

SQL PIZZA SALES PROJECT

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HELLO

Our Passion for Pizza

This is Harshith Podduturi of sreenidhiy institute of science and technology .This is a project on pizza sales



Questions

Basic:

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

Intermediate:

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

Advanced:

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    harshith.orders;
```

Output:-



The screenshot shows a database query results interface. At the top, there are several buttons: 'Result Grid' (selected), 'Filter Rows', 'Export', and 'Wrap Cell Content'. Below the buttons is a table with one row. The table has two columns: 'total_orders' and its value '12241'. The 'total_orders' column is bolded.

total_orders	12241
▶	

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
SELECT
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    harshith.order_details
    JOIN
    harshith.pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

Output:-

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	revenue			
▶	904.95			

Identify the highest-priced pizza

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size, COUNT(order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    harshith.pizzas
    JOIN
    harshith.order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Output:-

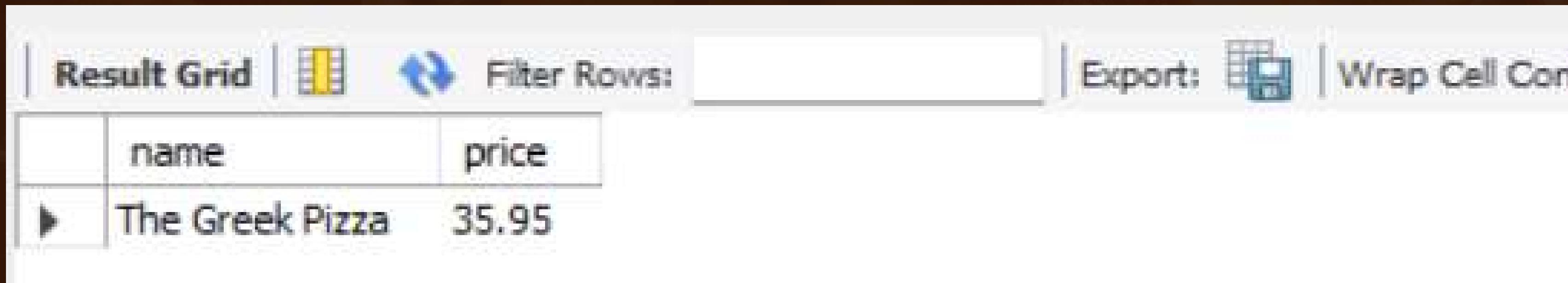
Result Grid | Filter Rows: _____ | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: TA

	size	order_count
>	L	25
	S	16
	M	12

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    harshith.pizza_types
    JOIN
        harshith.pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Output:-



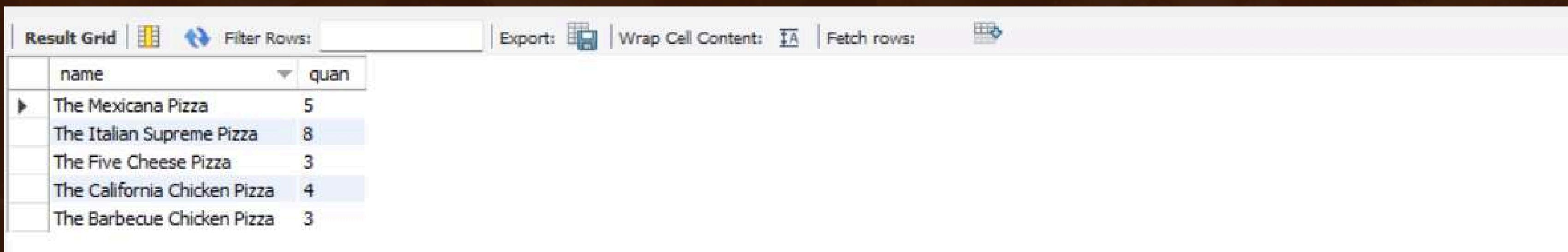
The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a result grid. The grid has two columns: 'name' and 'price'. A single row is displayed, showing 'The Greek Pizza' with a price of '35.95'. The 'Result Grid' button is highlighted in blue, indicating it is the active tab. Other tabs like 'Filter Rows' and 'Export' are visible at the top.

name	price
The Greek Pizza	35.95

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
select pizza_types.name,sum(order_details.quantity) as quan
from harshith.pizza_types join harshith.pizzas on
pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details on
order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name
order by quan desc
limit 5;
```

Output:-



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a result grid displaying the top 5 most ordered pizza types. The results are as follows:

	name	quan
▶	The Mexicana Pizza	5
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	8
	The Five Cheese Pizza	3
	The California Chicken Pizza	4
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	3

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quan
FROM
    harshith.pizza_types
    JOIN
    harshith.pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    harshith.order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quan DESC;
```

Output:-

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	category	quan		
▶	Veggie	17		
	Supreme	15		
	Classic	11		
	Chicken	11		

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
select hour(time) as hour, count(order_id) as order_count  
from harshith.orders  
group by hour(time);
```

Output:-

	hour	order_count
▶	11	680
	12	1464
	13	1375
	14	921
	15	857
	16	1093

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    harshith.pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

Output:-

Result Grid | Filter Rows: _____ | Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	category	COUNT(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day

```
select round(avg(quan),0) from  
(select orders.date,sum(order_details.quantity) as quan  
from harshith.orders join harshith.order_details  
on orders.order_id=order_details.order_id  
group by orders.date ) as order_quantity;
```

Output:-

round(avg(quan),0)
121

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue

```
select pizza_types.name,sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue
from harshith.pizza_types join harshith.pizzas
on pizzas.pizza_type_id=pizza_types.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name
order by revenue desc
limit 3;
```

Output:-

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:
	name	revenue			
▶	The Italian Supreme Pizza	136.5			
	The Mexicana Pizza	88.75			
	The California Chicken Pizza	71			

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
select pizza_types.category,  
       round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price)/(select  
                                         round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price),2)as total_sales  
                                         from harshith.order_details join harshith.pizzas on  
                                         pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)*100,2) as revenue  
       from harshith.pizza_types join harshith.pizzas on  
       pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id  
       join harshith.order_details on  
       order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id  
       group by pizza_types.category  
       order by revenue desc;
```

Output:-

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	category	revenue		
▶	Veggie	31.68		
	Supreme	27.9		
	Chicken	23.01		
	Classic	17.4		

Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select date,  
       sum(revenue) over(order by date) as cum_revenue  
  from  
    (select orders.date,sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue  
     from harshith.order_details join harshith.pizzas  
     on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id  
    join harshith.orders  
     on orders.order_id=order_details.order_id  
   group by orders.date)as sales;
```

Output:-

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	date	cum_revenue		
▶	2015-01-01	4050.449999999994		
	2015-01-09	4062.949999999994		

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select pizza_types.category,
    round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price)/(select
        round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price),
        2)as total_sales
    from harshith.order_details join harshith.pizzas
    on pizzas.pizza_id=order_details.pizza_id)*100,2) as revenue
    from harshith.pizza_types join harshith.pizzas
    on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
    join order_details
    on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
    group by pizza_types.category
```

Output:-

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	category	revenue		
▶	Veggie	31.68		
	Supreme	27.9		
	Chicken	23.01		
	Classic	17.4		

**THANK YOU
FOR ATTENTION**