



**COLORADO STATE
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Rover Rescue Optimization

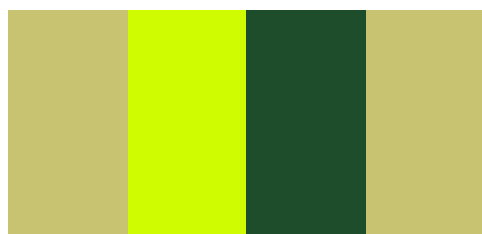
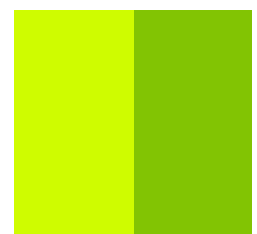
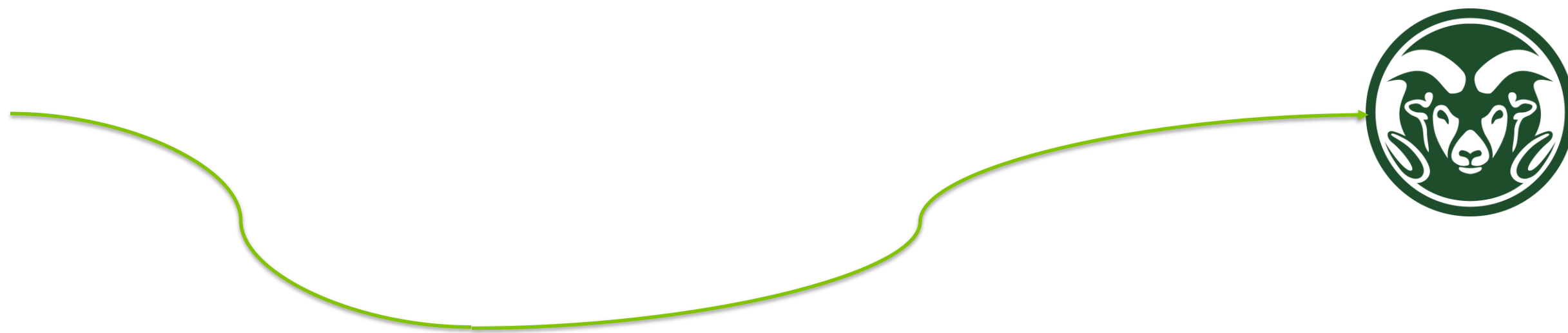
- Functional Requirements:
 - Finds the best way to the end point
 - Avoids steep hills and declines, and prefers roads to hills to save energy
 - Only goes off road if the road path is inefficient and slower
- Code Requirements:
 - Takes in DEM file, hillshade file and trail path
 - Draws optimal path for rover to take
 - Completes the task in optimal time
 - Works well on any other data set

Our Approach

- A* Search:
 - Found the most efficient route to the end point
 - Slower
- Bidirectional A* Search:
 - Found the most efficient route to the end point
 - Three times faster
- Other options:
 - D* Search
 - Like A* but for dynamic data

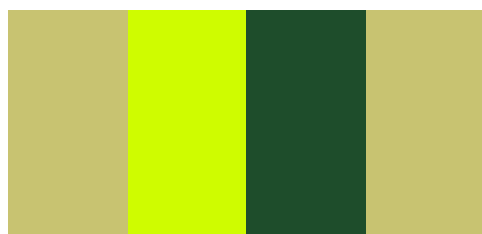
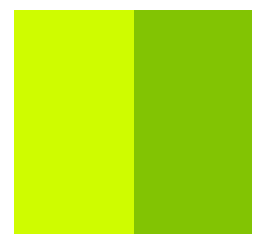
Bidirectional A* Search Algorithm

- Off road node cost = Offroad weight + (elevation difference * elevation resistance)
- On road node cost = On road weight + elevation difference
- Traverses map from both points until they meet in the middle, decreasing computation time by ~70%



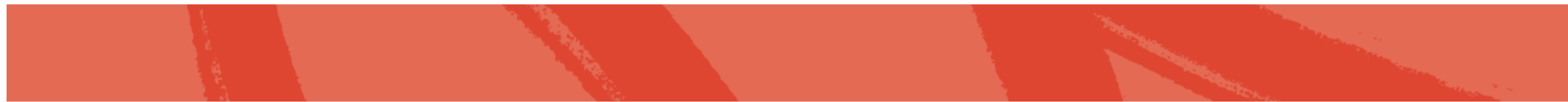
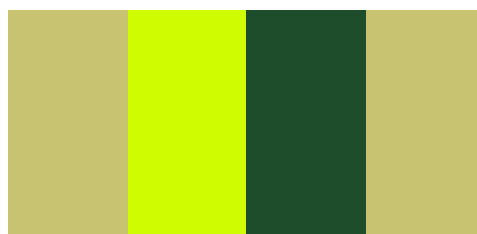
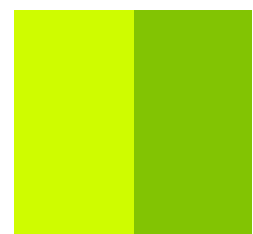
Possible Improvements

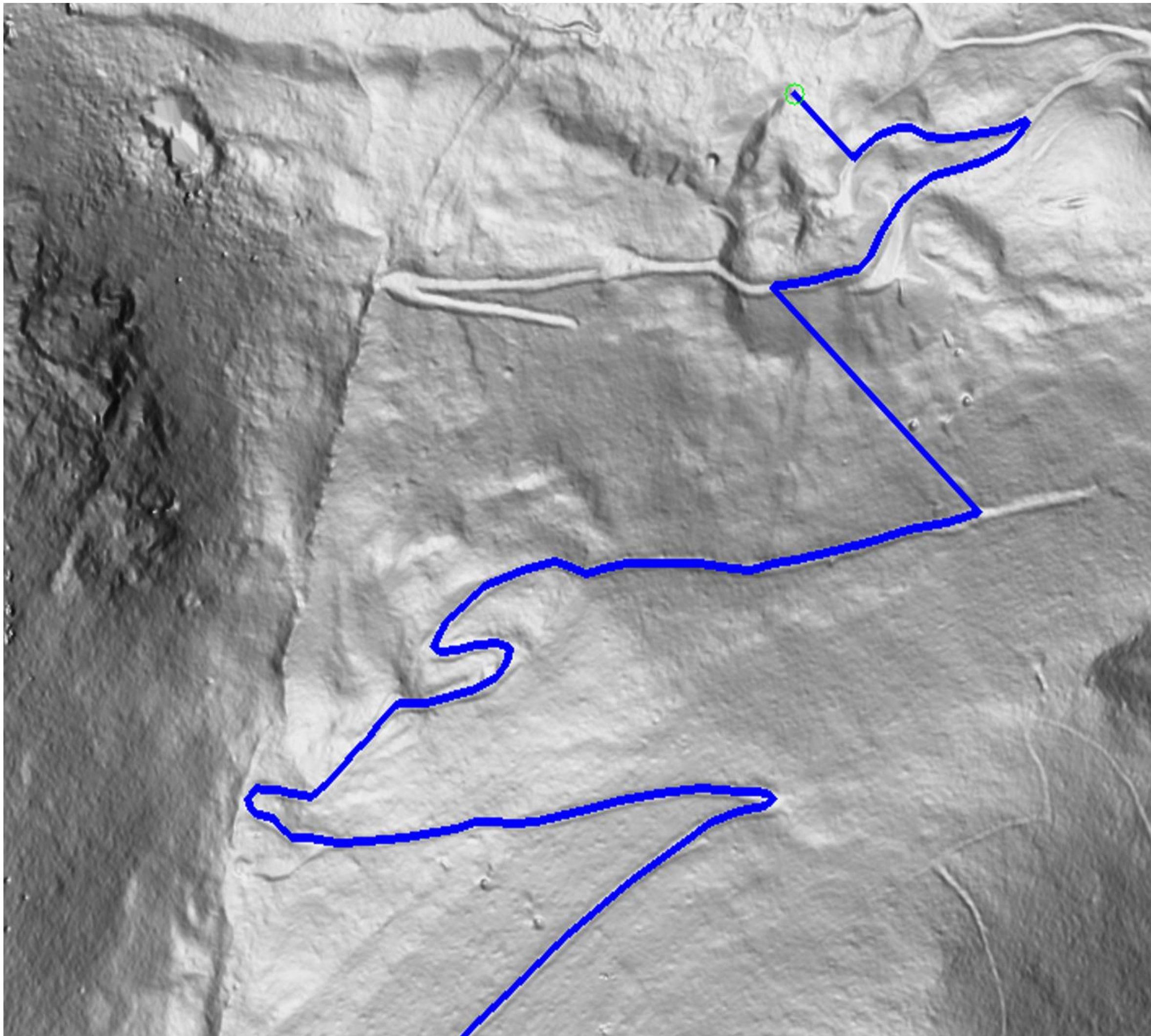
- Dashboard with selectable safety and time trade off values
- Add heuristic for temperature map to avoid water and other extreme conditions



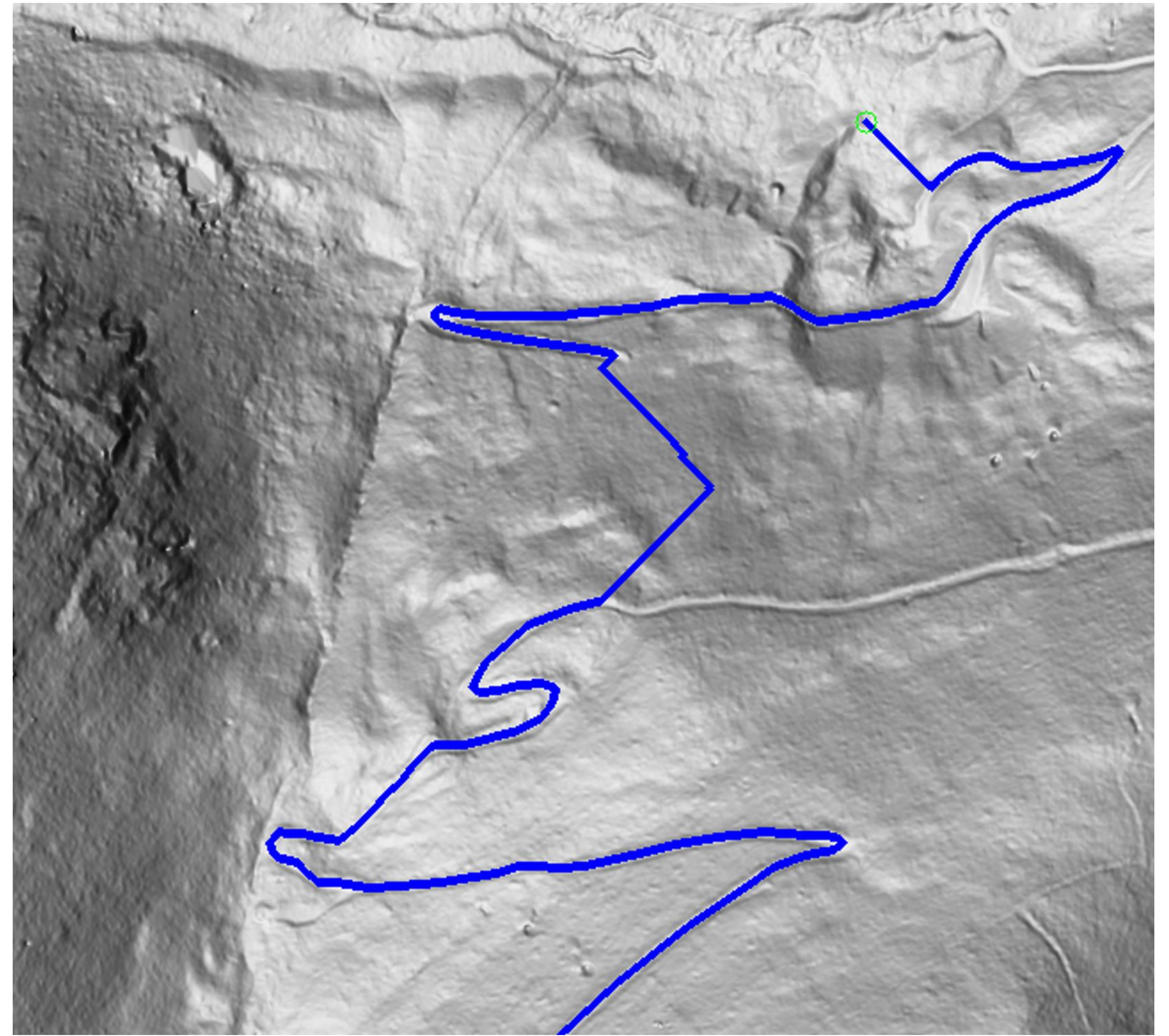
Usability

- Using a graph search algorithm instead of AI reduces cost and time
- Using of Jupyter file makes new user comprehension and additions simple
- Modular outputs allow for unit testing

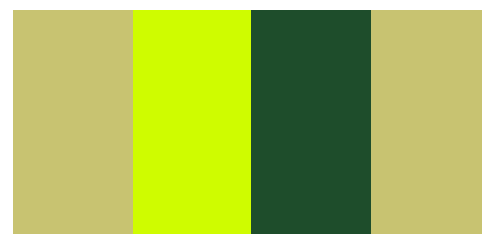
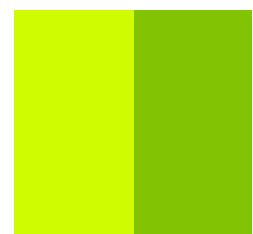




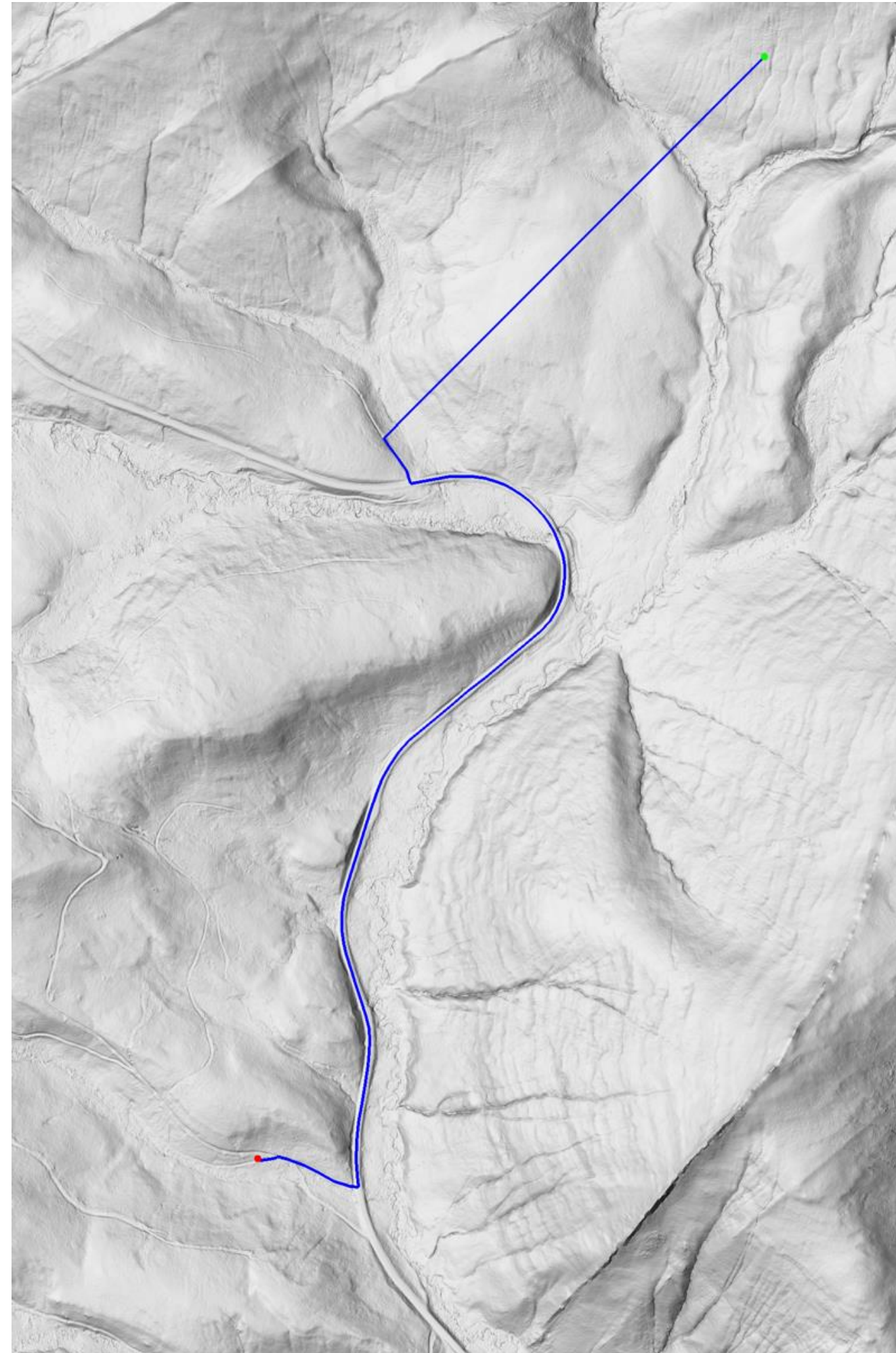
Without Elevation Resistance



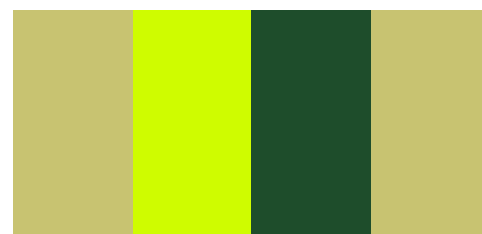
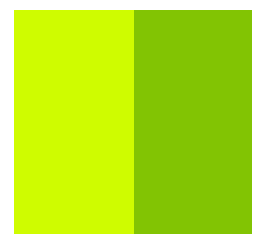
With Elevation Resistance



Validation Dataset



Start and goal coordinates
selected at random



Code Snippets

```
def rover_cost(current, neighbor, dem, road_mask, road_weight=0.2, offroad_weight=5.0, elevation_weight=1, elevation_resistance = 2 ):
    elev_diff = abs(dem[neighbor] - dem[current]) * elevation_weight
    if road_mask[neighbor] == 1:
        return road_weight + elev_diff
    else:
        return offroad_weight + elev_diff * elevation_resistance
```

```
def heuristic(a, b): #Based on Euclidean distance
    return np.linalg.norm(np.array(a) - np.array(b))
```

```
def bidirectional_search(start, goal, dem, road_mask):
    rows, cols = dem.shape
    open_set = {
        'start': [(0, start)],
        'goal': [(0, goal)]
    }
    came_from = {
        'start': {},
        'goal': {}
    }
    g_score = {
        'start': {start: 0},
        'goal': {goal: 0}
    }
    f_score = {
        'start': {start: heuristic(start, goal)},
        'goal': {goal: heuristic(goal, start)}
    }
```