

Training a Neural Network with Backpropagation— Mathematics

The backpropagation algorithm has two main phases- forward and backward phase.

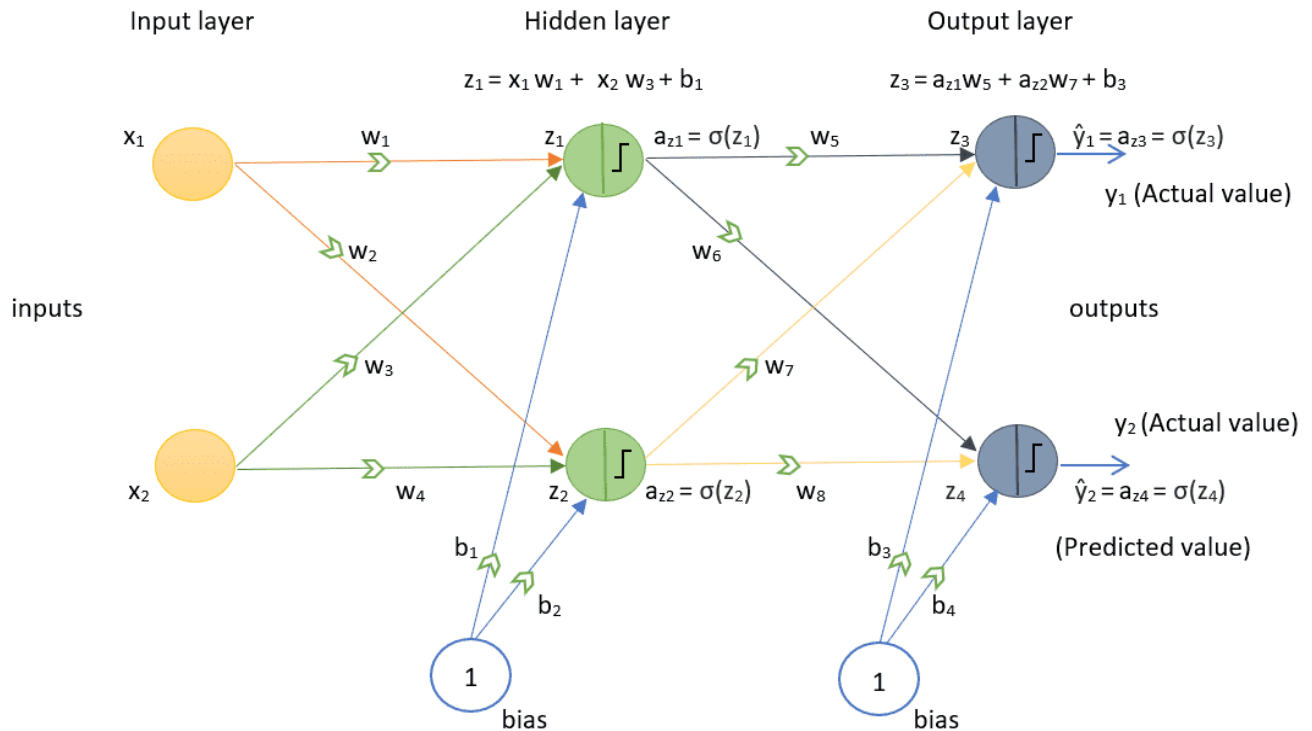


Figure 1 - Artificial Neural Network.

The structure of a simple three-layer neural network is shown in Figure 1. Here, every neuron of one layer is connected to all neurons of the next layer but neurons of the same layer are not interconnected. The information flows from the first layer neurons (input layer), via the second layer neurons (hidden layer) to the third layer neurons (output layer).

Let's consider, the inputs, outputs, the initial weights and biases as:

Input values: $x_1 = 0.05$, $x_2 = 0.10$

Output values: $y_1 = 0.01$, $y_2 = 0.99$

Initial weights: $w_1=0.15$, $w_2=0.20$, $w_3=0.25$, $w_4=0.30$, $w_5=0.40$, $w_6=0.45$, $w_7=0.50$, $w_8=0.55$

Initial bias: $b_1=0.40$, $b_2=0.35$, $b_3=0.25$, $b_4=0.60$

Forward Pass

The input layer receives signals and without performing any computation simply transmits the information to the hidden layer. The net input to a neuron of the hidden layer is calculated as the summation of each output of the input layer multiplied by weights (weights are initialized as small random numbers) and an additional bias is incorporated. Then sigmoid activation function is applied to learn complex patterns in the data and to normalize the output of each neuron to a range between 1 and 0. In each successive layer, every neuron sums

its inputs and then applies an activation function to compute its output. The output layer of the network then produces the final response, i.e., the predicted value.

$$z_1 = x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_3 + 1 * b_1 = (0.05 * 0.15) + (0.10 * 0.25) + (1 * 0.40) = 0.4325$$

Let's consider, Activation function = "sigmoid",

$$a_{z1} = \sigma(z_1) = 1/(1+\exp(-z_1)) = 1/(1+\exp(-0.4325)) = 0.606470487$$

$$z_2 = x_1 w_2 + x_2 w_4 + 1 * b_2 = (0.05 * 0.20) + (0.10 * 0.30) + (1 * 0.35) = 0.39$$

$$a_{z2} = \sigma(z_2) = 1/(1+\exp(-z_2)) = 1/(1+\exp(-0.39)) = 0.596282699$$

$$z_3 = a_{z1} w_5 + a_{z2} w_7 + 1 * b_3 = 0.790729544$$

$$\hat{y}_1 = a_{z3} = \sigma(z_3) = 1/(1+\exp(-z_3)) = 0.687987956$$

$$z_4 = a_{z1} w_6 + a_{z2} w_8 + 1 * b_4 = 1.200867204$$

$$\hat{y}_2 = a_{z4} = \sigma(z_4) = 1/(1+\exp(-z_4)) = 0.768679018$$

Total Error Calculation

Now, we need to calculate the total error using the mean squared error loss function. Loss function describes how efficient the model performs with respect to the expected outcome.

Consider, loss function= "mean squared error"

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{total}} &= \frac{1}{2} * [(y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2 + (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)^2] = \frac{1}{2} * [(0.01 - 0.687987956)^2 + (0.99 - 0.768679018)^2] \\ &= 0.254325322 \approx 0.2543 \end{aligned}$$

The derivative of this loss now needs to be computed with respect to the weights and bias in all layers in the backward phase.

First Backward Pass

The main goal of the backward phase is to learn the gradient of the loss function with respect to the different weights and bias by using the chain rule of differential calculus. These gradients are used to update the weights and bias. Since these gradients are learned in the backward direction, starting from the output node, this learning process is referred to as the backward propagation.

Weight updation – w_5

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_5} &= \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_1}{\partial z_3} \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial w_5} \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_1} [\frac{1}{2} * (y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2] \frac{\partial}{\partial z_3} [1/(1+\exp(-z_3))] \frac{\partial}{\partial w_5} [a_{z1} w_5 + a_{z2} w_7 + 1 * b_3] \\ &\quad \text{(Since, } \hat{y}_1 = a_{z3}) \\ &= (y_1 - \hat{y}_1)(-1) \cdot \hat{y}_1 (1 - \hat{y}_1) \cdot a_{z1} \\ &\quad (\because \text{if the sigmoid function is defined as, } \sigma(z) = 1/(1+\exp(-z)) \\ &\quad \text{it's differentiation is, } d\sigma(z)/d(z) = \sigma(z) \cdot (1 - \sigma(z))) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (\hat{y}_1 - y_1) \cdot \hat{y}_1 (1 - \hat{y}_1) \cdot a_{z1} \\
&= (0.687987956 - 0.01)(0.687987956)(1 - 0.687987956)(0.606470487) \\
&= 0.088264048
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
w_{5(\text{new})} &= w_5 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_5} \\
&= 0.40 - (0.01 * 0.088264048) \\
&\quad (\text{Consider, } \eta = 0.01) \\
&= 0.399117359
\end{aligned}$$

Weight updation – w_6

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_6} &= \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial \hat{y}_2} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_2}{\partial z_4} \frac{\partial z_4}{\partial w_6} \\
&= (\hat{y}_2 - y_2) \cdot \hat{y}_2 (1 - \hat{y}_2) \cdot a_{z1} = -0.023866696 \\
w_{6(\text{new})} &= w_6 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_6} \\
&= 0.45 - (0.01 * -0.023866696) = 0.450238667
\end{aligned}$$

Weight updation – w_7

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_7} &= \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_1}{\partial z_3} \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial w_7} \\
&= (\hat{y}_1 - y_1) \cdot \hat{y}_1 (1 - \hat{y}_1) \cdot a_{z2} = 0.186047383 \\
w_{7(\text{new})} &= w_7 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_7} \\
&= 0.50 - (0.01 * 0.186047383) = 0.498139526
\end{aligned}$$

Weight updation – w_8

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_8} &= \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial \hat{y}_2} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_2}{\partial z_4} \frac{\partial z_4}{\partial w_8} \\
&= (\hat{y}_2 - y_2) \cdot \hat{y}_2 (1 - \hat{y}_2) \cdot a_{z2} = -0.023465772 \\
w_{8(\text{new})} &= w_8 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_8} \\
&= 0.55 - (0.01 * -0.023465772) = 0.550234657
\end{aligned}$$

Bias constant (usually 1) has its own weight for different nodes. The weight of the bias in a layer is updated in the same fashion as all the other weights are updated.

Bias updation – b_3

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial b_3} &= \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_1}{\partial z_3} \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial b_3} \\ &= (\hat{y}_1 - y_1) \cdot \hat{y}_1 (1 - \hat{y}_1) \cdot 1 = 0.145537252 \\ &\quad \left(\because \frac{\partial}{\partial b_3} (a_{z1}w_5 + a_{z2}w_7 + b_3) = 1 \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}b_{3(new)} &= b_3 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial b_3} \\ &= 0.25 - (0.01 * 0.145537252) = 0.248544627\end{aligned}$$

Bias updation – b_4

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial b_4} &= \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_2} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_2}{\partial z_4} \frac{\partial z_4}{\partial b_4} \\ &= (\hat{y}_2 - y_2) \cdot \hat{y}_2 (1 - \hat{y}_2) \cdot 1 = -0.039353434\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}b_{4(new)} &= b_4 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial b_4} \\ &= 0.60 - (0.01 * -0.039353434) = 0.60039353434\end{aligned}$$

Next, we will continue the backwards pass to update the values of w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4 and b_1, b_2 . The gradient with respect to these weights and bias depends on w_5 and w_8 , and we will be using the old values, not the updated ones.

Weight updation – w_1

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial w_1} &= \left(\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial a_{z1}} \right) \frac{\partial a_{z1}}{\partial z_1} \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial w_1} \\ &= \left(\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_1}{\partial z_3} \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_{z1}} \right) \frac{\partial a_{z1}}{\partial z_1} \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial w_1} \\ &\quad \left(\because \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial a_{z1}} = \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_1}{\partial z_3} \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_{z1}} \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_1} [y_2 * (y_1 - \hat{y}_1)^2] \frac{\partial}{\partial z_3} [1/(1+\exp(-z_3))] \frac{\partial}{\partial a_{z1}} [a_{z1}w_5 + a_{z2}w_7 + 1*b_3] \\ &\quad \frac{\partial}{\partial z_1} [1/(1+\exp(-z_1))] \frac{\partial}{\partial w_1} [x_1w_1 + x_2w_3 + 1*b_1] \\ &= (\hat{y}_1 - y_1) \cdot \hat{y}_1 (1 - \hat{y}_1) \cdot w_5 \cdot a_{z1} (1 - a_{z1}) \cdot x_1 \\ &= 0.145537252 * 0.40 * 0.606470487 * (1 - 0.606470487) * 0.05 \\ &= 0.694690157 * 10^{-3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}w_{1(new)} &= w_1 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial w_1} \\ &= 0.15 - (0.01 * 0.694690157 * 10^{-3}) = 0.149993053\end{aligned}$$

Weight updation – w_2

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial w_2} &= \left(\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_2} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_2}{\partial z_4} \frac{\partial z_4}{\partial a_{z2}} \right) \frac{\partial a_{z2}}{\partial z_2} \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial w_2} \\&= (\hat{y}_2 - y_2) \cdot \hat{y}_2 (1 - \hat{y}_2) \cdot w_8 \cdot a_{z2} (1 - a_{z2}) \cdot x_1 \\&= -0.039353434 * 0.55 * 0.596282699 * (1 - 0.596282699) * 0.05 \\&= -2.60522297 * 10^{-4}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}w_{2(new)} &= w_2 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial w_2} \\&= 0.20 - (0.01 * -2.60522297 * 10^{-4}) = 0.200002605\end{aligned}$$

Weight updation – w_3

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial w_3} &= \left(\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_1}{\partial z_3} \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_{z1}} \right) \frac{\partial a_{z1}}{\partial z_1} \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial w_3} \\&= (\hat{y}_1 - y_1) \cdot \hat{y}_1 (1 - \hat{y}_1) \cdot w_5 \cdot a_{z1} (1 - a_{z1}) \cdot x_2 \\&= 0.145537252 * 0.40 * 0.606470487 * (1 - 0.606470487) * 0.10 \\&= 1.389380314 * 10^{-3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}w_{3(new)} &= w_3 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial w_3} \\&= 0.25 - (0.01 * 1.389380314 * 10^{-3}) = 0.249986106\end{aligned}$$

Weight updation – w_4

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial w_4} &= \left(\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_2} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_2}{\partial z_4} \frac{\partial z_4}{\partial a_{z2}} \right) \frac{\partial a_{z2}}{\partial z_2} \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial w_4} \\&= (\hat{y}_2 - y_2) \cdot \hat{y}_2 (1 - \hat{y}_2) \cdot w_8 \cdot a_{z2} (1 - a_{z2}) \cdot x_2 \\&= -0.039353434 * 0.55 * 0.596282699 * (1 - 0.596282699) * 0.10 \\&= -5.21044594 * 10^{-4}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}w_{4(new)} &= w_4 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial w_4} \\&= 0.30 - (0.01 * -5.21044594 * 10^{-4}) = 0.30000521\end{aligned}$$

Bias updation – b_1

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial b_1} &= \left(\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_1} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_1}{\partial z_3} \frac{\partial z_3}{\partial a_{z1}} \right) \frac{\partial a_{z1}}{\partial z_1} \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial b_1} \\&= (\hat{y}_1 - y_1) \cdot \hat{y}_1 (1 - \hat{y}_1) \cdot w_5 \cdot a_{z1} (1 - a_{z1}) \cdot 1\end{aligned}$$

$$= 0.145537252 * 0.40 * 0.606470487 * (1 - 0.606470487)$$

$$= 0.013893803$$

$$b_{1(new)} = b_1 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial b_1}$$

$$= 0.40 - (0.01 * 0.013893803) = 0.399861062$$

Bias updation – b_2

$$\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial b_2} = \left(\frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial \hat{y}_2} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_2}{\partial z_4} \frac{\partial z_4}{\partial a_{z2}} \right) \frac{\partial a_{z2}}{\partial z_2} \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial b_2}$$

$$= (\hat{y}_2 - y_2) \cdot \hat{y}_2 (1 - \hat{y}_2) \cdot w_8 \cdot a_{z2} (1 - a_{z2}) \cdot 1$$

$$= -0.039353434 * 0.55 * 0.596282699 * (1 - 0.596282699)$$

$$= -5.21044594 * 10^{-3}$$

$$b_{2(new)} = b_2 - \eta \frac{\partial E_{total}}{\partial b_2}$$

$$= 0.35 - (0.01 * -5.21044594 * 10^{-3}) = 0.350052104$$

Updated Weights and Bias,

$$w_{1(new)} = 0.149993053$$

$$b_{1(new)} = 0.399861062$$

$$w_{2(new)} = 0.200002605$$

$$b_{2(new)} = 0.350052104$$

$$w_{3(new)} = 0.249986106$$

$$b_{3(new)} = 0.248544627$$

$$w_{4(new)} = 0.30000521$$

$$b_{4(new)} = 0.60039353434$$

$$w_{5(new)} = 0.399117359$$

$$w_{6(new)} = 0.450238667$$

$$w_{7(new)} = 0.498139526$$

$$w_{8(new)} = 0.550234657$$

Forward Pass with Updated Weights and Bias

$$z'_1 = x_1 w_{1(new)} + x_2 w_{3(new)} + 1 * b_{1(new)}$$

$$= (0.05 * 0.149993053) + (0.10 * 0.249986106) + (1 * 0.399861062) = 0.432359325$$

Since, Activation function = “sigmoid”

$$a'_{z1} = \sigma(z'_1) = 1/(1+\exp(-z'_1)) = 1/(1+\exp(-0.432359325)) = 0.606436912$$

$$z'_2 = x_1 w_{2(new)} + x_2 w_{4(new)} + 1 * b_{2(new)}$$

$$= (0.05 * 0.200002605) + (0.10 * 0.30000521) + (1 * 0.350052104) = 0.390052755$$

$$a'_{z2} = \sigma(z'_2) = 1/(1+\exp(-z'_2)) = 1/(1+\exp(-0.390052755)) = 0.596295398$$

$$z'_3 = a'_{z1} w_{5(\text{new})} + a'_{z2} w_{7(\text{new})} + 1 * b_{3(\text{new})}$$

$$= (0.606436912 * 0.399117359) + (0.596295398 * 0.498139526) + 0.248544627 = 0.787622432$$

$$\hat{y}'_1 = a'_{z3} = \sigma(z'_3) = 1/(1+\exp(-z'_3)) = 1/(1+\exp(-0.787622432)) = 0.687320592$$

$$z'_4 = a'_{z1} w_{6(\text{new})} + a'_{z2} w_{8(\text{new})} + 1 * b_{4(\text{new})}$$

$$= (0.606436912 * 0.450238667) + (0.596295398 * 0.550234657) + 0.60039353434 = 1.201537275$$

$$\hat{y}'_2 = a'_{z4} = \sigma(z'_4) = 1/(1+\exp(-z'_4)) = 1/(1+\exp(-1.201537275)) = 0.768798143$$

Error Calculation

$$E'_{total} = \frac{1}{2} * [(y_1 - \hat{y}'_1)^2 + (y_2 - \hat{y}'_2)^2] = \frac{1}{2} * [(0.01 - 0.687320592)^2 + (0.99 - 0.768798143)^2]$$

$$= 0.253846722 \approx 0.2539$$

After the first round of backpropagation, the total error has decreased to 0.2539 (approximately).