LOGIC BUILDING

HOW TO BUILD LOGIC FOR ANY GIVEN PROGRAM?

To build logic for a program, follow these steps:

- 1. Identify the problem or task that needs to be accomplished. Clearly define the input and output for the program.
- 2. Break down the problem into smaller, manageable chunks. This will make it easier to understand and solve.
- 3. Determine the necessary steps or actions that need to be taken to solve the problem.
- 4. Develop an algorithm or set of instructions that outlines the steps in a logical order.
- 5. Test the algorithm to ensure that it works correctly and produces the desired results.
- 6. Continuously review and refine the logic as needed to optimize the program and improve its efficiency.

Remember to always think critically and systematically when building logic for a program. This will help ensure that the program is accurate, effective, and efficient.

SOME BASIC PROBLEMS:

PRINT SQUARE OF A NUMBER

```
public class SquareBruteForce {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int num = 5;
int square = num * num;
System.out.println("The square of " + num + " is " + square);
}
}
```

PRINT FACTORIAL OF A NUMBER

```
public class Factorial {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int num = 5;
int result = 1;
for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++) {
  result = result * i;
}
System.out.println("The factorial of " + num + " is " + result);
}
}</pre>
```

PRINT PRIME NUMBERS BETWEEN A RANGE

```
public class PrimeNumbers {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int lower = 1;
int upper = 10;
for (int i = lower; i <= upper; i++) {
boolean isPrime = true;
for (int j = 2; j < i; j++) {
if (i % j == 0) {
isPrime = false;
break;
}
}
if (isPrime) {
System.out.println(i);
}
}
</pre>
```

PRINT REVERSE OF A NUMBER

```
public class ReverseNumber {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
  int num = 12345;
  int reverse = 0;
  while (num != 0) {
    reverse = reverse * 10;
    reverse = reverse + num % 10;
    num = num / 10;
  }
  System.out.println("The reverse of the number is: " + reverse);
  }
}
```

PRINT WEATHER A NUMBER IS PALINDROME OR NOT

```
public class PalindromeNumber {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int num = 121;
int temp = num;
int reverse = 0;
while (temp != 0) {
reverse = reverse * 10;
reverse = reverse + temp % 10;
temp = temp / 10;
}
if (num == reverse) {
System.out.println(num + " is a palindrome.");
} else {
System.out.println(num + " is not a palindrome.");
}
}
}
```

PRINT A NUMBER IS PERFECT NUMBER OR NOT

```
public class PerfectNumber {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int num = 6;
int sum = 0;
for (int i = 1; i < num; i++) {
if (num % i == 0) {
    sum += i;
}
}
if (sum == num) {
    System.out.println(num + " is a perfect number.");
} else {
    System.out.println(num + " is not a perfect number.");
}
}</pre>
```

PRINT A NUMBER ARMSTRONG

```
public class ArmstrongNumber {
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
int num = 153;
int temp = num;
int digits = 0;
int sum = 0;
while (temp > 0) {
digits++;
temp = temp / 10;
temp = num;
while (temp > 0) {
int digit = temp % 10;
sum += Math.pow(digit, digits);
temp = temp / 10;
if (sum == num) {
System.out.println(num + " is an Armstrong number.");
System.out.println(num + " is not an Armstrong number.");
}
}
}
```

PRINT FIBONACCI SERIES

```
public class FibonacciSeries {
public static void main(String[] args) {
  int num = 10;
  int a = 0;
  int b = 1;
  int c = 0;
  System.out.print(a + " " + b + " ");
  for (int i = 2; i < num; i++) {
    c = a + b;
    System.out.print(c + " ");
    a = b;
    b = c;
}
}</pre>
```

PRINT SWAPPED NUMBERS

```
public class SwapNumbers {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int a = 5;
int b = 10;
System.out.println("Before swapping: a = " + a + " b = " + b);
```

```
int temp = a;
a = b;
b = temp;
System.out.println("After swapping: a = " + a + " b = " + b);
}
```

```
public class SwapNumbers {
public static void main(String[] args) {
  int a = 5;
  int b = 10;
  a = a + b;
  b = a - b;
  a = a - b;
  System.out.println("a: " + a + ", b: " + b);
}
```

PRINT PASCAL'S TRIANGLE

```
public class PascalsTriangle {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
  int rows = 5;
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
   int num = 1;
  for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++) {
   System.out.print(num + " ");
   num = num * (i - j) / (j + 1);
  }
  System.out.println();
  }
}</pre>
```

PRINT DIAMOND SHAPE

```
public class DiamondShape {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int size = 5;
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
for (int j = 0; j < size - i - 1; j++) {
System.out.print(" ");
}
for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++) {
System.out.print("* ");</pre>
```

```
System.out.println();
}
for (int i = size - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
  for (int j = 0; j < size - i - 1; j++) {
    System.out.print(" ");
}
for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++) {
    System.out.print("* ");
}
System.out.println();
}
System.out.println();
}</pre>
```

PRINTING HOLLOW TRIANGLE

```
public class HollowDiamond {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
  int size = 5;
  for (int i = 1; i <= size; i++) {
    for (int j = 1; j <= size - i; j++) {
        System.out.print(" ");
    }
    for (int j = 1; j <= 2 * i - 1; j++) {
        if (i == 1 || i == size || j == 1 || j == 2 * i - 1) {
            System.out.print("*");
        } else {
            System.out.print(" ");
        }
    }
    System.out.println();
}</pre>
```

PRINT "PRANAV" IN PYRAMID FORM

```
public class PyramidWord {
public static void main(String[] args) {
String word = "PRANAV";
int size = word.length();
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
for (int j = 0; j < size - i; j++) {
System.out.print(" ");
}
for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++) {</pre>
```

```
System.out.print(word.charAt(j) + " ");
}
System.out.println();
}
}
```

HOME WORK: PRINT YOUR NAME....