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```
import java.io.*;

public class maxVoteNaive {

    static void findMajority(int arr[], int n)

    {

        int maxCount = 0;

        int index = -1;

        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

            int count = 0;

            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {

                if (arr[i] == arr[j])

                    count++;

            }

            if (count > maxCount) {

                maxCount = count;

                index = i;

            }

        }

        if (maxCount > n / 2)

            System.out.println(arr[index]);

        else

            System.out.println("No Majority Element");

    }

}
```

```

}

public static void main(String[] args)

{

int arr[] = { 10, 10, 21, 11, 33, 10, 10 };

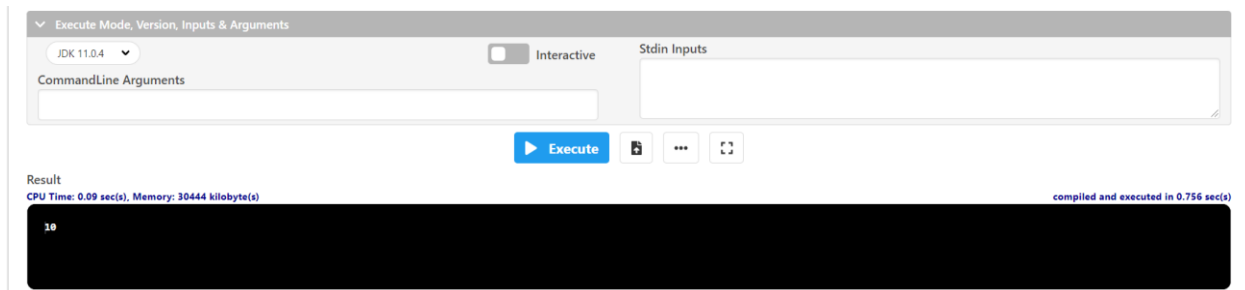
int n = arr.length;

findMajority(arr, n);

}

}

```



ANALYSIS

Array.sort(a) runs for $O(n \log(n))$

```

while(i<n-1)

{

if(A[i]==A[i+1])

{

count++;

}

else

{

if(count>=(n/2))

```

```
{  
flag=1;  
break;  
}  
else  
count=0;  
}  
i++;  
}
```

At worst case the while loop runs for $n-1$ times

At best case it will run for $n/2$ times

Therefore, the total time complexity is given as $n \log n + n = n(1 + \log n)$ which gives

$O(n \log(n))$