

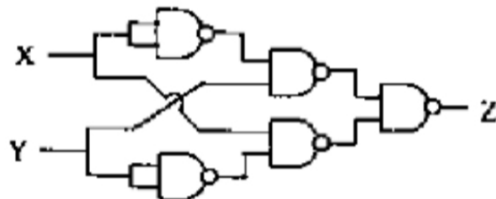
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QUESTION

The logic gate circuit shown in the adjoining figure realizes which of the following function?

1. XOR
2. XNOR
3. Half Adder
4. Full Adder



SOLUTION

Step 1: Identification of Gates

From the circuit diagram, all the gates used are NAND gates. A NAND gate performs the Boolean operation:

$$A \text{ NAND } B = \overline{A \cdot B}$$

Since NAND is a universal gate, any Boolean function can be implemented using only NAND gates.

Step 2: First Stage Operation

If both inputs of a NAND gate are same, it acts as an inverter:

$$X \text{ NAND } X = \overline{X}$$

$$Y \text{ NAND } Y = \overline{Y}$$

Thus, we obtain complemented inputs:

$$\overline{X} \text{ and } \overline{Y}$$

Step 3: Intermediate Stage

The cross-connected NAND gates generate:

$$P = \overline{X \cdot \overline{Y}}$$

$$Q = \overline{\overline{X} \cdot Y}$$

Step 4: Final Stage

The final NAND gate gives:

$$Z = \overline{P \cdot Q}$$

Substituting values of P and Q :

$$Z = \overline{(\overline{X \cdot \overline{Y}}) \cdot (\overline{\overline{X} \cdot Y})}$$

Using De Morgan's Theorem and Boolean simplification:

$$Z = X\overline{Y} + \overline{X}Y$$

Step 5: Final Result

The expression $Z = X\overline{Y} + \overline{X}Y$ is the standard form of the Exclusive-OR function.

Therefore,

$$Z = X \oplus Y$$

Conclusion:

The given circuit realizes the XOR function.

Correct Answer: (a) XOR