

0-1 knapsack problem:

```
class knapsack {  
  
    static int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n) {  
        if (n == 0 || W == 0)  
            return 0;  
  
        if (wt[n - 1] > W)  
            return knapSack(W, wt, val, n - 1);  
  
        else  
            return Math.max(knapSack(W, wt, val, n - 1),  
                            val[n - 1] + knapSack(W - wt[n-1], wt, val, n-1));  
    }  
}
```

Time Complexity = $O(2^n)$

Space Complexity = $O(n)$

Hidden Test Cases:

int[] profit = [60]

int[] weight = [10]

int W = 50

output = 0

int[] profit = [60]

int[] weight = [100]

int W = 50

output = 0

Floor in sorted array:

```
class floor_sorted {  
    public int searchInsert(int[] nums, int target) {  
        int left = 0;  
        int right = nums.length - 1;  
        while(left<=right){  
            int mid = (right+left)/2;  
            if(nums[mid]==target){  
                return mid;  
            }  
            else if(nums[mid]>target){  
                right=mid-1;  
            }  
            else{  
                left=mid+1;  
            }  
        }  
        return left;  
    }  
}
```

Time Complexity = $O(\log n)$

Space Complexity = $O(1)$

Hidden Test Case:

nums = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50], target = 5

output = 0

nums = [1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5], target = 3

output = 2

Check equal arrays

```
class equalArrays {  
    public static boolean areEqual(int arr1[], int arr2[])  
    {  
        int N = arr1.length;  
        int M = arr2.length;  
        if (N != M)  
            return false;  
        Arrays.sort(arr1);  
        Arrays.sort(arr2);  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)  
            if (arr1[i] != arr2[i])  
                return false;  
  
        return true;  
    }  
}
```

Time Complexity = $O(n \log n)$

Space Complexity = $O(n)$

Hidden Test Cases:

arr1 = [1, 2, 3], arr2 = [1, 2]

output = false

arr1 = [10, 20, 30, 30, 20, 10], arr2 = [30, 20, 10, 20, 30, 10]

output = true

Palindrome linked list:

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean isPalindrome(ListNode head) {  
        List<Integer> list = new ArrayList();  
        while(head!=null){  
            list.add(head.val);  
            head = head.next;  
        }  
  
        int left = 0;  
        int right = list.size()-1;  
  
        while(left<right && list.get(left)==list.get(right)){  
            left++;  
            right--;  
        }  
        return left>=right;  
    }  
}
```

Time Complexity = $O(N)$

Space Complexity = $O(N)$

Hidden Test Cases:

Head = [1, 2, 2, 1]

Output = true

Head = [1, 2, 3, 4]

Output = false

Balanced tree check

```
class BalancedTree {  
    public boolean isBalanced(TreeNode root) {  
        if (root == null) return true;  
        if (Height(root) == -1) return false;  
        return true;  
    }  
  
    public int Height(TreeNode root) {  
        if (root == null) return 0;  
        int leftHeight = Height(root.left);  
        int rightHeight = Height(root.right);  
        if (leftHeight == -1 || rightHeight == -1) return -1;  
        if (Math.abs(leftHeight - rightHeight) > 1) return -1;  
        return Math.max(leftHeight, rightHeight) + 1;  
    }  
}
```

Time Complexity = $O(n)$

Space Complexity = $O(n)$

Hidden Test Cases:

Input: root = [3,9,20,null,null,15,7]

Output: true

Input: root = [1,2,2,3,3,null,null,4,4]

Output: false

Triplet sum in array

```
class 3sum {  
    public List<List<Integer>> threeSum(int[] nums) {  
        List<List<Integer>> res = new ArrayList<>();  
        Arrays.sort(nums);  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < nums.length; i++) {  
            if (i > 0 && nums[i] == nums[i-1]) {  
                continue;  
            }  
  
            int j = i + 1;  
            int k = nums.length - 1;  
  
            while (j < k) {  
                int total = nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k];  
  
                if (total > 0) {  
                    k--;  
                } else if (total < 0) {  
                    j++;  
                } else {  
                    res.add(Arrays.asList(nums[i], nums[j], nums[k]));  
                    j++;  
  
                    while (nums[j] == nums[j-1] && j < k) {  
                        j++;  
                    }  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
    }  
    return res;  
}  
}
```

Time Complexity = $O(N^2)$

Space Complexity = $O(N)$

Hidden Test Cases:

int[] nums = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

output = []

int[] nums = [-1, 0, 1, 2, -1, -4]

output = [[-1, -1, 2], [-1, 0, 1]]