

## 1. Query description: To view the whole data table imp

The screenshot shows the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The left pane displays the 'Server Status' and 'Performance' sections. The main pane shows a query window with the following SQL code:

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select sum
14 (total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

The query results are displayed in a grid format, showing columns: pizza\_id, order\_id, pizza\_name, quantity, order\_date, order\_time, unit\_price, total\_price, pizza\_size, pizza\_category, pizza\_ingredients, and pizza\_name. The results show a list of pizzas and their sales data.

## 2. Query description: To view the total revenue earned from the table.

The screenshot shows the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The left pane displays the 'Server Status' and 'Performance' sections. The main pane shows a query window with the following SQL code:

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select sum
14 (total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

The query results are displayed in a grid format, showing columns: total\_revenue. The results show a single row with the total revenue value: 817860.05.

3. Query description: To view the average order value from the table.

The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following SQL code:

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select sum
14 (total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

The query results are displayed in a table with the following data:

average_order_val...
38.307262

The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like Administration, Schemas, and Query 1. The bottom status bar indicates 'Query Completed'.

4. Query description: To view the total no. of pizzas sold from the table.

The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following SQL code:

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 /
14 (select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

The query results are displayed in a table with the following data:

total_pizzas_sold
49574

The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like Administration, Schemas, and Query 1. The bottom status bar indicates 'Query Completed'.



5. Query description: To view the total no. of orders placed from the table.

The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following SQL code:

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select sum
14 (total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

The query results are displayed in a table with the following data:

total_o...
21350

The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like Administration, Schemas, and Query 1. The bottom status bar indicates "Query Completed".

6. Query description: To view the average no. of pizzas per order from the table.

The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following SQL code:

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select sum
14 (total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

The query results are displayed in a table with the following data:

average_order_value
2.32

The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options like Administration, Schemas, and Query 1. The bottom status bar indicates "Query Completed".

7. Query description: To view total pizzas sold on each day of the week from the table.

The screenshot shows the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The left pane displays the 'Administration' and 'Performance' sections. The central pane shows a query titled 'Query 1' with the following SQL code:

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select sum
14 (total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

The right pane shows the 'Result Grid' with the following data:

order_day	total_orders
Friday	3538
Monday	2794
Saturday	3158
Sunday	2624
Thursday	3239
Tuesday	2973
Wednesday	3024

The bottom status bar indicates 'Query Completed'.

8. Query description: To view the revenue contribution based on pizza category from the table.

The screenshot shows the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The left pane displays the 'Administration' and 'Performance' sections. The central pane shows a query titled 'Query 1' with the following SQL code:

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select sum
14 (total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

The right pane shows the 'Result Grid' with the following data:

pizza_category	total_category_revenue	PCT
Classic	220053.10	26.91
Veggie	193590.45	23.68
Supreme	208197.00	25.46
Chicken	195919.50	23.96

The bottom status bar indicates 'Query Completed'.



9. Query description: To view the revenue contribution based on pizza size from the table.

The screenshot shows a SQL query in a database client. The query is designed to calculate the total revenue and average order value for different pizza sizes. The results are displayed in a table with columns: pizza\_size, total\_category\_revenue, and PCT.

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 /
14 (select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

pizza_size	total_category_revenue	PCT
M	249382.25	30.49
L	375318.70	45.89
S	178076.50	21.77
XL	14076.00	1.72
XXL	1006.00	0.12

Result 43

Action Output

Time	Action	Response
22:40:19	select pizza...	Error Code: 1630, FUNCTION pizzas.sum does not exist. Check the 'Function Name Parsing and Resolution' section in the Reference Manual
22:40:57	select pizza...	Error Code: 1630, FUNCTION pizzas.sum does not exist. Check the 'Function Name Parsing and Resolution' section in the Reference Manual
22:40:59	select pizza...	Error Code: 1630, FUNCTION pizzas.sum does not exist. Check the 'Function Name Parsing and Resolution' section in the Reference Manual
22:41:54	select pizza...	5 row(s) returned

10. Query description: To view the quantity of pizza sold based on pizza category from the table.

The screenshot shows a SQL query in a database client. The query is designed to calculate the total quantity of pizzas sold for different categories. The results are displayed in a table with columns: pizza\_category, total\_category\_quantity.

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 /
14 (select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

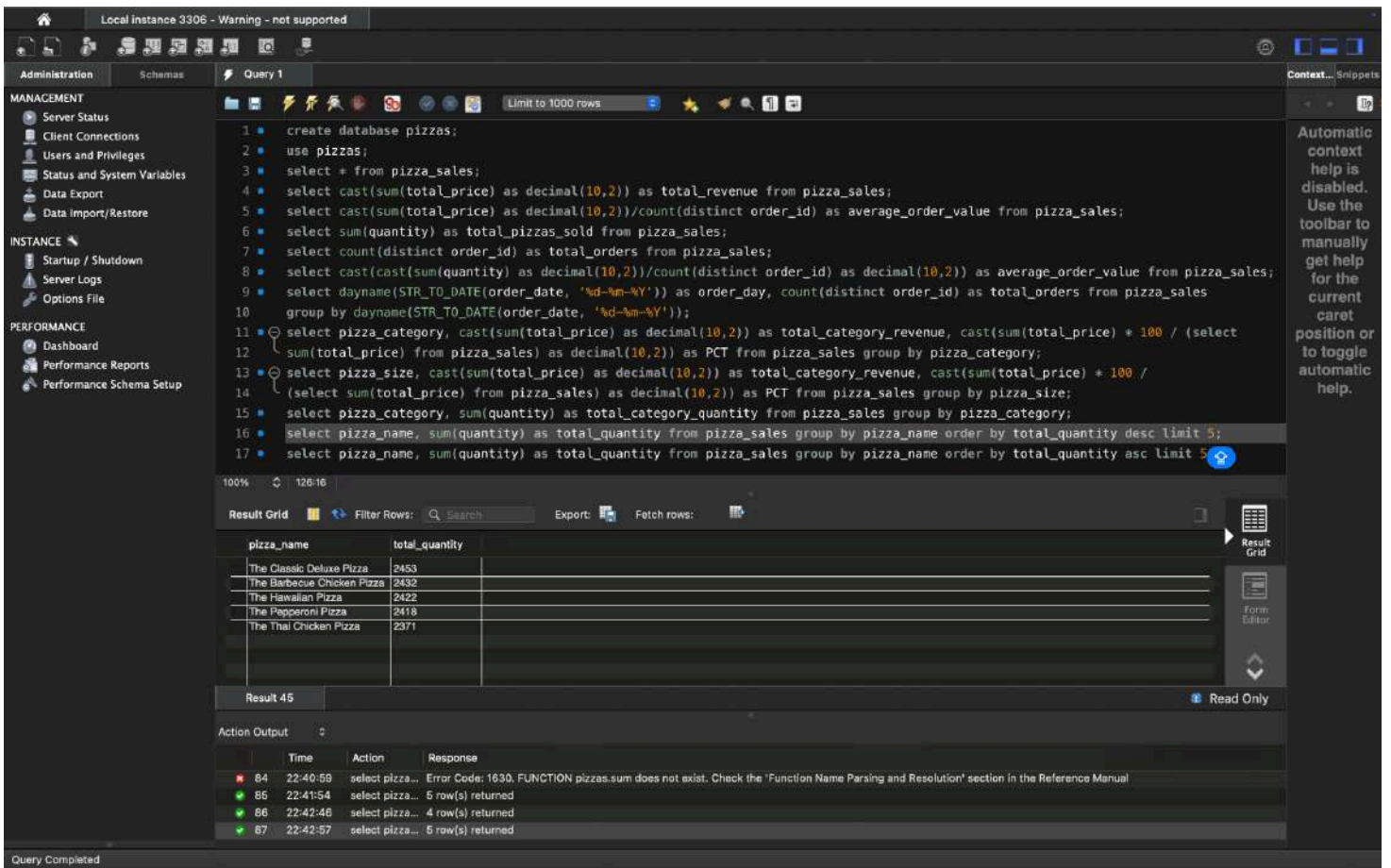
pizza_category	total_category_quantity
Classic	14888
Veggie	11649
Supreme	11987
Chicken	11050

Result 44

Action Output

Time	Action	Response
22:40:57	select pizza...	Error Code: 1630, FUNCTION pizzas.sum does not exist. Check the 'Function Name Parsing and Resolution' section in the Reference Manual
22:40:59	select pizza...	Error Code: 1630, FUNCTION pizzas.sum does not exist. Check the 'Function Name Parsing and Resolution' section in the Reference Manual
22:41:54	select pizza...	5 row(s) returned
22:42:46	select pizza...	4 row(s) returned

11. Query description: To view the top 5 best sellers details from the table.



Local instance 3306 - Warning - not supported

Administration Schemas Query 1 Context... Snippets

MANAGEMENT

- Server Status
- Client Connections
- Users and Privileges
- Status and System Variables
- Data Export
- Data Import/Restore

INSTANCE

- Startup / Shutdown
- Server Logs
- Options File

PERFORMANCE

- Dashboard
- Performance Reports
- Performance Schema Setup

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 /
14 (select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

100% 126:16

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export: Fetch rows:

pizza_name	total_quantity
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Result 45 Read Only

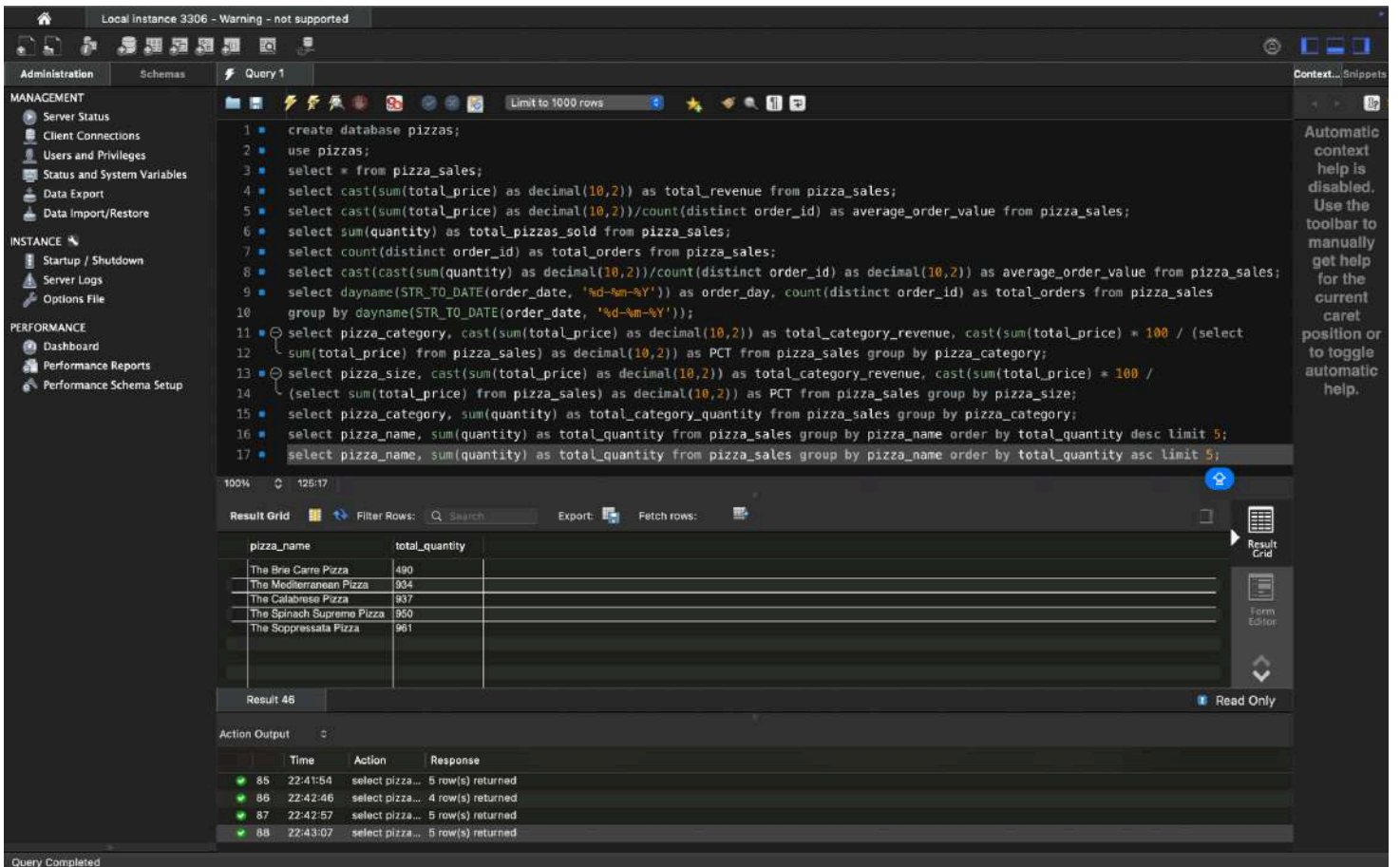
Action Output

Time	Action	Response
84 22:40:59	select pizza...	Error Code: 1630, FUNCTION pizzas.sum does not exist. Check the 'Function Name Parsing and Resolution' section in the Reference Manual
85 22:41:54	select pizza...	5 row(s) returned
86 22:42:46	select pizza...	4 row(s) returned
87 22:42:57	select pizza...	5 row(s) returned

Query Completed

Automatic context help is disabled. Use the toolbar to manually get help for the current caret position or to toggle automatic help.

12. Query description: To view the bottom 5 worst sellers details from the table.



Local instance 3306 - Warning - not supported

Administration Schemas Query 1 Context... Snippets

MANAGEMENT

- Server Status
- Client Connections
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- Status and System Variables
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- Startup / Shutdown
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- Options File

PERFORMANCE

- Dashboard
- Performance Reports
- Performance Schema Setup

```
1 create database pizzas;
2 use pizzas;
3 select * from pizza_sales;
4 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_revenue from pizza_sales;
5 select cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
6 select sum(quantity) as total_pizzas_sold from pizza_sales;
7 select count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales;
8 select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as average_order_value from pizza_sales;
9 select dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y')) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as total_orders from pizza_sales
10 group by dayname(STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%d-%m-%Y'));
11 select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 / (select
12 sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
13 select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price) as decimal(10,2)) as total_category_revenue, cast(sum(total_price) * 100 /
14 (select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(10,2)) as PCT from pizza_sales group by pizza_size;
15 select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as total_category_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;
16 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity desc limit 5;
17 select pizza_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by total_quantity asc limit 5;
```

100% 126:17

Result Grid Filter Rows: Search Export: Fetch rows:

pizza_name	total_quantity
The Brie Carre Pizza	490
The Mediterranean Pizza	934
The Calabrese Pizza	937
The Spinach Supreme Pizza	960
The Soppressata Pizza	961

Result 46 Read Only

Action Output

Time	Action	Response
85 22:41:54	select pizza...	5 row(s) returned
86 22:42:46	select pizza...	4 row(s) returned
87 22:42:57	select pizza...	5 row(s) returned
88 22:43:07	select pizza...	5 row(s) returned

Query Completed

Automatic context help is disabled. Use the toolbar to manually get help for the current caret position or to toggle automatic help.