<u>JENKINS – CI/CD PIPELINE FOR CUSTOMER SERVICE APPLICATION</u> MICROSERVICES (CAPSTONE PROJECT)

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JENKINS

- Jenkins is an open-source automation server used to automate the building, testing, and deploying of software projects.
- It is widely used for Continuous Integration (CI) and Continuous Delivery (CD).

Key Features:

- **Automation**: Automates repetitive tasks like building and testing code.
- Extensibility: Supports numerous plugins to extend functionality (e.g., Git, Docker, Maven).
- **Distributed Builds**: Can run builds on multiple nodes (machines) to distribute workload.

WEB HOOK AND Poll SCM

• Webhook and Poll SCM (Source Code Management) are two different methods in Jenkins for triggering builds based on changes in a version control system like Git. Here's a detailed comparison:

1. Webhook:

- A webhook is an HTTP callback that triggers a build in Jenkins immediately when there's a change in the repository (like a new commit or a pull request).
- The webhook is set up on the version control system's side (e.g., GitHub, GitLab) and sends a POST request to Jenkins when changes occur.

How It Works:

- 1. When a commit is pushed to the repository, the webhook sends an HTTP request to the specified URL in Jenkins.
- 2. Jenkins receives the request and triggers a build for the relevant job.

Advantages:

- Real-Time Triggers: Builds are triggered almost instantly when changes are pushed, reducing the delay between commits and builds.
- Efficient: No need for Jenkins to repeatedly check for changes, saving resources.

Setup:

Requires configuration on both Jenkins and the version control system (e.g., GitHub settings to add a webhook pointing to Jenkins).

2. Poll SCM:

- Poll SCM is a method where Jenkins periodically checks the version control system for changes in the repository.
- Jenkins uses a cron-like syntax to determine how often it should poll the repository for changes.

How It Works:

- Jenkins periodically checks the repository (e.g., every minute, every hour) to see if there have been any new commits since the last build.
- If changes are detected, Jenkins triggers a build.

Advantages:

- Simplicity: Easier to set up because it only requires configuration on the Jenkins side; no changes needed on the repository side.
- Control: You can control the frequency of checks, which might be beneficial if you don't need real-time builds.

Disadvantages:

- Latency: Builds may be delayed depending on the polling frequency. For example, if you poll every 5 minutes, there could be up to a 5-minute delay.
- Resource-Intensive: Frequent polling can be resource-intensive, especially for large repositories or multiple jobs.

Setup:

Configured directly in Jenkins under the job settings with a specific polling schedule.

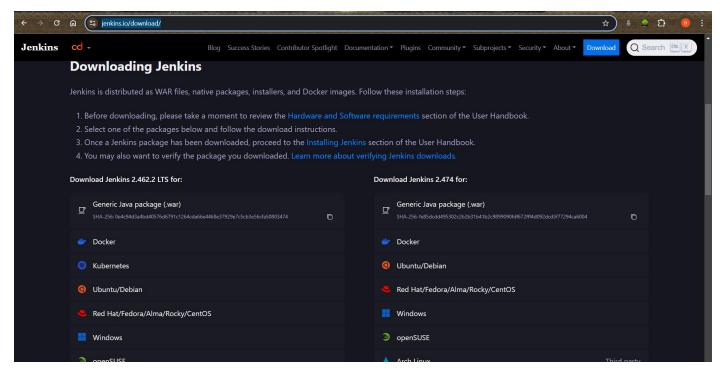
JENKINS INSTALLATION

PREREQUISITES

Java jdk-17

STEPS:

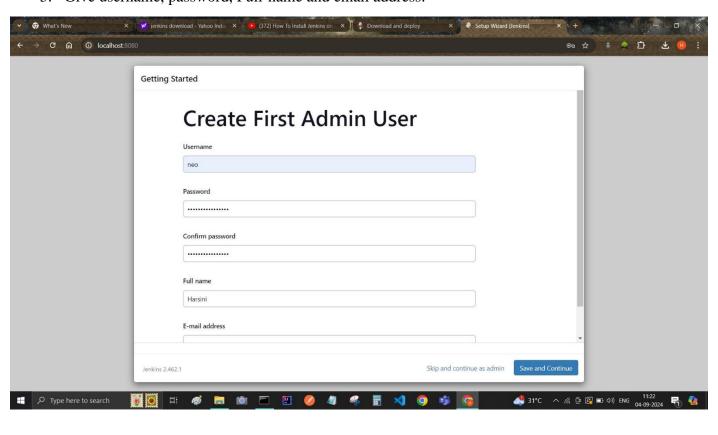
1. Download the Jenkins.war file from the link https://www.jenkins.io/download/

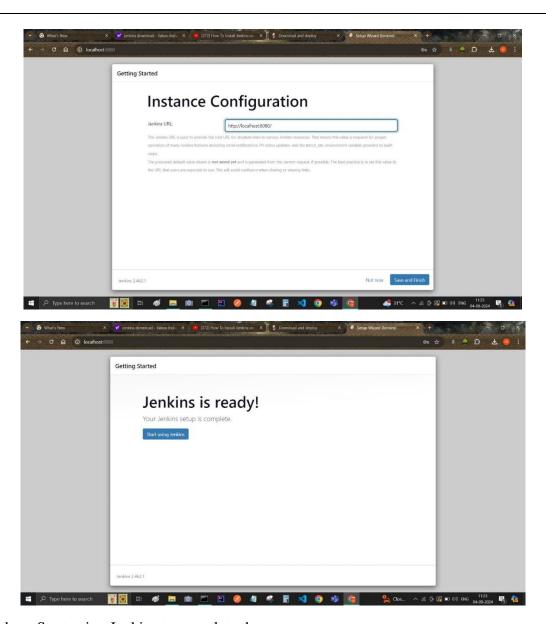


- 2. Open a command prompt and move to the war file location and run the command
- java -jar Jenkins.war –enable-future-java

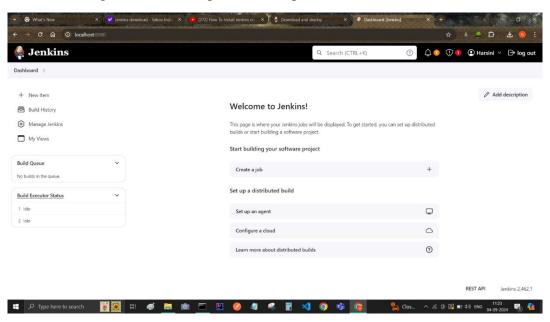
```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.4651]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Harsini>java --version
openjdk 11.0.24 2024-07-16 LTS
OpenJDK Runtime Environment Corretto-11.0.24.8.1 (build 11.0.24+8-LTS)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM Corretto-11.0.24.8.1 (build 11.0.24+8-LTS, mixed mode)
C:\Users\Harsini>cd downloads
C:\Users\Harsini\Downloads>java -jar jenkins.war --enable-future-java
Running from: C:\Users\Harsini\Downloads\jenkins.war
webroot: C:\Users\Harsini\.jenkins\war
2024-09-04 05:47:53.198+0000 [id=1]
                                          INFO
                                                  winstone.Logger#logInternal: Beginning extraction from war file
2024-09-04 05:47:55.978+0000 [id=1]
                                          WARNING o.e.j.s.handler.ContextHandler#setContextPath: Empty contextPath
                                                  org.eclipse.jetty.server.Server#doStart: jetty-10.0.20; built: 2
2024-09-04 05:47:56.124+0000 [id=1]
                                          INFO
024-01-29T20:46:45.278Z; git: 3a745c71c23682146f262b99f4ddc4c1bc41630c; jvm 11.0.24+8-LTS
2024-09-04 05:47:57.286+0000 [id=1]
                                                  o.e.j.w.StandardDescriptorProcessor#visitServlet: NO JSP Support
                                          INFO
for /, did not find org.eclipse.jetty.jsp.JettyJspServlet
2024-09-04 05:47:57.476+0000 [id=1] INFO o.e.j.s.s.l
                                                  o.e.j.s.s.DefaultSessionIdManager#doStart: Session workerName=no
2024-09-04 05:47:58.507+0000 [id=1]
                                                  hudson.WebAppMain#contextInitialized: Jenkins home directory: C:
                                          TNFO
\Users\Harsini\.jenkins found at: $user.home/.jenkins
```

- 3. Go to web browser and visit port 8080(Jenkins usually runs in this port).
- 4. Click on Installed Plugins to install the default plugins.
- 5. Give username, password, Full-name and email address.





6. Click on Start using Jenkins to complete the setup.



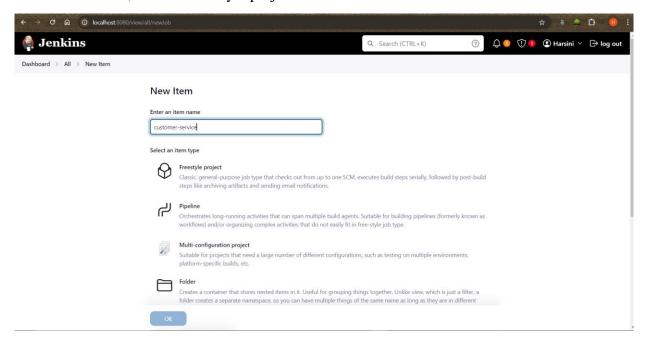
<u>IMPLEMENTATION JENKINS JOB FOR OUR CAPSTONE PROJECT –</u> EMPLOYEE MICROSERVICE

1. Freestyle Project in Jenkins:

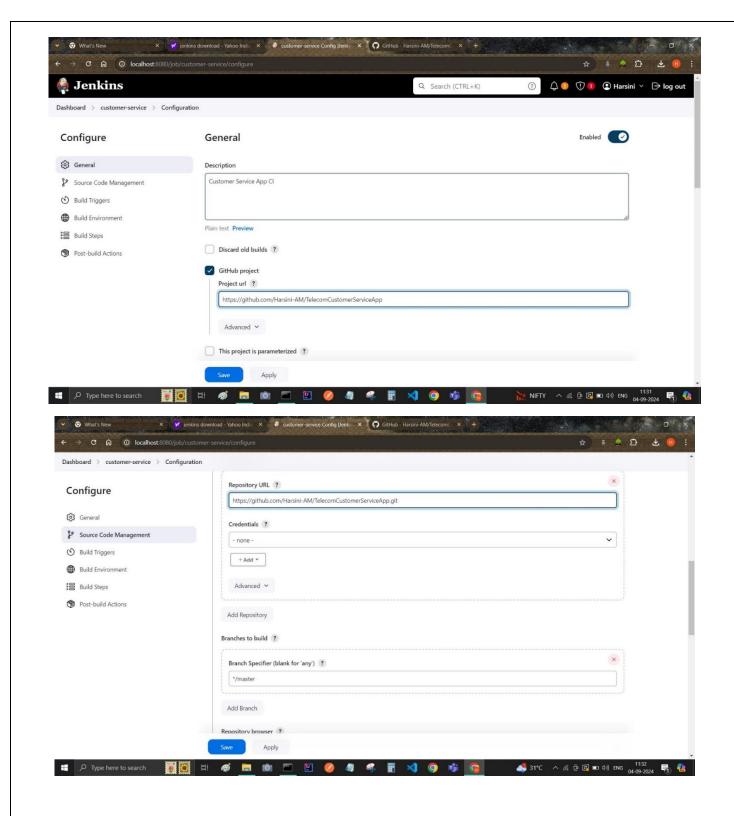
- Simple & Basic: A Freestyle Project is a basic project type in Jenkins.
- Configuration: You manually configure build steps, like running shell commands, compiling code, or running tests.
- Ease of Use: It's easy to set up and suitable for simple, straightforward jobs.
- Limited Flexibility: While it's quick to configure, it lacks the advanced control and flexibility of a pipeline.
- Best For: Small or single-step tasks that don't require complex workflows or multiple stages.

Using Poll SCM

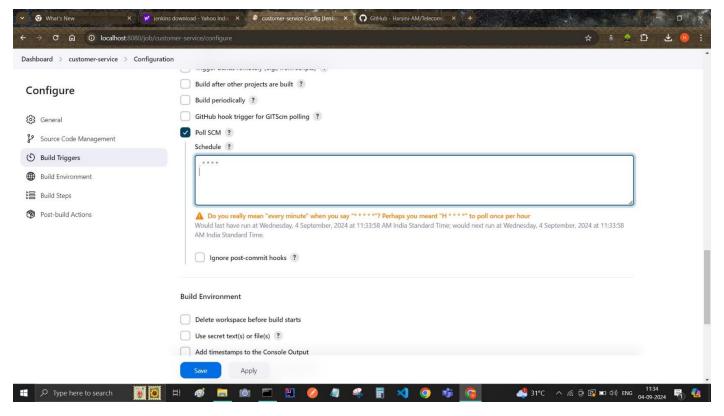
- 1. Click on Add New Item to create a new Job.
- 2. Give a name, click on freestyle project.



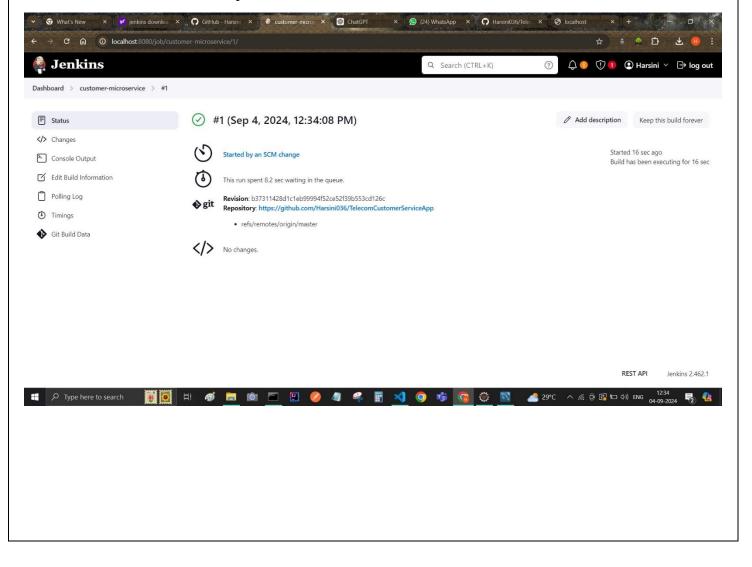
3. Give job – a description, provide the gihub repository URL, select the branch.

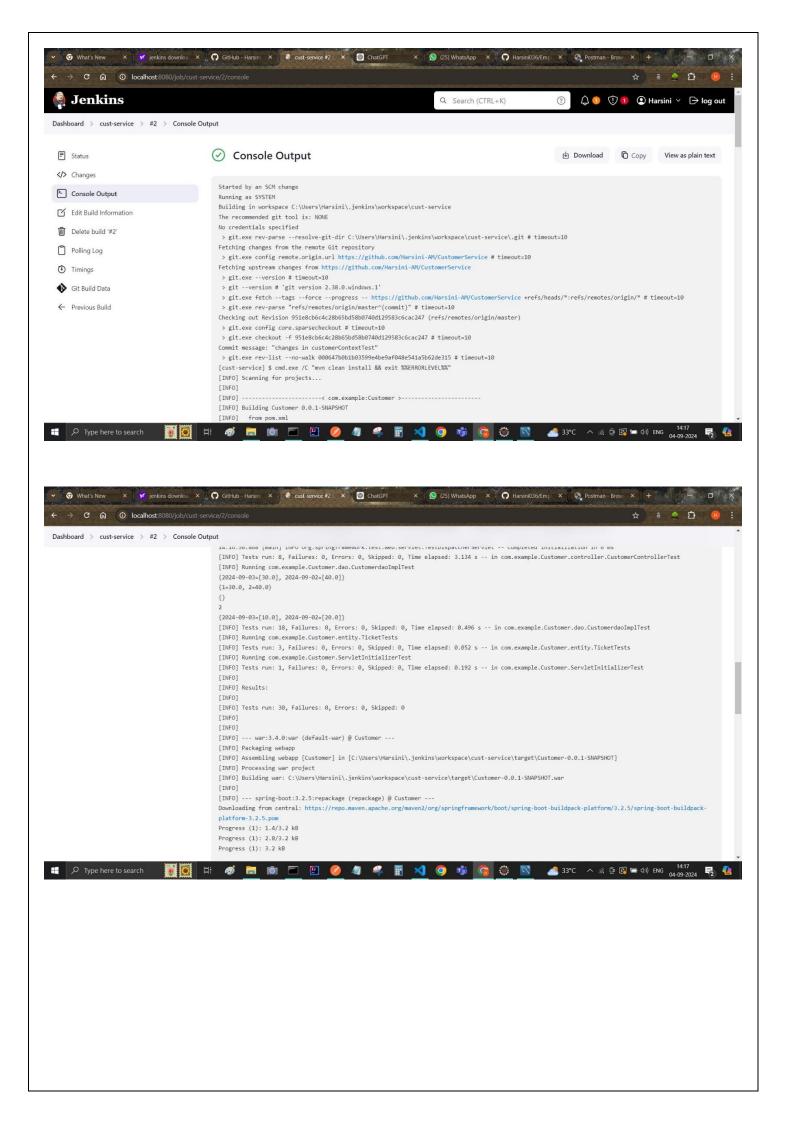


4. In build triggers, click on Poll SCM. And provide **** - that will check the github repo for every one minute, if there is any new commit, build will be triggered.



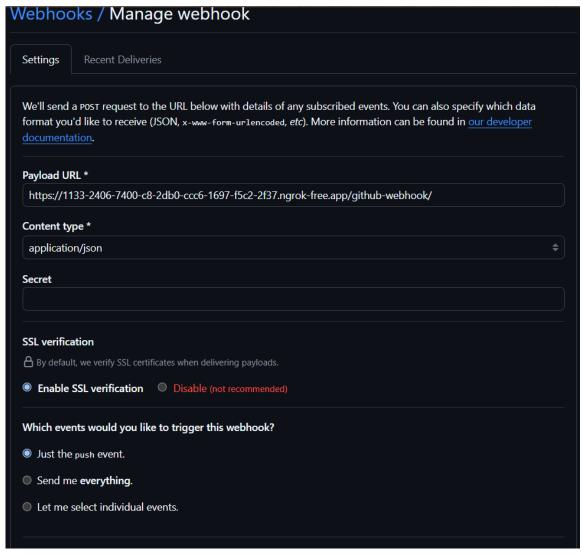
- 5. Click on Apply to save the job.
- 6. Now click on Build Now in the Sidebar or do new commit to the gihub repository.
- 7. Build will be triggered.
- 8. The build status Success or failure will be displayed in the status and details messages can be viewed in console output.

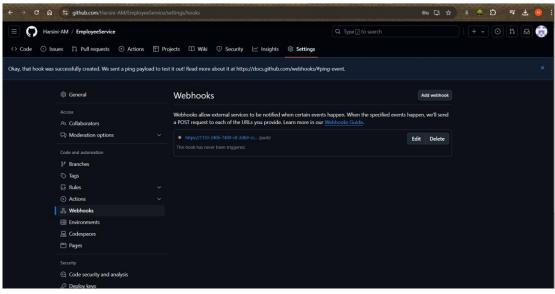




Using WEBHOOK

- 1. Create a freestyle project and follow same steps as above except, in the build trigger click on **GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling**
- 2. In the github repository, go the settings -> WebHook -> Add WebHook
- 3. Add the Jenkins URL to which the HTTP POST request will be send.
- 4. Change the content type to application/json.
- 5. Click on ok.
- 6. For every commit to the repo, build will be automatically triggered in the Jenkins side.

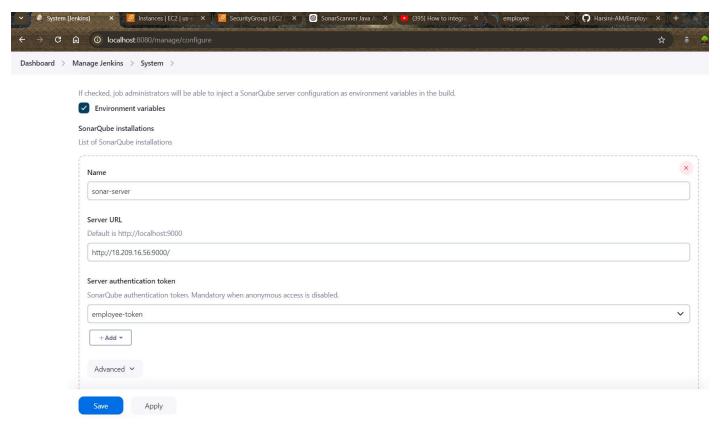




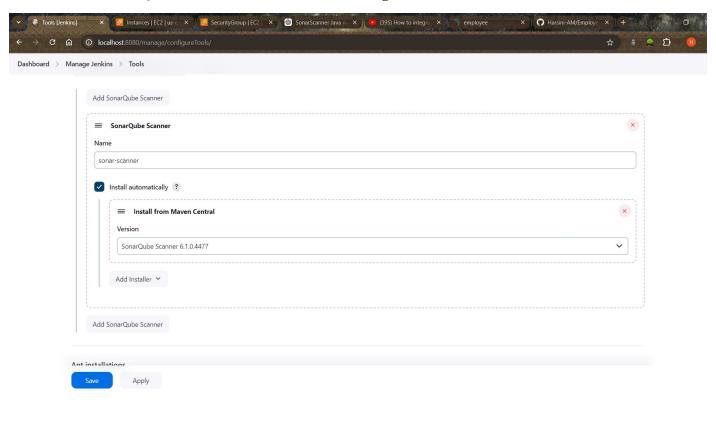
<u>JENKINS PIPELINE – To build, Run Junit test cases, Generate Sonar Report,</u> <u>Building Docker Image, and finally pushing to DockerHub.</u>

Prerequisites:

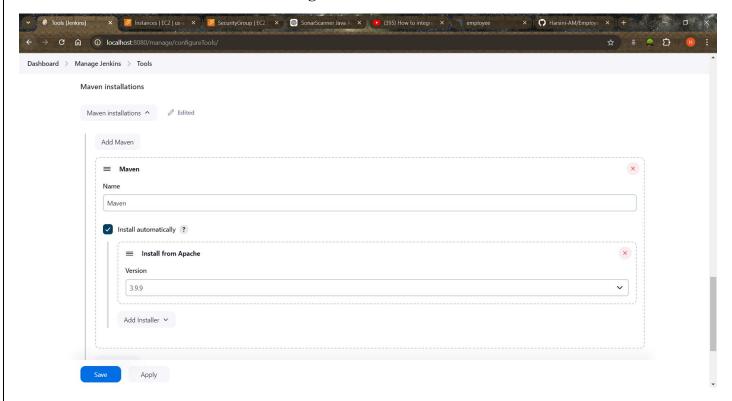
1. Add Sonar server URL running in an amazon ec2-instance along with the project authentication token under **Manage Jenkins** > **System**



2. Install SonarQube Scanner in Jenkins under Manage Jenkins > Tools.

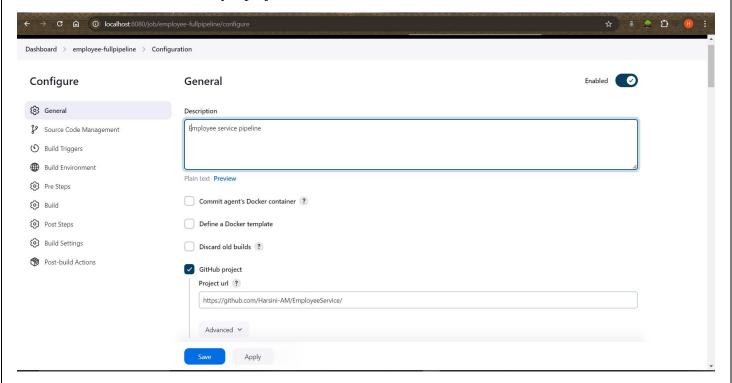


3. Install Maven in Jenkins under **Manage Jenkins** > **Tools.**

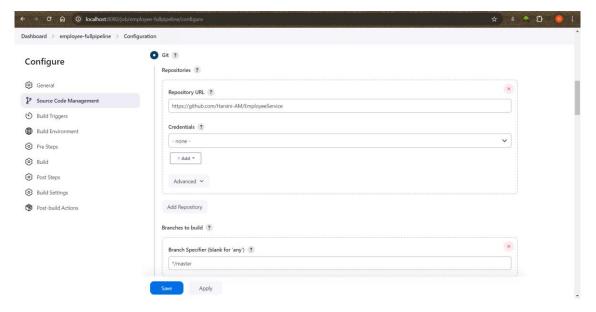


A. FREESTYLE PROJECT

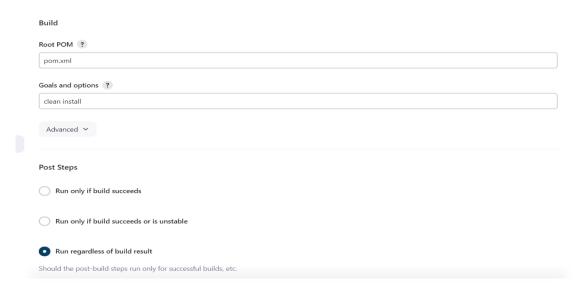
1. Click on New Freestyle project



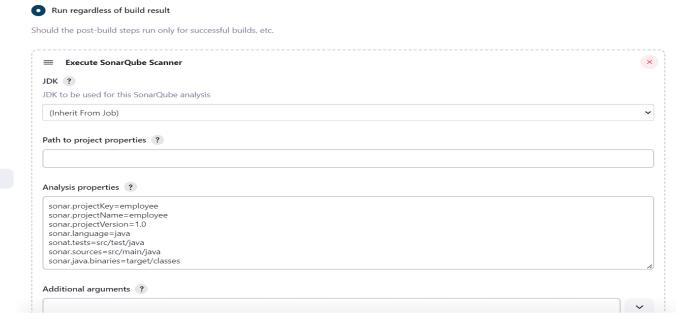
2. Give a name for the job, description, provide github URL.



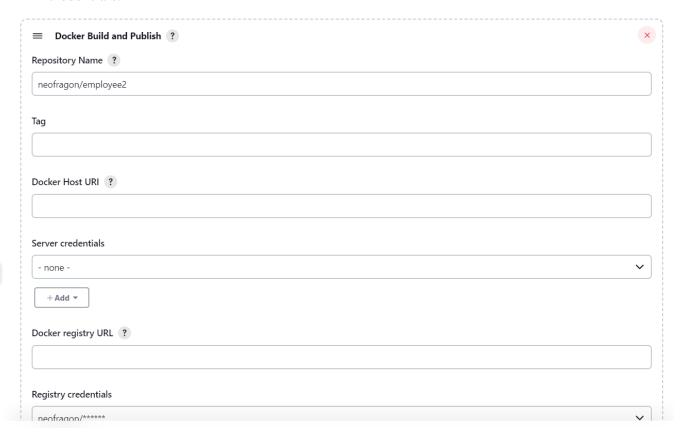
3. In the build option, under Goals and option give **clean install.** (to trigger maven build stages)



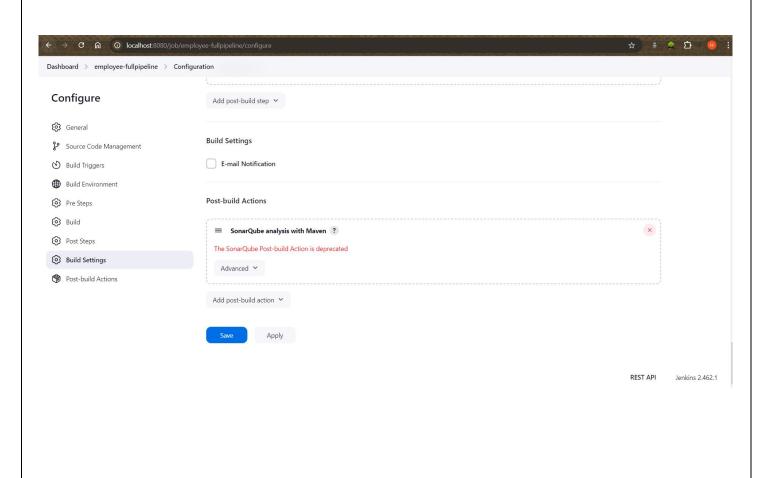
4. Under pre-build actions, click on **Execute SonarQube scanner** and in the **Analysis properties**, we have to provide sonar project name, key, version, test and source file directories.



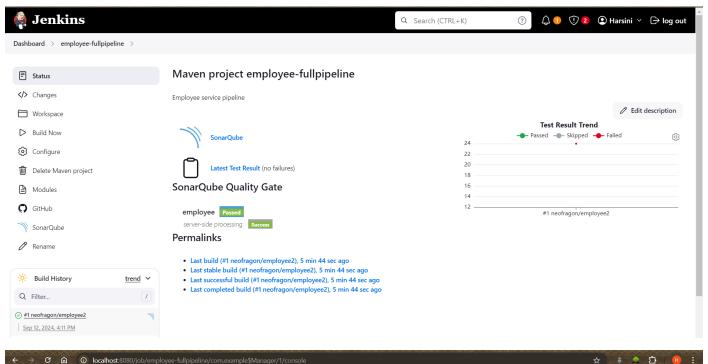
5. To build and publish the docker image to Docker Hub, we should click on **Docker build and publish**, where we need to provide docker hub repository name and add our docker hub credentials.

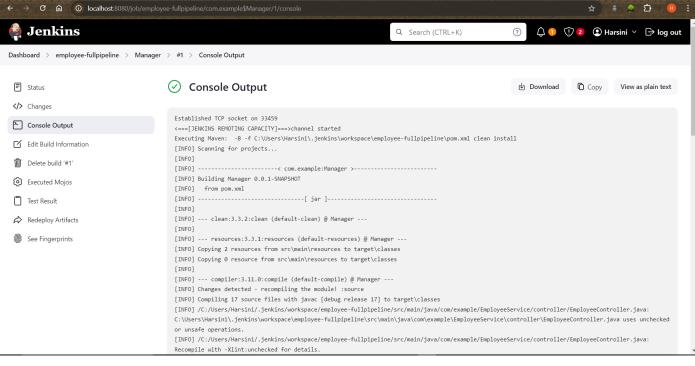


6. In the post build, we have to select SonarQube Analysis with Maven.



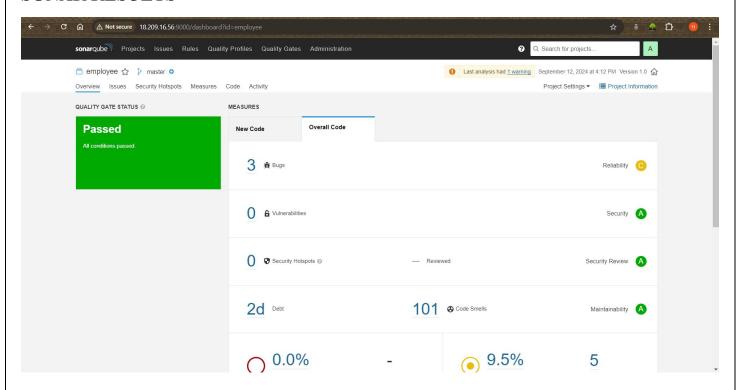
BUILD OUTPUT



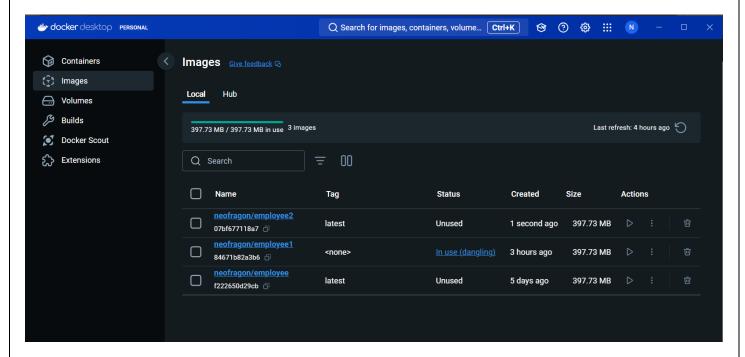


```
16:12:37.569 INFO Sensor VB.NET Project Type Information [vbnet] (done) | time=2ms
16:12:37.569 INFO Sensor VB.NET Properties [vbnet]
16:12:37.571 INFO Sensor VB.NET Properties [vbnet] (done) | time=2ms
16:12:37.579 INFO ------ Run sensors on project
16:12:37.605 INFO Sensor Zero Coverage Sensor
16:12:37.661 INFO Sensor Zero Coverage Sensor (done) | time=56ms
16:12:37.662 INFO Sensor Java CPD Block Indexer
16:12:37.792 INFO Sensor Java CPD Block Indexer (done) | time=131ms
16:12:37.796 INFO SCM Publisher SCM provider for this project is: git
16:12:37.797 INFO SCM Publisher 17 source files to be analyzed
16:12:38.292 INFO SCM Publisher 17/17 source files have been analyzed (done) | time=494ms
16:12:38.302 INFO CPD Executor 6 files had no CPD blocks
16:12:38.302 INFO CPD Executor Calculating CPD for 11 files
16:12:38.352 INFO CPD Executor CPD calculation finished (done) | time=49ms
16:12:38.620 INFO Analysis report generated in 223ms, dir size=194.0 kB
16:12:39.014 INFO Analysis report compressed in 393ms, zip size=66.6 kB
16:12:39.704 INFO Analysis report uploaded in 686ms
16:12:39.708 INFO ANALYSIS SUCCESSFUL, you can browse http://18.209.16.56:9000/dashboard?id=employee
16:12:39.708 INFO Note that you will be able to access the updated dashboard once the server has processed the submitted analysis report
16:12:39.710 INFO More about the report processing at http://18.209.16.56:9000/api/ce/task?id=AZH11A_1SYACYk_HN1tR
16:12:39.822 INFO Analysis total time: 22.403 s
16:12:39.826 INFO EXECUTION SUCCESS
16:12:39.827 INFO Total time: 26.406s
[employee-fullpipeline] $ docker build -t neofragon/employee2 --pull=true C:\Users\Harsini\.jenkins\workspace\employee-fullpipeline
#0 building with "desktop-linux" instance using docker driver
#1 [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile
#1 transferring dockerfile: 160B 0.0s done
#1 DONE 0.1s
```

SONAR RESULTS



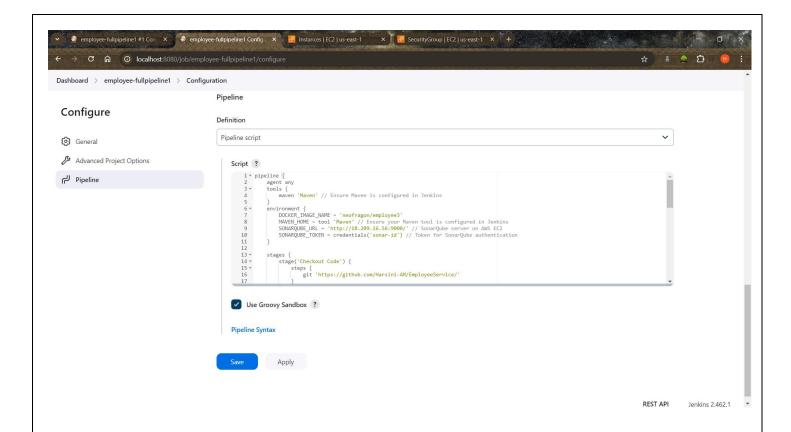
DOCKER IMAGE IN DOCKER HUB



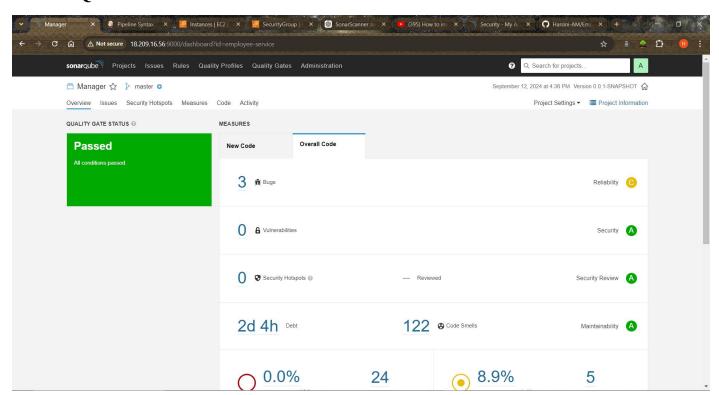
B. PIPELINE PROJECT

- Advanced & Flexible: A Pipeline Project allows defining complex workflows as code in a Jenkinsfile.
- **Scripted/Declarative**: You write a series of steps or stages in Groovy, making it highly customizable.
- Multi-Stage Builds: Supports multiple stages (e.g., build, test, deploy), making it ideal for Continuous Delivery (CD).
- Code as Configuration: The build process is defined in code, making it easy to version control and reproduce.
- **Best For**: Complex, multi-step processes where you need more control and automation.

PIPELINE THAT RUN JUNIT TESTS, GENERATE SONAR REPORTS, BUILD AND PUBLISH DOCKER IMAGE FOR EMPLOYEE MICROSERVICE TO DOCKER HUB.



SONARQUBE RESULTS



DOCKER IMAGE OF EMPLOYEE MICROSERVICE

