history

Harshita@my_shell:~$ exit
Goodbye! my_shell exit!

harshita@harshita-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/OS/Lab-02/Part-2$
```

Improper space handling:

```
//for internal "cd" command
args = ParseCommandLine(InputCommand); //split the command
line into each token

char* cd_command;
char* command; // 'command' store the command without \n

cd_command = strtok(InputCommand, " ");
command = InputCommand;
```

Parse the line into the program name and an array of parameters:

```
177 char** ParseCommandLine(char* InputCommand){
           char** arr_tokens = malloc(MAXSize * sizeof(char*)); // allocate the
178
   space for each tokens in the array
179
           char* token; //each token in each command line
180
           token = strtok(InputCommand, " ");
181
           int index = 0; //index in arr tokens array
182
183
           while(token != NULL){
                   arr tokens[index++] = token;//store each token in array
184
                   token = strtok(NULL, " ");
185
186
187
           arr_tokens[index] = NULL;
188
           return arr_tokens;
189 }
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                                                                             INS
```

Use the fork() system call to spawn a new child process and once the child finishes, the shell repeats the loop by jumping to 1::

```
Activities
           Text Editor
                                           Aug 26 22:18
                                            my_shell.c
         Open ~
                   [+]
                                                                 Save
                                                                              _ 0 X
                                       ~/Desktop/OS/Lab-02/Part-2
      146
      147
                           //external command
      148
                           pid_t pid;
      149
                           int status;
      150
                           pid = fork();
      151
      152
                           if(pid < 0){
      153
                                    printf("***ERROR: forking child process failed.\n");
      154
                                    exit(1);
      155
                           else if(pid == 0){//child process
      156
                                   if (strcmp(command, "cat") == 0){// cat command
      157
      158
                                            memmove(command, command+4,
          strlen(command+4)+1);
                                            command = strtok(command, "\n");
      159
      160
                                            char* argv[] = {"cat", command, 0};
                                            execvp(argv[0], argv);//use execvp to run
      161
         'cat'
      162
      163
                                    else if(strcmp(command, "ls\n") == 0){// ls command
                                            char* argm[] = {"ls", 0};
      164
      165
                                            execvp(argm[0], argm);//use execvp to run
          'ls'
                                    }
      166
      167
      168
                                   exit(1);
      169
                           aleas //narent process
       170
                                              C ~ Tab Width: 8 ~
                                                                    Ln 56, Col 34
                                                                                      INS
```