# The Chemical Mechanism of MECCA

KPP version: 2.2.1\_rs3

MECCA version: 2.5i

Date: July 8, 2009.

Selected reactions:

"((Tr && (G || Het) && !I) || St)"

Number of aerosol phases: 0

Number of species in selected mechanism:

Gas phase: 134

Aqueous phase:

All species:

Number of reactions in selected mechanism: Gas phase (Gnnn): 229

Aqueous phase (Annn):

Henry (Hnnn):

Photolysis (Jnnn):

Heterogeneous (HETnnn):

Equilibria (EQnn):

All equations: Dummy (Dnn):

R. Sander et al. (Atmos. Chem. Phys. 5, 445-450, 2005), available at The new comprehensive atmospheric chemistry module MECCA" by Further information can be found in the article "Technical Note: http://www.atmos-chem-phys.net/5/445.

Table 1: Gas phase reactions

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
G1000	StTrG	$O_2 + O(^1D) \to O(^3P) + O_2$	3.3E-11*EXP(55./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G1001	StTrG	$\mathrm{O_2} + \mathrm{O(^3P)} \rightarrow \mathrm{O_3}$	6.E-34*((temp/300.)**(-2.4))*cair	Sander et al. $(2006)$
G1002	$\operatorname{StG}$	$\mathrm{O_3} + \mathrm{O(^1D)} \rightarrow 2 \ \mathrm{O_2}$	1.2E-10	Sander et al. $(2006)^*$
G1003	$\operatorname{StG}$	$\mathrm{O_3} + \mathrm{O(^3P)}  ightarrow 2 \mathrm{O_2}$	8.E-12*EXP(-2060./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2100	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$\mathrm{H} + \mathrm{O}_2  o \mathrm{HO}_2$	k_3rd(temp,cair,4.4E-32,1.3,4.7E-11,	Sander et al. (2006)
			0.2,0.6)	
G2101	$\operatorname{StG}$	$\mathrm{H} + \mathrm{O}_3 \rightarrow \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{O}_2$	1.4E-10*EXP(-470./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2102	$\operatorname{StG}$	$\mathrm{H_2} + \mathrm{O(^1D)} \rightarrow \mathrm{H} + \mathrm{OH}$	1.1E-10	Sander et al. (2006)
G2103	$\operatorname{StG}$	$OH + O(^3P) \rightarrow H + O_2$	2.2E-11*EXP(120./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2104	StTrG	$OH + O_3 \rightarrow LossOH + HO_2 + O_2$	1.7E-12*EXP(-940./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2105	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$\mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{H_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{H_2O} + \mathrm{H}$	2.8E-12*EXP(-1800./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2106	$\operatorname{StG}$	$\mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{O(^3P)} \rightarrow \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{O_2}$	3.E-11*EXP(200./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2107	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$HO_2 + O_3 \rightarrow LossHO2 + OH + 2 O_2$	1.E-14*EXP(-490./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2108a	$\operatorname{StG}$	$\mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{H} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{OH}$	7.2E-11	Sander et al. (2006)
G2108b	$\operatorname{StG}$	$\mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{H}  ightarrow \mathrm{H_2} + \mathrm{O_2}$	6.9E-12	Sander et al. (2006)
G2108c	$\operatorname{StG}$	$\mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{O(^3P)} + \mathrm{H_2O}$	1.6E-12	Sander et al. (2006)
G2109	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$\mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{H_2O} + \mathrm{O_2}$	4.8E-11*EXP(250./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2110	StTrG	$\mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{HO_2}  ightarrow \mathrm{H_2O_2} + \mathrm{O_2}$	k_H02_H02	Christensen et al. (2002),
				Kircher and Sander (1984)*
G2111	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$H_2O + O(^1D) \rightarrow LossO1D + 2 OH$	1.63E-10*EXP(60./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G2112	StTrG	$\mathrm{H_2O_2} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{H_2O} + \mathrm{HO_2}$	1.8E-12	Sander et al. (2006)
G3100	StGN	$N + O_2 \rightarrow NO + O(^3P)$	1.5E-11*EXP(-3600./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3101	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$N_2 + O(^1D) \to O(^3P) + N_2$	2.15E-11*EXP(110./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3102a	$\operatorname{StGN}$	$N_2O + O(^1D) \rightarrow 2 NO$	6.7E-11*EXP(20./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3102b	$\operatorname{StGN}$	$N_2O + O(^1D) \rightarrow N_2 + O_2$	4.7E-11*EXP(20./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3103	StTrGN	$NO + O_3 \rightarrow NO_2 + O_2$	3.E-12*EXP(-1500./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3104	$\operatorname{StGN}$	$NO + N \rightarrow O(^{3}P) + N_{2}$	2.1E-11*EXP(100./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3105	$\operatorname{StGN}$	$NO_2 + O(^3P) \rightarrow NO + O_2$	5.1E-12*EXP(210./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3106	StTrGN	$NO_2 + O_3 \rightarrow NO_3 + O_2$	1.2E-13*EXP(-2450./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3107	$\operatorname{StGN}$	$NO_2 + N \rightarrow N_2O + O(^3P)$	5.8E-12*EXP(220./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3108	$\operatorname{StTrGN}$	$\mathrm{NO_3} + \mathrm{NO} \rightarrow 2 \ \mathrm{NO_2}$	1.5E-11*EXP(170./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3109	$\operatorname{StTrGN}$	$\mathrm{NO_3} + \mathrm{NO_2}  ightarrow \mathrm{N_2O_5}$	k_N03_N02	Sander et al. (2006)*
G3110	StTrGN	$N_2O_5 \rightarrow NO_2 + NO_3$	k_NO3_NO2/(2.7E-27*EXP(11000./temp))	Sander et al. $(2006)^*$

Table 1: Gas phase reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
G3200	TrGN	$NO + OH \rightarrow HONO$	k_3rd(temp,cair,7.0E-31,2.6,3.6E-11,	Sander et al. (2006)
			0.1,0.6)	
G3201	StTrGN	$NO + HO_2 \rightarrow ProdHO2 + NO_2 + OH$	3.5E-12*EXP(250./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3202	StTrGN	$NO_2 + OH \rightarrow HNO_3$	k_3rd(temp,cair,1.8E-30,3.0,2.8E-11,0.,	Sander et al. (2006)
			0.6)	,
G3203	StTrGN	$NO_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow HNO_4$	k_N02_H02	Sander et al. $(2006)^*$
G3204	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NO_3 + HO_2 \rightarrow NO_2 + OH + O_2$	3.5E-12	Sander et al. (2006)
G3205	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{HONO} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO}_2 + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$	1.8E-11*EXP(-390./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3206	$\operatorname{StTrGN}$	$\mathrm{HNO_3} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{H_2O} + \mathrm{NO_3}$	k_HNO3_OH	Sander et al. (2006)*
G3207	$\operatorname{StTrGN}$	$\mathrm{HNO_4}  ightarrow \mathrm{NO_2} + \mathrm{HO_2}$	k_NO2_HO2/(2.1E-27*EXP(10900./temp))	Sander et al. (2006)*
G3208	$\operatorname{StTrGN}$	$\mathrm{HNO_4} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO_2} + \mathrm{H_2O}$	1.3E-12*EXP(380./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G3209	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NH_3 + OH \rightarrow NH_2 + H_2O$	1.7E-12*EXP(-710./temp)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3210	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NH_2 + O_3 \rightarrow NH_2O + O_2$	4.3E-12*EXP(-930./temp)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3211	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NH_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow NH_2O + OH$	4.8E-07*EXP(-628./temp)*temp**(-1.32)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3212	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NH_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow HNO + H_2O$	9.4E-09*EXP(-356./temp)*temp**(-1.12)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3213	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{NH_2} + \mathrm{NO} \rightarrow \mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{N_2}$	1.92E-12*((temp/298.)**(-1.5))	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3214	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{NH_2} + \mathrm{NO} \rightarrow \mathrm{N_2} + \mathrm{H_2O}$	1.41E-11*((temp/298.)**(-1.5))	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3215	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NH_2 + NO_2 \rightarrow N_2O + H_2O$	1.2E-11*((temp/298.)**(-2.0))	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3216	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NH_2 + NO_2 \rightarrow NH_2O + NO$	0.8E-11*((temp/298.)**(-2.0))	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3217	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NH_2O + O_3 \rightarrow NH_2 + O_2$	1.2E-14	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3218	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{NH_2O}  ightarrow \mathrm{NHOH}$	1.3E+3	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3219	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{HNO} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO} + \mathrm{H_2O}$	8.0E-11*EXP(-500./temp)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3220	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{HNO} + \mathrm{NHOH} \rightarrow \mathrm{NH_2OH} + \mathrm{NO}$	1.66E-12*EXP(-1500./temp)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3221	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{HNO} + \mathrm{NO}_2 \rightarrow \mathrm{HONO} + \mathrm{NO}$	1.0E-12*EXP(-1000./temp)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3222	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NHOH + OH \rightarrow HNO + H_2O$	1.66E-12	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3223	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$NH_2OH + OH \rightarrow NHOH + H_2O$	4.13E-11*EXP(-2138./temp)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G3224	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{HNO} + \mathrm{O}_2 \rightarrow \mathrm{HO}_2 + \mathrm{NO}$	3.65E-14*EXP(-4600./temp)	Kohlmann and Poppe (1999)
G4100	$\operatorname{StG}$	$CH_4 + O(^1D) \rightarrow .75 CH_3O_2 + .75 OH + .25 HCHO + .4$	1.5E-10	Sander et al. (2006)
		$\mathrm{H}+.05~\mathrm{H}_{2}$		,
G4101	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$CH_4 + OH \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + H_2O$	1.85E-20*EXP(2.82*log(temp)-987./temp)	Atkinson $(2003)^*$
G4102	$\operatorname{Tr} G$	$CH_3OH + OH \rightarrow HCHO + HO_2$	2.9E-12*EXP(-345./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4103	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$CH_3O_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow CH_3OOH + O_2$	4.1E-13*EXP(750./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)*
G4104	$\operatorname{StTrGN}$	$CH_3O_2 + NO \rightarrow ProdMeO_2 + HCHO + NO_2 + HO_2$	2.8E-12*EXP(300./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4105	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$CH_3O_2 + NO_3 \rightarrow HCHO + HO_2 + NO_2$	1.3E-12	Atkinson et al. (1999)

Table 1: Gas phase reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
G4106a	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$\mathrm{CH_3O_2} + \mathrm{CH_3O_2} \rightarrow 2 \; \mathrm{HCHO} + 2 \; \mathrm{HO_2}$	9.5E-14*EXP(390./temp)/(1.+1./	Sander et al. (2006)
			26.2*EXP(1130./temp))	
G4106b	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$CH_3O_2 + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow HCHO + CH_3OH + O_2$	9.5E-14*EXP(390./temp)/(1.+	Sander et al. (2006)
			26.2*EXP(-1130./temp))	
G4107	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$CH_3OOH + OH \rightarrow .7 CH_3O_2 + .3 HCHO + .3 OH + H_2O$	k_CH300H_OH	Sander et al. $(2006)^*$
G4108	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$\mathrm{HCHO} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{CO} + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O} + \mathrm{HO}_2$	9.52E-18*EXP(2.03*log(temp)+636./temp)	Sivakumaran et al. (2003)
G4109	$\operatorname{TrGN}$	$\mathrm{HCHO} + \mathrm{NO}_3 \rightarrow \mathrm{HNO}_3 + \mathrm{CO} + \mathrm{HO}_2$	3.4E-13*EXP(-1900./temp)	Sander et al. $(2006)^*$
G4110	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$\mathrm{CO} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{H} + \mathrm{CO}_2$	1.57E-13 + cair*3.54E-33	McCabe et al. (2001)
G4111	$\operatorname{Tr} G$	$\mathrm{HCOOH} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{HO}_2$	4.0E-13	Sander et al. (2006)
G4200	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{C_2H_6} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{C_2H_5O_2} + \mathrm{H_2O}$	1.49E-17*temp*temp*EXP(-499./temp)	Atkinson (2003)
G4201	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_2H_4 + O_3 \rightarrow HCHO + .22 HO_2 + .12 OH + .23 CO +$	1.2E-14*EXP(-2630./temp)	Sander et al. $(2006)^*$
		$.54 \text{ HCOOH} + .1 \text{ H}_2$		
G4202	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_2H_4 + OH \rightarrow .6666667 CH_3CH(O_2)CH_2OH$	k_3rd(temp,cair,1.0E-28,4.5,8.8E-12,	Sander et al. (2006)
			0.85,0.6)	
G4203	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{C_2H_5O_2} + \mathrm{HO_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{C_2H_5OOH}$	7.5E-13*EXP(700./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4204	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$C_2H_5O_2 + NO \rightarrow ProdRO2 + CH_3CHO + HO_2 + NO_2$	2.6E-12*EXP(365./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4205	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$C_2H_5O_2 + NO_3 \rightarrow CH_3CHO + HO_2 + NO_2$	2.3E-12	Atkinson et al. (1999)
G4206	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_2H_5O_2 + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow .75 \text{ HCHO} + HO_2 + .75 \text{ CH}_3\text{CHO}$	1.6E-13*EXP(195./temp)	see note
		$+.25 \mathrm{~CH_3OH}$		
G4207	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_2H_5OOH + OH \rightarrow .3 C_2H_5O_2 + .7 CH_3CHO + .7 OH$	k_CH300H_OH	see note
G4208	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$CH_3CHO + OH \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + H_2O$	4.4E-12*EXP(365./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2006)
G4209	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$CH_3CHO + NO_3 \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + HNO_3$	1.4E-12*EXP(-1900./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4210	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$CH_3COOH + OH \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + CO_2 + H_2O$	4.2E-14*EXP(855./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2006)
G4211a	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OO} + \mathrm{HO_2} \to \mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OOH}$	4.3E-13*EXP(1040./temp)/(1.+1./	Tyndall et al. (2001)
			37.*EXP(660./temp))	
G4211b	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OO} + \mathrm{HO_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3COOH} + \mathrm{O_3}$	4.3E-13*EXP(1040./temp)/(1.+	Tyndall et al. (2001)
			37.*EXP(-660./temp))	
G4212	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$CH_3C(O)OO + NO \rightarrow ProdRO2 + CH_3O_2 + NO_2$	8.1E-12*EXP(270./temp)	Tyndall et al. (2001)
G4213	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OO} + \mathrm{NO}_2 \to \mathrm{PAN}$	k_PA_NO2	Sander et al. (2006)
G4214	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OO} + \mathrm{NO_3} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3O_2} + \mathrm{NO_2}$	4.E-12	Canosa-Mas et al. (1996)
G4215a	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OO} + \mathrm{CH_3O_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{HCHO} + \mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{CH_3O_2} + \mathrm{CO_2}$	0.9*2.E-12*EXP(500./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4215b	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3C(O)OO} + \mathrm{CH_3O_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3COOH} + \mathrm{HCHO}$	0.1*2.E-12*EXP(500./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4216	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$CH_3C(O)OO + C_2H_5O_2 \rightarrow .82 \ CH_3O_2 + CH_3CHO + .82$	4.9E-12*EXP(211./temp)	Atkinson et al. (1999), Kirchner
		$\mathrm{HO_2} + .18~\mathrm{CH_3COOH}$		and Stockwell $(1996)^*$
G4217	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OO} + \mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OO} \rightarrow 2\ \mathrm{CH_3O_2} + 2\ \mathrm{CO_2} + \mathrm{O_2}$	2.5E-12*EXP(500./temp)	Tyndall et al. (2001)

Table 1: Gas phase reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
G4218	TrGC	$\mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OOH} + \mathrm{OH} \to \mathrm{CH_3C}(\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OO}$	k_CH300H_OH	see note
G4219	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$NACA + OH \rightarrow NO_2 + HCHO + CO$	5.6E-12*EXP(270./temp)	see note
G4220	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$PAN + OH \rightarrow HCHO + NO_2$	2.E-14	see note
G4221	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$PAN \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + NO_2$	k_PAN_M	Sander et al. $(2006)^*$
G4300	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_3H_8 + OH \rightarrow .82 C_3H_7O_2 + .18 C_2H_5O_2 + H_2O$	1.65E-17*temp*temp*EXP(-87./temp)	Atkinson (2003)
G4301	TrGC	$\begin{array}{l} {\rm C_3H_6+O_3 \rightarrow .57\; HCHO+.47\; CH_3CHO+.33\; OH+.26} \\ {\rm HO_2+.07\; CH_3O_2+.06\; C_2H_5O_2+.23\; CH_3C(O)OO+.04\; CH_3COCHO+.06\; CH_4+.31\; CO+.22\; HCOOH+.03\; CH_3OH} \end{array}$	6.5E-15*EXP(-1900./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)*
G4302	TrGC	$C_3H_6 + OH \rightarrow CH_3CH(O_2)CH_2OH$	k_3rd(temp,cair,8.E-27,3.5,3.E-11,0., 0.5)	Atkinson et al. (1999)
G4303	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$C_3H_6 + NO_3 \rightarrow ONIT$	4.6E-13*EXP(-1155./temp)	Atkinson et al. (1999)
G4304	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{C_3H_7O_2} + \mathrm{HO_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{C_3H_7OOH}$	k_Pr02_H02	Atkinson $(1997)^*$
G4305	TrGNC	$C_3H_7O_2 + NO \rightarrow 0.96 \text{ ProdRO2} + .96 \text{ CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 + .96 \text{ HO}_2 + .96 \text{ NO}_2 + .04 \text{ C}_3H_7\text{ONO}_2$	k_Pr02_NO	Atkinson et al. (1999)*
G4306	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_3H_7O_2 + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow CH_3COCH_3 + .8 \text{ HCHO} + .8 \text{ HO}_2 + .2 \text{ CH}_3OH$	k_Pr02_CH302	Kirchner and Stockwell (1996)
G4307	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_3H_7OOH + OH \rightarrow .3 C_3H_7O_2 + .7 CH_3COCH_3 + .7 OH$	k_CH300H_OH	see note
G4308	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$CH_3CH(O_2)CH_2OH + HO_2 \rightarrow CH_3CH(OOH)CH_2OH$	6.5E-13*EXP(650./temp)	Müller and Brasseur (1995)
G4309	TrGNC	${\rm CH_3CH(O_2)CH_2OH} + {\rm NO} \rightarrow 0.98 \ {\rm ProdRO2} + .98 \ {\rm CH_3CHO} + .98 \ {\rm HCHO} + .98 \ {\rm HO_2} + .98 \ {\rm NO_2} + .02 \ {\rm ONIT}$	4.2E-12*EXP(180./temp)	Müller and Brasseur (1995)*
G4310	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3CH}(\mathrm{OOH})\mathrm{CH_2OH} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow .5~\mathrm{CH_3CH}(\mathrm{O_2})\mathrm{CH_2OH} + .5~\mathrm{CH_3COCH_2OH} + .5~\mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{H_2O}$	3.8E-12*EXP(200./temp)	Müller and Brasseur (1995)
G4311	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$CH_3COCH_3 + OH \rightarrow CH_3COCH_2O_2 + H_2O$	1.33E-13+3.82E-11*EXP(-2000./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4312	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3COCH_2O_2} + \mathrm{HO_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3COCH_2O_2H}$	8.6E-13*EXP(700./temp)	Tyndall et al. (2001)
G4313	TrGNC	$\mathrm{CH_3COCH_2O_2} + \mathrm{NO} \rightarrow \mathrm{ProdRO2} + \mathrm{NO_2} + \mathrm{CH_3C(O)OO} + \mathrm{HCHO}$	2.9E-12*EXP(300./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G4314	TrGC	${\rm CH_3COCH_2O_2 + CH_3O_2} \rightarrow .5 {\rm \ CH_3COCHO} + .5 {\rm \ CH_3OH} + .3 {\rm \ \ CH_3COOH_2OH} + .8 {\rm \ \ HCHO} + .3 {\rm \ \ HO_2} + .2 {\rm \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	7.5E-13*EXP(500./temp)	Tyndall et al. (2001)
G4315	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\mathrm{CH_3COCH_2O_2H}$ + OH $\rightarrow$ .3 $\mathrm{CH_3COCH_2O_2}$ + .7 $\mathrm{CH_3COCHO}$ + .7 OH	k_CH300H_0H	see note
G4316	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{COCHO} + \text{HO}_2$	2.15E-12*EXP(305./temp)	Dillon et al. (2006)
G4317	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$CH_3COCHO + OH \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + CO$	8.4E-13*EXP(830./temp)	Tyndall et al. (1995)
G4318	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$MPAN + OH \rightarrow CH_3COCH_2OH + NO_2$	3.2E-11	Orlando et al. (2002)

Table 1: Gas phase reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
G4319	TrGNC	$MPAN \rightarrow MVKO2 + NO_2$	k_PAN_M	see note
G4320	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$C_3H_7ONO_2 + OH \rightarrow CH_3COCH_3 + NO_2$	6.2E-13*EXP(-230./temp)	Atkinson et al. (1999)
G4400	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_4H_{10} + OH \rightarrow C_4H_9O_2 + H_2O$	1.81E-17*temp*temp*EXP(114./temp)	Atkinson (2003)
G4401	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_4H_9O_2 \ + \ CH_3O_2 \ \rightarrow \ .88 \ CH_3COC_2H_5 \ + \ .68 \ HCHO \ +$	k_Pr02_CH302	see note
		$1.23 \text{ HO}_2 + .12 \text{ CH}_3 \text{CHO} + .12 \text{ C}_2 \text{H}_5 \text{O}_2 + .18 \text{ CH}_3 \text{OH}$		
G4402	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_4H_9O_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow C_4H_9OOH$	k_Pr02_H02	see note
G4403	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$C_4H_9O_2 + NO \rightarrow ProdRO2 + .84 NO_2 + .56 CH_3COC_2H_5$	k_Pr02_N0	see note
		$+ .56 \text{ HO}_2 + .28 \text{ C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}_2 + .84 \text{ CH}_3\text{CHO} + .16 \text{ ONIT}$		
G4404	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$C_4H_9OOH + OH \rightarrow .15 C_4H_9O_2 + .85 CH_3COC_2H_5 + .85$	k_CH300H_OH	see note
		$OH + .85 H_2O$		
G4405	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$MVK + O_3 \rightarrow .45 \text{ HCOOH} + .9 \text{ CH}_3\text{COCHO} + .1$	<u>*</u>	Pöschl et al. (2000)
	T	$CH_3C(O)OO + .19 OH + .22 CO + .32 HO_2$	+7.51E-16*EXP(-1521./temp))	D" 11 (2000)
G4406	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$MVK + OH \rightarrow MVKO2$	.5*(4.1E-12*EXP(452./temp)	Pöschl et al. (2000)
~	T. C.C	MULION - HO MULIONI	+1.9E-11*EXP(175./temp))	D" 11 (2000)
G4407	TrGC	$MVKO2 + HO_2 \rightarrow MVKOOH$	1.82E-13*EXP(1300./temp)	Pöschl et al. (2000)
G4408	TrGNC	$MVKO2 + NO \rightarrow ProdRO2 + NO_2 + .25 CH_3C(O)OO +$	2.54E-12*EXP(360./temp)	Pöschl et al. (2000)
		$.25 \text{ CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{OH} + .75 \text{ HCHO} + .25 \text{ CO} + .75 \text{ HO}_2 + .75 \text{ CH}_2\text{COCH}_2$		
G4409	TrGNC	.5 $CH_3COCHO$ $MVKO2 + NO_2 \rightarrow MPAN$	.25*k_3rd(temp,cair,9.7E-29,5.6,	Pöschl et al. (2000)*
G4409	HGNC	$\text{NIV} \text{KO2} + \text{NO}_2 \rightarrow \text{NIFAN}$	9.3E-12,1.5,0.6)	Fosciii et al. (2000)
G4410	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$MVKO2 + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow .5 CH_3COCHO + .375$	2.E-12	von Kuhlmann (2001)
UTTIO	1100	$CH_3COCH_2OH + .125 CH_3C(O)OO + 1.125 HCHO$	2.11 12	von Rummann (2001)
		$+.875 \text{ HO}_2 +.125 \text{ CO} +.25 \text{ CH}_3 \text{OH}$		
G4411	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$MVKO2 + MVKO2 \rightarrow CH_3COCH_2OH + CH_3COCHO +$	2.E-12	Pöschl et al. (2000)
41111	1100	$.5 \text{ CO} + .5 \text{ HCHO} + \text{HO}_2$	2.2 12	1 05011 01 (2000)
G4412	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$MVKOOH + OH \rightarrow MVKO2$	3.E-11	Pöschl et al. (2000)
G4413	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$CH_3COC_2H_5 + OH \rightarrow MEKO2$	1.3E-12*EXP(-25./temp)	Atkinson et al. (1999)
G4414	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$MEKO2 + HO_2 \rightarrow MEKOOH$	k_PrO2_HO2	see note
G4415	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$MEKO2 + NO \rightarrow 0.985 \text{ ProdRO2} + .985 \text{ CH}_3\text{CHO} + .985$		see note
		$CH_3C(O)OO + .985 NO_2 + .015 ONIT$		
G4416	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$MEKOOH + OH \rightarrow .8 MeCOCO + .8 OH + .2 MEKO2$	k_CH300H_OH	see note
G4417	$\operatorname{TrGNC}$	$\mathrm{ONIT} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3COC_2H_5} + \mathrm{NO_2} + \mathrm{H_2O}$	1.7E-12	Atkinson et al. $(1999)^*$
G4500	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	ISOP + $O_3 \rightarrow .28 \text{ HCOOH} + .65 \text{ MVK} + .1 \text{ MVKO2} +$	7.86E-15*EXP(-1913./temp)	Pöschl et al. (2000)
		$.1 \text{ CH}_3\text{C(O)OO} + .14 \text{ CO} + .58 \text{ HCHO} + .09 \text{ H}_2\text{O}_2 + .08$		
		$CH_3O_2 + .25 OH + .25 HO_2$		

Table 1: Gas phase reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
G4501	TrGC	$\overline{\text{ISOP} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{ISO2}}$	2.54E-11*EXP(410./temp)	Pöschl et al. (2000)
G4502	TrGNC	$ISOP + NO_3 \rightarrow ISON$	3.03E-12*EXP(-446./temp)	Pöschl et al. (2000)
G4503	TrGC	$ISO2 + HO_2 \rightarrow ISOOH$	2.22E-13*EXP(1300./temp)	Boyd et al. (2003)*
G4504a	TrGNC	$ISO2 + IO_2 + ISOOII$ $ISO2 + IO_2 + ISOOII$ $ISO2 + IO_2 + ISOOII$ $ISO2 + IO_2 + ISOOII$	2.54E-12*EXP(360./temp)	Pöschl et al. (2000)*
4 100 14	110110	$+.956 \text{ HCHO} + .956 \text{ HO}_2 + .044 \text{ ISON}$	2.012 12 2m (000., comp)	1 05011 01 41. (2000)
G4505	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$ISO2 + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow .5 \text{ MVK} + 1.25 \text{ HCHO} + HO_2 + .25$	2.E-12	von Kuhlmann (2001)
4 10 00	2100	$\mathrm{CH_3COCHO} + .25\ \mathrm{CH_3COCH_2OH} + .25\ \mathrm{CH_3OH}$		(2001)
G4506	$\operatorname{TrGC}$	$ISO2 + ISO2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ MVK} + HCHO + HO_2$	2.E-12	Pöschl et al. (2000)
G4507	TrGC	$ISOOH + OH \rightarrow MVK + OH$	1.E-10	Pöschl et al. (2000)
G4508	TrGNC	$ISON + OH \rightarrow CH_3COCH_2OH + NACA$	1.3E-11	Pöschl et al. (2000)
G6100	StTrGCl	$Cl + O_3 \rightarrow ClO + O_2$	2.8E-11*EXP(-250./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6101	StGCl	$ClO + O(^3P) \rightarrow Cl + O_2$	2.5E-11*EXP(110./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6102a	StTrGCl	$ClO + ClO \rightarrow Cl_2 + O_2$	1.0E-12*EXP(-1590./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6102b	StTrGCl	$ClO + ClO \rightarrow 2 Cl + O_2$	3.0E-11*EXP(-2450./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6102c	StTrGCl	$ClO + ClO \rightarrow Cl + OClO$	3.5E-13*EXP(-1370./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6102d	StTrGCl	$ClO + ClO \rightarrow Cl_2O_2$	k_C10_C10	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6103	StTrGCl	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{ClO}$	k_C10_C10/(9.3E-28*EXP(8835./temp))	Atkinson et al. (2007), Sander
40100	2011001		010_010, (0.02 10 1 (0000, 00p,,	et al. (2006)*
G6200	StGCl	$Cl + H_2 \rightarrow HCl + H$	3.9E-11*EXP(-2310./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6201a	StGCl	$Cl + HO_2 \rightarrow HCl + O_2$	4.4E-11-7.5E-11*EXP(-620./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6201b	StGCl	$Cl + HO_2 \rightarrow ClO + OH$	7.5E-11*EXP(-620./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6202	StTrGCl	$Cl + H_2O_2 \rightarrow HCl + HO_2$	1.1E-11*EXP(-980./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6203	StGCl	$ClO + OH \rightarrow .94 Cl + .94 HO_2 + .06 HCl + .06 O_2$	7.3E-12*EXP(300./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6204	StTrGCl	$ClO + HO_2 \rightarrow HOCl$	2.2E-12*EXP(340./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6205	StTrGCl	$HCl + OH \rightarrow Cl + H_2O$	1.7E-12*EXP(-230./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6206	StGCl	$HOCl+OH \rightarrow ClO + H_2O$	3.0E-12*EXP(-500./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G6300	StTrGNCl	$ClO + NO \rightarrow NO_2 + Cl$	6.2E-12*EXP(295./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6301	StTrGNCl	$ClO + NO_2 \rightarrow ClNO_3$	k_3rd_iupac(temp,cair,1.6E-31,3.4,	Atkinson et al. (2007)
		_	7.E-11,0.,0.4)	,
G6302	TrGCl	$ClNO_3 \rightarrow ClO + NO_2$	6.918E-7*exp(-10909./temp)*cair	Anderson and Fahey (1990)
G6303	StGNCl	$CINO_3 + O(^3P) \rightarrow CIO + NO_3$	4.5E-12*EXP(-900./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6304	StTrGNCl	$\text{ClNO}_3 + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2 + \text{NO}_3$	6.2E-12*EXP(145./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G6400	StTrGCl	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_4 \rightarrow \text{HCl} + \text{CH}_3\text{O}_2$	6.6E-12*EXP(-1240./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2006)
G6401	StTrGCl	$Cl + HCHO \rightarrow HCl + CO + HO_2$	8.1E-11*EXP(-34./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2006)
G6402	StTrGCl	$Cl + CH_3OOH \rightarrow HCHO + HCl + OH$	5.9E-11	Atkinson et al. (2006)*

Table 1: Gas phase reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
G6403	StTrGCl	$ClO + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow HO_2 + Cl + HCHO$	3.3E-12*EXP(-115./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G6404	StGCl	$\mathrm{CCl_4} + \mathrm{O(^1D)} \rightarrow \mathrm{ClO} + 3 \mathrm{Cl}$	3.3E-10	Sander et al. (2006)
G6405	StGCl	$CH_3Cl + O(^1D) \rightarrow OH + Cl$	1.65E-10	see note
G6406	StGCl	$CH_3Cl + OH \rightarrow H_2O + Cl$	2.4E-12*EXP(-1250./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G6407	StGCCl	$\mathrm{CH_3CCl_3} + \mathrm{O(^1D)} \to \mathrm{OH} + 3 \; \mathrm{Cl}$	3.E-10	see note
G6408	StTrGCCl	$CH_3CCl_3 + OH \rightarrow H_2O + 3 Cl$	1.64E-12*EXP(-1520./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G6409	TrGCCl	$Cl + C_2H_4 \rightarrow .6666667 CH_3CH(O_2)CH_2OH + HCl$	k_3rd_iupac(temp,cair,1.85E-29,3.3,	Atkinson et al. (2006)
			6.0E-10,0.0,0.4)	
G6410	TrGCCl	$Cl + CH_3CHO \rightarrow HCl + CH_3C(O)OO$	7.9e-11	Atkinson et al. $(2006)^*$
G6412	TrGCCl	$C_2H_6 + Cl \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + HCl$	8.3E-11*EXP(-100./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2006)
G6500	StGFCl	$CF_2Cl_2 + O(^1D) \rightarrow ClO + Cl$	1.4E-10	Sander et al. (2006)
G6501	StGFCl	$CFCl_3 + O(^1D) \rightarrow ClO + 2 Cl$	2.3E-10	Sander et al. (2006)
G7100	StTrGBr	$Br + O_3 \rightarrow BrO + O_2$	1.7E-11*EXP(-800./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7101	$\operatorname{StGBr}$	$BrO + O(^{3}P) \rightarrow RG7101 + Br + O_{2}$	1.9E-11*EXP(230./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7102a	StTrGBr	$\mathrm{BrO} + \mathrm{BrO} \rightarrow 2 \; \mathrm{Br} + \mathrm{O}_2$	2.7E-12	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7102b	StTrGBr	$BrO + BrO \rightarrow Br_2 + O_2$	2.9E-14*EXP(840./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7200	StTrGBr	$\mathrm{Br} + \mathrm{HO}_2 \to \mathrm{HBr} + \mathrm{O}_2$	7.7E-12*EXP(-450./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7201	StTrGBr	$\mathrm{BrO} + \mathrm{HO}_2 \rightarrow \mathrm{HOBr} + \mathrm{O}_2$	4.5E-12*EXP(500./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7202	StTrGBr	$\mathrm{HBr} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{Br} + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$	6.7E-12*EXP(155./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7203	$\operatorname{StGBr}$	$HOBr + O(^{3}P) \rightarrow OH + BrO$	1.2E-10*EXP(-430./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7204	$\operatorname{StTrGBr}$	$\mathrm{Br}_2 + \mathrm{OH} \to \mathrm{HOBr} + \mathrm{Br}$	2.0E-11*EXP(240./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7300	$\operatorname{TrGBr}$	$Br + BrNO_3 \rightarrow Br_2 + NO_3$	4.9E-11	Orlando and Tyndall (1996)
G7301	StTrGNBr	$BrO + NO \rightarrow RG7301 + Br + NO_2$	8.7E-12*EXP(260./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7302	StTrGNBr	$BrO + NO_2 \rightarrow BrNO_3$	k_Br0_N02	Atkinson et al. $(2007)^*$
G7303	$\operatorname{TrGBr}$	$BrNO_3 \rightarrow BrO + NO_2$	$k_Br0_N02/(5.44E-9*exp(14192./temp)$	Orlando and Tyndall (1996),
			*1.E6*R_gas*temp/(atm2Pa*N_A))	Atkinson et al. $(2007)^*$
G7400	StTrGBr	$Br + HCHO \rightarrow HBr + CO + HO_2$	7.7E-12*EXP(-580./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2006)
G7401	$\operatorname{TrGBr}$	$Br + CH_3OOH \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + HBr$	2.66E-12*EXP(-1610./temp)	Mallard et al. (1993)
G7402a	$\operatorname{TrGBr}$	$BrO + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow HOBr + HCHO$	0.8/1.1*5.7E-12	Aranda et al. (1997)
G7402b	$\operatorname{TrGBr}$	$BrO + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow Br + HCHO + HO_2$	0.3/1.1*5.7E-12	Aranda et al. (1997)
G7403	StTrGBr	$CH_3Br + OH \rightarrow H_2O + Br$	2.35E-12*EXP(-1300./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)
G7404	TrGCBr	$Br + C_2H_4 \rightarrow .6666667 CH_3CH(O_2)CH_2OH + HBr$	2.8E-13*EXP(224./temp)/(1.+1.13E+	Atkinson et al. (2006)
			24*EXP(-3200./temp)/C(ind_02))	
G7405	TrGCCl	$Br + CH_3CHO \rightarrow HBr + CH_3C(O)OO$	1.8e-11*EXP(-460./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2006)
G7407	$\operatorname{TrGBr}$	$CHBr_3 + OH \rightarrow H_2O + 3 Br$	1.35E-12*EXP(-600./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)*

Table 1: Gas phase reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
G7408	$\operatorname{TrGBr}$	$\mathrm{CH_2Br_2} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{H_2O} + 2 \; \mathrm{Br}$	2.0E-12*EXP(-840./temp)	Sander et al. (2006)*
G7600	TrGBrCl	$Br + BrCl \rightarrow Br_2 + Cl$	3.3E-15	Mallard et al. (1993)
G7601	TrGClBr	$Br + Cl_2 \rightarrow BrCl + Cl$	1.1E-15	Mallard et al. (1993)
G7602	TrGClBr	$\mathrm{Br}_2 + \mathrm{Cl} \to \mathrm{BrCl} + \mathrm{Br}$	1.2E-10	Mallard et al. (1993)
G7603a	StTrGClBr	$BrO + ClO \rightarrow Br + OClO$	1.6E-12*EXP(430./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7603b	StTrGClBr	$BrO + ClO \rightarrow Br + Cl + O_2$	2.9E-12*EXP(220./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7603c	StTrGClBr	$BrO + ClO \rightarrow BrCl + O_2$	5.8E-13*EXP(170./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2007)
G7604	TrGClBr	$BrCl + Cl \rightarrow Br + Cl_2$	1.5E-11	Mallard et al. (1993)
G7605	TrGBr	$CHCl_2Br + OH \rightarrow H_2O + Br$	2.0E-12*EXP(-840./temp)	see note
G7606	TrGBr	$CHClBr_2 + OH \rightarrow H_2O + 2 Br$	2.0E-12*EXP(-840./temp)	see note
G7607	TrGBr	$CH_2ClBr + OH \rightarrow H_2O + Br$	2.4E-12*EXP(-920./temp)	Sander et al. $(2006)^*$
G9200	$\operatorname{StTrGS}$	$SO_2 + OH \rightarrow H_2SO_4 + HO_2$	k_3rd(temp,cair,3.3E-31,4.3,1.6E-12,0.,	Sander et al. (2006)
			0.6)	, ,
G9400a	$\operatorname{TrGS}$	$DMS + OH \rightarrow CH_3SO_2 + HCHO$	1.13E-11*EXP(-253./temp)	Atkinson et al. $(2004)^*$
G9400b	$\operatorname{TrGS}$	$\mathrm{DMS} + \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{DMSO} + \mathrm{HO}_2$	k_DMS_OH	Atkinson et al. $(2004)^*$
G9401	$\operatorname{TrGNS}$	$DMS + NO_3 \rightarrow CH_3SO_2 + HNO_3 + HCHO$	1.9E-13*EXP(520./temp)	Atkinson et al. (2004)
G9402	$\operatorname{TrGS}$	$DMSO + OH \rightarrow .6 SO_2 + HCHO + .6 CH_3O_2 + .4 HO_2$	1.E-10	Hynes and Wine (1996)
		$+ .4 \mathrm{CH_3SO_3H}$		
G9403	TrGS	$CH_3SO_2 \rightarrow SO_2 + CH_3O_2$	1.9E13*EXP(-8661./temp)	Barone et al. (1995)
G9404	TrGS	$CH_3SO_2 + O_3 \rightarrow CH_3SO_3$	3.E-13	Barone et al. (1995)
G9405	$\operatorname{TrGS}$	$\mathrm{CH_3SO_3} + \mathrm{HO_2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3SO_3H}$	5.E-11	Barone et al. (1995)
G9600	TrGSCl	$DMS + Cl \rightarrow CH_3SO_2 + HCl + HCHO$	3.3E-10	Atkinson et al. (2004)
G9700	TrGSBr	$DMS + Br \rightarrow CH_3SO_2 + HBr + HCHO$	9.E-11*EXP(-2386./temp)	Jefferson et al. (1994)
G9701	TrGSBr	$\mathrm{DMS} + \mathrm{BrO} \to \mathrm{DMSO} + \mathrm{Br}$	2.54E-14*EXP(850./temp)	Ingham et al. (1999)
G10600	TrGHgCl	$Hg + Cl \rightarrow HgCl$	1.0E-11	Ariya et al. (2002)
G10601	TrGHgCl	$\mathrm{Hg} + \mathrm{Cl}_2 \to \mathrm{HgCl}_2$	2.6E-18	Ariya et al. (2002)
G10700	TrGHgBr	$\mathrm{Hg} + \mathrm{Br} \to \mathrm{HgBr}$	3.0E-13	Donohoue et al. (2006)
G10701	TrGHgBr	$\mathrm{HgBr} + \mathrm{Br} \to \mathrm{HgBr}_2$	3.0E-12	Calvert and Lindberg (2003)
G10702	TrGHgBr	$\mathrm{Hg} + \mathrm{Br}_2 \to \mathrm{HgBr}_2$	9.0E-17	Ariya et al. (2002)
G10703	TrGHgBr	$\mathrm{Hg} + \mathrm{BrO} \to \mathrm{HgO} + \mathrm{Br}$	1.0E-15	Raofie and Ariya (2003)
G10704	TrGHgBr	$HgBr + BrO \rightarrow BrHgOBr$	3.0E-12	Calvert and Lindberg (2003)
G10705	TrGHgClBr	$\mathrm{HgCl} + \mathrm{BrO} \rightarrow \mathrm{ClHgOBr}$	3.0E-12	Calvert and Lindberg (2003)
G10706	TrGHgClBr	$HgBr + Cl \rightarrow ClHgBr$	3.0E-12	Calvert and Lindberg (2003)
G10707	TrGHgClBr	$HgCl + Br \rightarrow ClHgBr$	3.0E-12	Calvert and Lindberg (2003)
G01Diag	$\operatorname{StTrG}$	$O_3(s) \to LO_3(s)$	k_03s	?*

Rate coefficients for three-body reactions are defined via the function  $k\_3rd(T,\,M,\,k_0^{300},\,n,\,k_{\rm inf}^{300},\,m,\,f_c)$ . In the code, the temperature T is called temp and the concentration of "air molecules" M is called cair. Using the auxiliary variables  $k_0(T),\,k_{\rm inf}(T),\,$  and  $k_{\rm ratio},\,k\_3rd$  is defined as:

$$k_0(T) = k_0^{300} \times \left(\frac{300 \text{K}}{T}\right)^n \tag{1}$$

$$k_{\rm inf}(T) = k_{\rm inf}^{300} \times \left(\frac{300 \text{K}}{T}\right)^m$$
 (2)

$$k_{\text{ratio}} = \frac{k_0(T)M}{k_{\text{inf}}(T)} \tag{3}$$

k\_3rd = 
$$\frac{k_0(T)M}{1 + k_{\text{ratio}}} \times f_c^{\left(\frac{1}{1 + (\log_{10}(k_{\text{ratio}}))^2}\right)}$$
(4)

A similar function, called k\_3rd\_iupac here, is used by Atkinson et al. (2005) for three-body reactions. It has the same function parameters as k\_3rd and it is defined as:

$$k_0(T) = k_0^{300} \times \left(\frac{300 \text{K}}{T}\right)^n \tag{5}$$

$$k_{\rm inf}(T) = k_{\rm inf}^{300} \times \left(\frac{300 \text{K}}{T}\right)^m \tag{6}$$

$$k_{\text{ratio}} = \frac{k_0(T)M}{k_{\text{inf}}(T)} \tag{7}$$

$$N = 0.75 - 1.27 \times \log_{10}(f_{\rm c}) \tag{8}$$

$$\texttt{k\_3rd\_iupac} \ = \ \frac{k_0(T)M}{1+k_{\mathrm{ratio}}} \times f_{\mathrm{c}}^{\left(\frac{1}{1+(\log_{10}(k_{\mathrm{ratio}})/N)^2}\right)} \tag{9}$$

G1002: The path leading to  $2 O(^{3}P) + O_{2}$  results in a null cycle regarding odd oxygen and is neglected.

G2110: The rate coefficient is:  $k_{H02}=0.05$  (1.5E-12\*EXP(19./temp)+1.7E-33\*EXP(1000./temp)

\*cair)\* (1.+1.4E-21\*EXP(2200./temp)\*C(ind\_

H20)). The value for the first (pressure-independent) part is from Christensen et al. (2002), the water term from Kircher and Sander (1984).

G3109: The rate coefficient is:  $k_N03_N02 = k_3rd(temp, cair, 2.E-30, 4.4, 1.4E-12, 0.7, 0.6)$ .

G3110: The rate coefficient is defined as backward reaction divided by equilibrium constant.

G3203: The rate coefficient is:  $k_N02_H02 = k_3 rd(temp, cair, 1.8E-31, 3.2, 4.7E-12, 1.4, 0.6)$ .

G3206: The rate coefficient is: k\_HN03\_ OH = 2.4E-14 \* EXP(460./temp) + 1./(1./(6.5E-34 \* EXP(1335./temp)\*cair) + 1./(2.7E-17 \* EXP(2199./temp)))

G3207: The rate coefficient is defined as backward reaction divided by equilibrium constant.

G4103: Sander et al. (2006) recommend a zero product yield for HCHO.

G4107: The rate coefficient is:  $k_CH300H_0H = 3.8E-12*EXP(200./temp)$ .

(5) G4109: The same temperature dependence assumed as for  $CH_3CHO+NO_3$ .

G4201: The product distribution is from von Kuhlmann (2001) (see also Neeb et al. (1998)).

G4206: The rate coefficient was calculated by von Kuhlmann (pers. comm. 2004) using self reactions of CH<sub>3</sub>OO and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OO from Sander et al. (2003) and geometric mean as suggested by Madronich and Calvert (1990) and Kirchner and Stockwell (1996). The product distribution (branching=0.5/0.25/0.25) is calculated by von Kuhlmann (pers. comm. 2004) based on Villenave and Lesclaux (1996) and Tyndall et al. (2001).

G4207: Same value as for G4107:  $CH_3OOH+OH$  assumed.

G4216: The value 1.0E-11 is from Atkinson et al. (1999), the temperature dependence from Kirchner and Stockwell (1996).

G4218: Same value as for G4107:  $CH_3OOH+OH$  assumed.

G4219: According to Pöschl et al. (2000), the same value as for  $CH_3CHO+OH$  can be assumed.

G4220: This is 50% of the upper limit given by Sander et al. (2003), as suggested by von Kuhlmann (2001).

G4221: The rate coefficient is: k\_PAN\_M = k\_PA\_N02/9.E-29\*EXP(-14000./temp), i.e. the rate coefficient is defined as backward reaction divided by equilibrium constant.

G4301: The product distribution is for terminal olefin carbons from Zaveri and Peters (1999).

G4304: The rate coefficient is:  $k_Pr02_H02 = 1.9E-13*EXP(1300./temp)$ . Value for generic  $RO_2 + HO_2$  reaction from Atkinson (1997) is used.

G4305: The rate coefficient is:  $k_Pr02_N0 = 2.7E-12*EXP(360./temp)$ .

G4307: Same value as for G4107:  $CH_3OOH+OH$  assumed.

G4309: The products are from von Kuhlmann (2001).

G4315: Same value as for G4107:  $CH_3OOH+OH$  assumed.

G4319: Same value as for PAN assumed.

G4401: Same value as for propyl group assumed (k\_Pr02\_CH302).

G4402: Same value as for propyl group assumed (k\_Pr02\_H02).

G4403: Same value as for propyl group assumed (k\_Pr02\_N0).

G4404: Same value as for G4107: CH<sub>3</sub>OOH+OH assumed.

G4409: The factor 0.25 was recommended by Uli G6402: The initial products are probably HCl and Poeschl (pers. comm. 2004).

G4414: Same value as for propvl group assumed (k\_ Pr02\_H02).

G4415: Same value as for propyl group assumed (k\_ Pr02\_N0).

G4416: Same value as for G4107: CH<sub>3</sub>OOH+OH assumed.

G4417: Value for C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>ONO<sub>2</sub> used here.

G4503: Same temperature dependence assumed as for other  $RO_2+HO_2$  reactions.

G4504: Yield of 12 % RONO<sub>2</sub> assumed as suggested in Table 2 of Sprengnether et al. (2002).

G6103: The rate coefficient is defined as backward reaction divided by equilibrium constant.

CH<sub>2</sub>OOH (Atkinson et al., 2006). It is assumed that CH<sub>2</sub>OOH dissociates into HCHO and OH.

G6405: Average of reactions with CH<sub>3</sub>Br and CH<sub>3</sub>F from Sander et al. (2006) (B. Steil, pers. comm.).

G6407: Rough extrapolation from reactions with CH<sub>3</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CClF<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>3</sub>CCl<sub>2</sub>F from Sander et al. (2006).

G7302: The rate coefficient is: k\_Br0\_N02 = k\_ 3rd(temp, cair, 5.2E-31, 3.2, 6.9E-12, 2.9, 0.6).

G7303: The rate coefficient is defined as backward reaction (Atkinson et al., 2007) divided by equilibrium constant (Orlando and Tyndall, 1996).

G7407: It is assumed that the reaction liberates all Br atoms. The fate of the carbon atom is currently not considered.

G7408: It is assumed that the reaction liberates all Br atoms. The fate of the carbon atom is currently not considered.

G7605: Same value as for G7408:  $CH_2Br_2+OH$  assumed. It is assumed that the reaction liberates all Br atoms but not Cl. The fate of the carbon atom is currently not considered.

G7606: Same value as for G7408: CH<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>+OH assumed. It is assumed that the reaction liberates all Br atoms but not Cl. The fate of the carbon atom is currently not considered.

G7607: It is assumed that the reaction liberates all Br atoms but not Cl. The fate of the carbon atom is currently not considered.

G9400: Addition path. The rate coefficient is:  $k_DMS_OH = 1.0E-39*EXP(5820./temp)*C(ind_02)$  $/ (1.+5.0E-30*EXP(6280./temp)*C(ind_02)).$ 

Table 2: Photolysis reactions

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
J1000	$\operatorname{StTrGJ}$	$O_2 + h\nu \to O(^3P) + O(^3P)$	jx(ip_02)	see note
J1001a	$\operatorname{StTrGJ}$	${ m O_3} + { m h} u  ightarrow { m O(^1D)}$	jx(ip_01D)	see note
J1001b	$\operatorname{StTrGJ}$	${ m O_3} + { m h} u  ightarrow { m O(^3P)}$	jx(ip_03P)	see note
J2100	$\operatorname{StGJ}$	$H_2O + h\nu \rightarrow H + OH$	jx(ip_H2O)	see note
J2101	$\operatorname{StTrGJ}$	$\mathrm{H_2O_2} + \mathrm{h}\nu \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{OH}$	jx(ip_H2O2)	see note
J3100	StGNJ	$N_2O + h\nu \rightarrow O(^1D)$	jx(ip_N20)	see note
J3101	StTrGNJ	$NO_2 + h\nu \rightarrow NO + O(^3P)$	<pre>jx(ip_N02)</pre>	see note
J3102	$\operatorname{StGNJ}$	$NO + h\nu \rightarrow N + O(^{3}P)$	<pre>jx(ip_NO)</pre>	see note
J3103a	StTrGNJ	$NO_3 + h\nu \rightarrow NO_2 + O(^3P)$	jx(ip_N020)	see note
J3103b	StTrGNJ	$NO_3 + h\nu \rightarrow NO$	jx(ip_N002)	see note
J3104a	StTrGNJ	$N_2O_5 + h\nu \rightarrow NO_2 + NO_3$	jx(ip_N2O5)	see note
J3104b	$\operatorname{StGNJ}$	$N_2O_5 + h\nu \rightarrow NO + O(^3P) + NO_3$	jx(ip_N03N00)	see note
J3200	TrGJ	$HONO + h\nu \rightarrow NO + OH$	<pre>jx(ip_HONO)</pre>	see note
J3201	StTrGNJ	$\mathrm{HNO_3} + \mathrm{h}\nu \rightarrow \mathrm{NO_2} + \mathrm{OH}$	<pre>jx(ip_HNO3)</pre>	see note
J3202	StTrGNJ	$\mathrm{HNO_4} + \mathrm{h}\nu \rightarrow .667 \ \mathrm{NO_2} + .667 \ \mathrm{HO_2} + .333 \ \mathrm{NO_3} + .333 \ \mathrm{OH}$	<pre>jx(ip_HNO4)</pre>	see note
J4100	StTrGJ	$\mathrm{CH_3OOH} + \mathrm{h}\nu \rightarrow \mathrm{HCHO} + \mathrm{OH} + \mathrm{HO_2}$	jx(ip_CH300H)	see note
J4101a	StTrGJ	$\mathrm{HCHO} + \mathrm{h}\nu \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_2 + \mathrm{CO}$	<pre>jx(ip_COH2)</pre>	see note
J4101b	StTrGJ	$\mathrm{HCHO} + \mathrm{h}\nu \rightarrow \mathrm{H} + \mathrm{CO} + \mathrm{HO}_2$	<pre>jx(ip_CHOH)</pre>	see note
J4102	$\operatorname{StGJ}$	$\mathrm{CO}_2 + \mathrm{h}\nu \to \mathrm{CO} + \mathrm{O}(^3\mathrm{P})$	<pre>jx(ip_CO2)</pre>	see note
J4103	$\operatorname{StGJ}$	$CH_4 + h\nu \rightarrow CO + 0.31 H + 0.69 H_2 + 1.155 H_2O$	<pre>jx(ip_CH4)</pre>	see note
J4200	TrGCJ	$C_2H_5OOH + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3CHO + HO_2 + OH$	jx(ip_CH300H)	see note
J4201	TrGCJ	$\mathrm{CH_3CHO} + \mathrm{h}\nu \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3O_2} + \mathrm{HO_2} + \mathrm{CO}$	jx(ip_CH3CHO)	see note
J4202	TrGCJ	$CH_3C(O)OOH + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + OH$	jx(ip_PAA)	see note
J4203	TrGNCJ	$NACA + h\nu \rightarrow NO_2 + HCHO + CO$	0.19*jx(ip_CHOH)	see note
J4204	TrGNCJ	$PAN + h\nu \rightarrow .6 CH_3C(O)OO + .6 NO_2 + .4 CH_3O_2 + .4 NO_3$	<pre>jx(ip_PAN)</pre>	see note
		$+ .4 \text{ CO}_2$		
J4300	TrGCJ	$C_3H_7OOH + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3COCH_3 + HO_2 + OH$	jx(ip_CH300H)	see note
J4301	TrGCJ	$CH_3COCH_3 + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + CH_3O_2$	<pre>jx(ip_CH3COCH3)</pre>	see note
J4302	TrGCJ	$CH_3COCH_2OH + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + HCHO + HO_2$	0.074*jx(ip_CHOH)	see note
J4303	TrGCJ	$CH_3COCHO + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + CO + HO_2$	jx(ip_CH3COCHO)	see note
J4304	TrGCJ	$CH_3COCH_2O_2H + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + HO_2 + OH$	<pre>jx(ip_CH300H)</pre>	see note
J4305	TrGNCJ	$MPAN + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3COCH_2OH + NO_2$	<pre>jx(ip_PAN)</pre>	see note
J4306	TrGNCJ	$C_3H_7ONO_2 + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3COCH_3 + NO_2 + HO_2$	3.7*jx(ip_PAN)	see note

Table 2: Photolysis reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
J4400	TrGCJ	$C_4H_9OOH + h\nu \rightarrow OH + .67 CH_3COC_2H_5 + .67 HO_2 + .33$	jx(ip_CH300H)	see note
		$\mathrm{C_2H_5O_2} + .33~\mathrm{CH_3CHO}$		
J4401	$\operatorname{TrGCJ}$	$MVK + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + HCHO + CO + HO_2$	0.019*jx(ip_COH2)+.015*jx(ip_	see note
			CH3COCHO)	
J4402	$\operatorname{TrGCJ}$	$MVKOOH + h\nu \rightarrow OH + .5 CH_3COCHO + .25 CH_3COCH_2OH$	jx(ip_CH300H)	see note
		$+ .75 \text{ HCHO} + .75 \text{ HO}_2 + .25 \text{ CH}_3\text{C(O)OO} + .25 \text{ CO}$		
J4403	$\operatorname{TrGCJ}$	$\mathrm{CH_3COC_2H_5} + \mathrm{h}\nu \rightarrow \mathrm{CH_3C(O)OO} + \mathrm{C_2H_5O_2}$	0.42*jx(ip_CHOH)	see note
J4404	$\operatorname{TrGCJ}$	$MEKOOH + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3C(O)OO + CH_3CHO + OH$	jx(ip_CH300H)	see note
J4405	$\operatorname{TrGCJ}$	$MeCOCO + h\nu \rightarrow 2 CH_3C(O)OO$	2.15*jx(ip_CH3COCHO)	see note
J4406	TrGNCJ	$ONIT + h\nu \rightarrow NO_2 + .67 CH_3COC_2H_5 + .67 HO_2 + .33 C_2H_5O_2$	3.7*jx(ip_PAN)	see note
		$+ .33 \text{ CH}_3 \text{CHO}$		
J4500	$\operatorname{TrGCJ}$	ISOOH + $h\nu \rightarrow MVK + HCHO + HO_2 + OH$	jx(ip_CH300H)	see note
J4501	TrGNCJ	$ISON + h\nu \rightarrow MVK + HCHO + NO_2 + HO_2$	3.7*jx(ip_PAN)	see note
J6000	StTrGClJ	$\text{Cl}_2 + \text{h}\nu \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{Cl}$	jx(ip_Cl2)	see note
J6100	StTrGClJ	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{h}\nu \to 2 \text{ Cl}$	1.4*jx(ip_Cl2O2)	see note
J6101	StTrGClJ	$OClO + h\nu \rightarrow ClO + O(^{3}P)$	<pre>jx(ip_0Cl0)</pre>	see note
J6200	StGClJ	$\mathrm{HCl} + \mathrm{h}\nu \to \mathrm{Cl} + \mathrm{H}$	<pre>jx(ip_HCl)</pre>	see note
J6201	StTrGClJ	$HOCl + h\nu \rightarrow OH + Cl$	<pre>jx(ip_HOC1)</pre>	see note
J6300	TrGNClJ	$\text{ClNO}_2 + \text{h}\nu \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2$	<pre>jx(ip_ClNO2)</pre>	see note
J6301a	StTrGNClJ	$\text{ClNO}_3 + \text{h}\nu \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_3$	<pre>jx(ip_ClNO3)</pre>	see note
J6301b	StTrGNClJ	$\text{ClNO}_3 + \text{h}\nu \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{NO}_2$	<pre>jx(ip_Cl0N02)</pre>	see note
J6400	StGClJ	$CH_3Cl + h\nu \rightarrow Cl + CH_3O_2$	jx(ip_CH3C1)	see note
J6401	StGClJ	$\mathrm{CCl}_4 + \mathrm{h}\nu \to 4 \mathrm{Cl}$	<pre>jx(ip_CCl4)</pre>	see note
J6402	StGCClJ	$\mathrm{CH_3CCl_3} + \mathrm{h}\nu \to 3 \mathrm{Cl}$	<pre>jx(ip_CH3CCl3)</pre>	see note
J6500	StGFClJ	$CFCl_3 + h\nu \rightarrow 3 Cl$	<pre>jx(ip_CFCl3)</pre>	see note
J6501	StGFClJ	$CF_2Cl_2 + h\nu \rightarrow 2 Cl$	jx(ip_CF2C12)	see note
J7000	StTrGBrJ	$Br_2 + h\nu \rightarrow Br + Br$	jx(ip_Br2)	see note
J7100	$\operatorname{TrGBrJ}$	$BrO + h\nu \rightarrow RJ7100 + Br + O(^{3}P)$	jx(ip_BrO)	see note
J7200	StTrGBrJ	$HOBr + h\nu \rightarrow Br + OH$	jx(ip_HOBr)	see note
J7300	TrGNBrJ	$BrNO_2 + h\nu \rightarrow Br + NO_2$	<pre>jx(ip_BrN02)</pre>	see note
J7301	StTrGNBrJ	$BrNO_3 + h\nu \rightarrow 0.29 Br + 0.29 NO_3 + 0.71 BrO + 0.71 NO_2$	jx(ip_BrNO3)	see note
J7400	$\operatorname{StGBrJ}$	$CH_3Br + h\nu \rightarrow Br + CH_3O_2$	jx(ip_CH3Br)	see note
J7401	TrGBrJ	$\mathrm{CH_2Br_2} + \mathrm{h}\nu \to 2~\mathrm{Br}$	jx(ip_CH2Br2)	see note
J7402	TrGBrJ	$\mathrm{CHBr}_3 + \mathrm{h}\nu \to 3~\mathrm{Br}$	<pre>jx(ip_CHBr3)</pre>	see note
J7500	StGFBrJ	$CF_3Br + h\nu \rightarrow Br$	jx(ip_CF3Br)	see note

Table 2: Photolysis reactions (... continued)

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
J7600	StTrGClBrJ	$BrCl + h\nu \rightarrow Br + Cl$	jx(ip_BrCl)	see note
J7601	StGFBrJ	$CF_2ClBr + h\nu \rightarrow Br + Cl$	<pre>jx(ip_CF2C1Br)</pre>	see note
J7602	TrGClBrJ	$\mathrm{CH_2ClBr} + \mathrm{h}\nu \to \mathrm{Br} + \mathrm{Cl}$	<pre>jx(ip_CH2ClBr)</pre>	see note
J7603	TrGClBrJ	$\mathrm{CHCl_2Br} + \mathrm{h}\nu \to \mathrm{Br} + 2 \; \mathrm{Cl}$	jx(ip_CHCl2Br)	see note
J7604	TrGClBrJ	$\mathrm{CHClBr}_2 + \mathrm{h}\nu \to 2~\mathrm{Br} + \mathrm{Cl}$	<pre>jx(ip_CHClBr2)</pre>	see note
J8401a	TrGJ	$CH_3I + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3O_2$	JX(ip_CH3I)	see note
J9002	$\operatorname{StGSJ}$	$SF_6 + h\nu \rightarrow products$	JX(ip_SF6)	see note

J-values are calculated with an external module and then supplied to the MECCA chemistry

J6100: Stimpfle et al. (2004) claim that the combination of absorption cross sections from Burkholder et al. (1990) and the  $\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2$  formation rate coefficient by

Sander et al. (2003) can approximately reproduce the observed  $\mathrm{Cl_2O_2/ClO}$  ratios and ozone depletion. They give an almost zenith-angle independent ratio of 1.4 for Burkholder et al. (1990) to Sander et al. (2003) J-values. The IUPAC recommendation for the  $\mathrm{Cl_2O_2}$  formation rate is about 5 to 15 % less than the value by Sander

et al. (2003) but more than 20 % larger than the value by Sander et al. (2000). The J-values by Burkholder et al. (1990) are within the uncertainty range of the IUPAC recommendation.

J7301: The quantum yields are from Sander et al. (2003).

Table 3: Henry's law coefficients

substance	$\frac{k_{ m H}^{\ominus}}{N_{ m I}/L}$	$\frac{-\Delta_{\rm soln}H/R}{T}$	reference
	M/atm	K	
$O_2$	$1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	1500.	Wilhelm et al. (1977)
$O_3$	$1.2 \times 10^{-2}$	2560.	Chameides (1984)
ОН	$3.0 \times 10^{1}$	4300.	Hanson et al. (1992)
$HO_2$	$3.9 \times 10^{3}$	5900.	Hanson et al. (1992)
$\mathrm{H_2O_2}$	$1.\times10^{5}$	6338.	Lind and Kok (1994)
$\mathrm{NH}_3$	58.	4085.	Chameides (1984)
NO	$1.9 \times 10^{-3}$	1480.	Schwartz and White (1981)
$NO_2$	$7.0 \times 10^{-3}$	2500.	Lee and Schwartz (1981)*
$NO_3$	2.	2000.	Thomas et al. (1993)
HONO	$4.9 \times 10^{1}$	4780.	Schwartz and White (1981)
$HNO_3$	$2.45\times10^{6}/1.5\times10^{1}$	8694.	Brimblecombe and Clegg (1989)*
$\mathrm{HNO}_4$	$1.2 \times 10^4$	6900.	Régimbal and Mozurkewich (1997)
$\mathrm{CH_{3}O_{2}}$	6.	5600.	Jacob (1986)*
$CH_3OOH$	$3.0 \times 10^{2}$	5322.	Lind and Kok (1994)
HCHO	$7.0 \times 10^{3}$	6425.	Chameides (1984)
HCOOH	$3.7 \times 10^{3}$	5700.	Chameides (1984)
$CO_2$	$3.1 \times 10^{-2}$	2423.	Chameides (1984)
$Cl_2$	$9.2 \times 10^{-2}$	2081.	Bartlett and Margerum (1999)
HCl	2./1.7	9001.	Brimblecombe and Clegg (1989)
HOCl	$6.7 \times 10^2$	5862.	Huthwelker et al. (1995)
$\mathrm{Br}_2$	$7.7 \times 10^{-1}$	3837.	Bartlett and Margerum (1999)
$\overline{\mathrm{HBr}}$	1.3	10239.	Brimblecombe and Clegg (1989)*
HOBr	$9.3 \times 10^{1}$	5862.	Vogt et al. (1996)*
$\operatorname{BrCl}$	$9.4 \times 10^{-1}$	5600.	Bartlett and Margerum (1999)
$\mathrm{SO}_2$	1.2	3120.	Chameides (1984)
$H_2SO_4$	$1.\times10^{11}$	0.	see note
DMSO	$5.\times10^{4}$	6425.	De Bruyn et al. (1994)*
Hg	0.13	0.	Schroeder and Munthe (1998)
$_{ m HgO}$	$3.2 \times 10^{6}$	0.	Shon et al. (2005)
$\mathrm{HgCl}_2$	$2.4 \times 10^{7}$	0.	Shon et al. (2005)
$_{\mathrm{HgBr}_{2}}^{2}$	$2.4 \times 10^{7}$	0.	see note
ClHgBr	$2.4 \times 10^{7}$	0.	see note
BrHgOBr	$2.4 \times 10^{7}$	0.	see note

Table 3: Henry's law coefficients (... continued)

substance	$\frac{k_{ m H}^{\ominus}}{ m M/atm}$	$rac{-\Delta_{ m soln} H/R}{ m K}$	reference	
ClHgOBr	$2.4 \times 10^{7}$	0.	see note	

The temperature dependence of the Henry constants is:

$$K_{\mathrm{H}} = K_{\mathrm{H}}^{\ominus} \times \exp\left(\frac{-\Delta_{\mathrm{soln}}H}{R}\left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T^{\ominus}}\right)\right)$$

where  $\Delta_{\mathrm{soln}}H=\mathrm{molar}$  enthalpy of dissolution [J/mol] and R = 8.314 J/(mol K).

(1984).

HNO<sub>3</sub>: Calculated using the acidity constant from Davis and de Bruin (1964).

 $CH_3O_2$ : This value was estimated by Jacob (1986).

HBr: Calculated using the acidity constant from Lax (1969).

NO<sub>2</sub>: The temperature dependence is from Chameides HOBr: This value was estimated by Vogt et al. (1996).

H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>: To account for the very high Henry's law coefficient of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, a very high value was chosen arbitrarily.

DMSO: Lower limit cited from another reference.

HgBr<sub>2</sub>: Assumed to be the same as for HgCl<sub>2</sub>

ClHgBr: Assumed to be the same as for HgCl<sub>2</sub>

BrHgOBr: Assumed to be the same as for HgCl<sub>2</sub>

ClHgOBr: Assumed to be the same as for HgCl<sub>2</sub>

Table 4: Accommodation coefficients

		Λ. Η/Ρ	
substance	$lpha^\ominus$	$\frac{-\Delta_{\rm obs}H/R}{\rm K}$	reference
$O_2$	0.01	2000.	see note
$O_3$	0.002	0.	DeMore et al. (1997)*
OH	0.01	0.	Takami et al. (1998)*
$\mathrm{HO}_2$	0.5	0.	Thornton and Abbatt (2005)
$\mathrm{H_2O_2}$	0.077	3127.	Worsnop et al. (1989)
$\mathrm{NH}_3$	0.06	0.	DeMore et al. (1997)*
NO	$5.0 \times 10^{-5}$	0.	Saastad et al. (1993)*
$NO_2$	0.0015	0.	Ponche et al. (1993)*
$NO_3$	0.04	0.	Rudich et al. (1996)*
$N_2O_5$	0.1	0.	DeMore et al. (1997)*
HONO	0.04	0.	DeMore et al. (1997)*
$HNO_3$	0.5	0.	Abbatt and Waschewsky (1998)*
$\mathrm{HNO}_4$	0.1	0.	DeMore et al. (1997)*
$\mathrm{CH_{3}O_{2}}$	0.01	2000.	see note
$\mathrm{CH_{3}OOH}$	0.0046	3273.	Magi et al. (1997)
HCHO	0.04	0.	DeMore et al. (1997)*
НСООН	0.014	3978.	DeMore et al. (1997)
$CO_2$	0.01	2000.	see note
$Cl_2$	0.038	6546.	Hu et al. (1995)
HCl	0.074	3072.	Schweitzer et al. $(2000)^*$
HOCl	0.5	0.	see note
$ClNO_3$	0.108	0.	Deiber et al. $(2004)^*$
$\mathrm{Br}_2$	0.038	6546.	Hu et al. (1995)
$_{ m HBr}$	0.032	3940.	Schweitzer et al. $(2000)^*$
HOBr	0.5	0.	Abbatt and Waschewsky (1998)*
$BrNO_3$	0.063	0.	Deiber et al. $(2004)^*$
$\operatorname{BrCl}$	0.38	6546.	see note
$SO_2$	0.11	0.	DeMore et al. (1997)
$H_2SO_4$	0.65	0.	Pöschl et al. (1998)*
$\mathrm{CH_{3}SO_{3}H}$	0.076	1762.	De Bruyn et al. (1994)
DMSO	0.048	2578.	De Bruyn et al. (1994)
Hg	0.1	0.	see note
$_{ m HgO}$	0.1	0.	see note
$\mathrm{HgCl}_2$	0.1	0.	see note

Table 4: Accommodation coefficients (... continued)

substance	$\alpha^{\ominus}$	$\frac{-\Delta_{ m obs}H/R}{ m K}$	reference	
$\mathrm{HgBr}_2$	0.1	0.	see note	
ClHgBr	0.1	0.	see note	
BrHgOBr	0.1	0.	see note	
ClHgOBr	0.1	0.	see note	

The temperature dependence of the accommodation coefficients is given by (Jayne et al., 1991):

$$\frac{\alpha}{1 - \alpha} = \exp\left(\frac{-\Delta_{\text{obs}}G}{RT}\right)$$
$$= \exp\left(\frac{-\Delta_{\text{obs}}H}{RT} + \frac{\Delta_{\text{obs}}S}{R}\right)$$

where  $\Delta_{\rm obs}G$  is the Gibbs free energy barrier of the transition state toward solution (Jayne et al., 1991), and  $\Delta_{\text{obs}}H$  and  $\Delta_{\text{obs}}S$  are the corresponding enthalpy and entropy, respectively. The equation can be rearranged to:

$$\ln\left(\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}\right) = \frac{-\Delta_{\rm obs}H}{R} \times \frac{1}{T} + \frac{-\Delta_{\rm obs}S}{R}$$

and further:

$$\mathrm{d}\ln\left(\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}\right) / \mathrm{d}\left(\frac{1}{T}\right) = \frac{-\Delta_{\mathrm{obs}}H}{R}$$

If no data were available, a value of  $\alpha = 0.01$ ,  $\alpha = \text{HCl}$ : Temperature dependence derived from published 0.1, or  $\alpha = 0.5$ , and a temperature dependence of  $-\Delta_{\rm obs}H/R = 2000$  K has been assumed.

 $O_2$ : Estimate.

O<sub>3</sub>: Value measured at 292 K.

OH: Value measured at 293 K.

NH<sub>3</sub>: Value measured at 295 K.

NO: Value measured between 193 and 243 K.

NO<sub>2</sub>: Value measured at 298 K.

NO<sub>3</sub>: Value is a lower limit, measured at 273 K.

N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>: Value for sulfuric acid, measured between 195 and 300 K.

HONO: Value measured between 247 and 297 K.

HNO<sub>3</sub>: Value measured at room temperature. Abbatt and Waschewsky (1998) say  $\gamma > 0.2$ . Here  $\alpha = 0.5$  is used.

HNO<sub>4</sub>: Value measured at 200 K for water ice.

 $CH_3O_2$ : Estimate.

HCHO: Value measured between 260 and 270 K.

 $CO_2$ : Estimate.

data at 2 different temperatures

HOCl: Assumed to be the same as  $\alpha(HOBr)$ .

ClNO<sub>3</sub>: Value measured at 274.5 K.

HBr: Temperature dependence derived from published data at 2 different temperatures

HOBr: Value measured at room temperature. Abbatt and Waschewsky (1998) say  $\gamma > 0.2$ . Here  $\alpha = 0.5$  is used.

BrNO<sub>3</sub>: Value measured at 273 K.

BrCl: Assumed to be the same as  $\alpha(Cl_2)$ .

H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>: Value measured at 303 K.

Hg: Estimate.

HgO: Estimate.

HgCl<sub>2</sub>: Estimate.

HgBr<sub>2</sub>: Estimate.

ClHgBr: Estimate.

BrHgOBr: Estimate.

ClHgOBr: Estimate.

Table 5: Henry's law equilibria

# labels reaction	rate coefficient	reference	

The forward (k\_exf) and backward (k\_exb) rate coefficients are calculated in the file messy\_mecca\_aero.f90 using the accommodation coefficients in subroutine mecca\_aero\_alpha and Henry's law constants in subroutine mecca\_aero\_henry.

 $k_{\rm mt} = {\rm mass} \ {\rm transfer} \ {\rm coefficient}$ 

lwc = liquid water content of aerosol mode H3201, H6300, H6301, H6302, H7300, H7301, H7302, H7601, H7602: For uptake of X (= N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, ClNO<sub>3</sub>, BrNO<sub>3</sub>) and subsequent reaction with H<sub>2</sub>O, Cl<sup>-</sup>, and Br<sup>-</sup>, we define  $k_{\rm exf}(X) = k_{\rm mt}(X) \times lwc/([H_2O] + 5.0E2[Cl^-] + 3.0E5[Br^-])$ .

H6301, H6302, H7601: The total uptake is determined

by  $k_{\rm mt}({\rm ClNO_3})$ . The relative rates are assumed to be the same as for N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (H3201, H6300, H7300).

H7301, H7302, H7602: The total uptake is determined by  $k_{\rm mt}({\rm BrNO_3})$ . The relative rates are assumed to be the same as for N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (H3201, H6300, H7300).

Table 6: Heterogeneous reactions

#	labels	reaction	rate coefficient	reference
HET200	StHetN	$N_2O_5 + H_2O \rightarrow 2 \text{ HNO}_3$	khet_St(ihs_N2O5_H2O)	see note
HET201	TrHetN	$N_2O_5 \to 2 NO_3^-(aq) + 2 H^+(aq)$	khet_Tr(iht_N2O5)	see note
HET202	TrHetN	$HNO_3 \rightarrow NO_3^-(aq) + H^+(aq)$	khet_Tr(iht_HNO3)	see note
HET410	StHetCl	$HOCl + HCl \rightarrow Cl_2 + H_2O$	khet_St(ihs_HOC1_HC1)	see note
HET420	StHetNCl	$ClNO_3 + HCl \rightarrow Cl_2 + HNO_3$	khet_St(ihs_C1NO3_HC1)	see note
HET421	StHetNCl	$ClNO_3 + H_2O \rightarrow HOCl + HNO_3$	khet_St(ihs_C1NO3_H2O)	see note
HET422	StHetNCl	$N_2O_5 + HCl \rightarrow ClNO_2 + HNO_3$	khet_St(ihs_N2O5_HCl)	see note
HET510	StHetBr	$\mathrm{HOBr} + \mathrm{HBr} \rightarrow \mathrm{Br}_2 + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$	khet_St(ihs_HOBr_HBr)	see note
HET520	StHetNBr	$BrNO_3 + H_2O \rightarrow HOBr + HNO_3$	khet_St(ihs_BrNO3_H2O)	see note
HET540	StHetNClBr	$ClNO_3 + HBr \rightarrow BrCl + HNO_3$	khet_St(ihs_C1NO3_HBr)	see note
HET541	StHetNClBr	$BrNO_3 + HCl \rightarrow BrCl + HNO_3$	khet_St(ihs_BrNO3_HC1)	see note
HET542	StHetClBr	$HOCl + HBr \rightarrow BrCl + H_2O$	khet_St(ihs_HOC1_HBr)	see note
HET543	StHetClBr	$\mathrm{HOBr} + \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow \mathrm{BrCl} + \mathrm{H_2O}$	khet_St(ihs_HOBr_HCl)	see note
HET1001	StTrHetHg	$Hg \to Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_Hg) + khet_St(ihs_Hg)</pre>	see note
HET1002	StTrHetHg	$HgO \rightarrow Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_RGM) + khet_St(ihs_RGM)</pre>	see note
HET1003	StTrHetHg	$HgCl \rightarrow Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_RGM) + khet_St(ihs_RGM)</pre>	see note
HET1004	StTrHetHg	$HgCl_2 \to Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_RGM) + khet_St(ihs_RGM)</pre>	see note
HET1005	StTrHetHg	$HgBr \to Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_RGM) + khet_St(ihs_RGM)</pre>	see note
HET1006	StTrHetHg	$HgBr_2 \rightarrow Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_RGM) + khet_St(ihs_RGM)</pre>	see note
HET1007	StTrHetHg	$ClHgBr \rightarrow Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_RGM) + khet_St(ihs_RGM)</pre>	see note
HET1008	StTrHetHg	$BrHgOBr \rightarrow Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_RGM) + khet_St(ihs_RGM)</pre>	see note
HET1009	StTrHetHg	$ClHgOBr \rightarrow Hg(aq)$	<pre>khet_Tr(iht_RGM) + khet_St(ihs_RGM)</pre>	see note

<sup>\*</sup>Notes:

Heterogeneous reaction rates are calculated with an external module and then supplied to the MECCA chemistry (see www.messy-interface.org for details)

Table 7: Acid-base and other eqilibria

# labels reaction	$K_0[M^{m-n}]$	$-\Delta H/R[K]$	reference	

Table 8: Aqueous phase reactions

# labels reaction	$k_0 [M^{1-n}s^{-1}]$	$-E_a/R[K]$	reference	

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