ml4sci-task2-model2

March 18, 2024

```
[1]: [!pip install pyarrow
```

Requirement already satisfied: pyarrow in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (14.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.16.6 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pyarrow) (1.25.2)

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
import pyarrow.parquet as parquet
first = 'QCDToGGQQ_IMGjet_RH1all_jet0_run0_n36272.test.snappy.parquet'
second = 'QCDToGGQQ_IMGjet_RH1all_jet0_run1_n47540.test.snappy.parquet'
first_file = parquet.ParquetFile('/content/drive/MyDrive/Sci_data/'+first)
```

0.0.1 Since the size of the raw data is very large, We will first visualise a small chunk of $X_{\underline{\ }}$ jet

```
[3]: chunk_size = 12000
# batches_df = []

for batch in first_file.iter_batches(chunk_size):
    print("RecordBatch")
    batch_df = batch.to_pandas()
    # batches_df.append(batch_df)
    break
    # print("batch_df:", batch_df)
```

RecordBatch

```
[4]: batch_df['y'][9]
```

[4]: 1.0

0.1 Visualizing X_jets

```
[5]: from torch.utils.data import Dataset
      class ImageData(Dataset):
        def __init__(self, img_data, transform):
          self.img_list = []
          self.img_data=img_data
          self.transform=transform
          for number in range(img_data.shape[0]):
            for idx, channels in enumerate(batch_df['X_jets'][number]):
              for i, row in enumerate(channels):
                if i==0:
                  img = row
                else:
                  img = np.vstack([img, row])
              if idx==0:
                final_img = img
              else:
                final_img = np.dstack([final_img, img])
            self.img_list.append(final_img)
        def __len__(self):
          return len(self.img list)
        def __getitem__(self, idx):
          return self.transform(self.img_list[idx]), self.img_data['y'][idx]
 [6]: import torch
      from torchvision.transforms import ToTensor, Compose, Resize, Lambda
      transform = Compose([
          ToTensor(),
          Resize((32,32)),
      ])
 [7]: import numpy as np
      data = ImageData(batch_df, transform)
 [8]: del batch_df
 [9]: from torchvision.models import resnet18
[10]: model = resnet18(weights=True)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/models/_utils.py:223: UserWarning: Arguments other than a weight enum or `None` for 'weights' are deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future. The current behavior is

```
`weights=ResNet18_Weights.DEFAULT` to get the most up-to-date weights.
       warnings.warn(msg)
     Downloading: "https://download.pytorch.org/models/resnet18-f37072fd.pth" to
     /root/.cache/torch/hub/checkpoints/resnet18-f37072fd.pth
                | 44.7M/44.7M [00:00<00:00, 59.3MB/s]
[11]: import torch.nn as nn
      model.fc = nn.Linear(512, 1)
      # Enabling gradient for all parameters gives better results
      for p in model.parameters():
          p.requires_grad = True
[12]: device=torch.device("cuda") if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu'
[13]: model = model.to(device)
[14]: from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random_split
      train_data, test_data = random_split(data, [0.8, 0.2])
[15]: batch_size = 64
      train_dataloader = DataLoader(train_data, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True,)
      test_dataloader = DataLoader(test_data, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True)
[16]: from tqdm import tqdm
      criterion = nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
      optimiser = torch.optim.AdamW(model.parameters(), lr=3e-4)
      num_epochs = 25
[17]: def evaluate(loader):
          model.eval()
          total_samples = 0
          correct_samples = 0
          with torch.no_grad():
              for inputs, labels in loader:
                  inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
                  pred = model(inputs.float()) # Forward pass
                  predicted_labels = (pred.sigmoid().round())
                  correct_samples += (predicted_labels.squeeze(-1) == labels).sum().
       ⇒item()
                  total_samples += labels.size(0)
          return correct_samples / total_samples * 100
```

equivalent to passing `weights=ResNet18_Weights.IMAGENET1K_V1`. You can also use

```
[18]: best_acc = 0
      for epoch in range(1, num_epochs+1):
          epoch_loss = 0
          model.train()
          for inputs, labels in tqdm(train dataloader, desc=f'Epoch {epoch}:'):
              inputs, labels = inputs.to(device), labels.to(device)
              optimiser.zero_grad()
              outputs = model(inputs.float())
              loss = criterion(outputs.squeeze(), labels.float())
             loss.backward()
              optimiser.step()
              epoch_loss += loss.item()
          acc = evaluate(test_dataloader)
          if acc > best_acc:
            best_epoch = epoch
            best_acc= acc
            torch.save(model.state_dict(), 'best_model_resnet.pth')
          print(f'Epoch {epoch}: Loss = {epoch_loss:.4f}, Test Accuracy = {acc:.2f}%')
                         | 150/150 [02:10<00:00, 1.15it/s]
     Epoch 1:: 100%|
     Epoch 1: Loss = 93.4887, Test Accuracy = 69.92%
                         | 150/150 [02:09<00:00, 1.16it/s]
     Epoch 2:: 100%|
     Epoch 2: Loss = 86.4873, Test Accuracy = 71.96%
     Epoch 3:: 100%|
                         | 150/150 [02:09<00:00, 1.16it/s]
     Epoch 3: Loss = 84.5296, Test Accuracy = 72.42%
     Epoch 4:: 100%
                         | 150/150 [02:08<00:00, 1.17it/s]
     Epoch 4: Loss = 82.6285, Test Accuracy = 71.17%
                         | 150/150 [02:08<00:00, 1.17it/s]
     Epoch 5:: 100%
     Epoch 5: Loss = 81.5309, Test Accuracy = 72.08%
                         | 150/150 [02:08<00:00, 1.17it/s]
     Epoch 6:: 100%
     Epoch 6: Loss = 79.0897, Test Accuracy = 72.12%
     Epoch 7:: 100%|
                         | 150/150 [02:09<00:00, 1.16it/s]
     Epoch 7: Loss = 76.8161, Test Accuracy = 72.00%
     Epoch 8:: 100%|
                         | 150/150 [02:09<00:00, 1.16it/s]
     Epoch 8: Loss = 75.8674, Test Accuracy = 65.62%
                         | 150/150 [02:09<00:00, 1.16it/s]
     Epoch 9:: 100%|
     Epoch 9: Loss = 74.2520, Test Accuracy = 70.38%
     Epoch 10:: 100%
                          | 150/150 [02:08<00:00, 1.17it/s]
```

```
Epoch 10: Loss = 70.5479, Test Accuracy = 62.79%
```

Epoch 20: Loss = 34.0486, Test Accuracy = 69.29%

Epoch 21:: 100% | 150/150 [02:09<00:00, 1.16it/s]

Epoch 21: Loss = 30.0833, Test Accuracy = 63.42%

Epoch 22:: 100% | 150/150 [02:10<00:00, 1.15it/s]

Epoch 22: Loss = 29.5587, Test Accuracy = 62.96%

Epoch 23:: 100% | 150/150 [02:08<00:00, 1.16it/s]

Epoch 23: Loss = 24.9666, Test Accuracy = 66.33%

Epoch 24:: 100% | 150/150 [02:08<00:00, 1.17it/s]

Epoch 24: Loss = 23.1163, Test Accuracy = 67.58%

Epoch 25:: 100% | 150/150 [02:08<00:00, 1.17it/s]

Epoch 25: Loss = 22.6408, Test Accuracy = 69.00%