

- * no. of features = 2
- * no. of examples = 4

① Implementation of mean of variables :-

$$\bar{x} = (4+8+13+7) / 4 = \underline{\underline{8}}$$

$$\bar{y} = (11+4+5+14) / 4 = \underline{\underline{8.5}}$$

② Computation of Covariance Matrix :-

no. of features = 2 $\Rightarrow (x, y)$

\therefore ordered pairing : $(x, x) (x, y) (y, x) (y, y)$

$$\text{Cov}(a, b) = \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{k=1}^N (a_k - \bar{a})(b_k - \bar{b})$$

Annotations:

- $\frac{1}{N-1}$: no. of examples
- $\sum_{k=1}^N$: example k of a
- a_k : example k of a
- \bar{a} : mean of a
- b_k : example k of b
- \bar{b} : mean of b

$$* \text{Cov}(x, x) = \frac{1}{4-1} [(4-8)^2 + (8-8)^2 + (13-8)^2 + (7-8)^2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} [16+0+25+1] = \frac{42}{3}$$

$$\text{Cov}(x, x) = 14$$

$$* \text{Cov}(x, y) = \frac{1}{4-1} [(4-8)(11-8.5) + 0 + (13-8)(5-8.5) + (7-8)(14-8.5)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} [-10 - 17.5 + 8.5] = \frac{-22}{3}$$

$$\text{Cov}(x, y) = -11$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Cov}(y, x) = \sum \text{Cov}(x_i, y)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cov}(y, x) = -11$$

$$\star \text{Cov}(y, y) = \frac{1}{3} \left[(2.5)^2 + (-3.5)^2 + (3.5)^2 + (-0.5)^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (6.25 + 12.25 + 12.25 + 0.25)$$

$$= \frac{69}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cov}(y, y) = 23$$

\therefore Covariance matrix is:-

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Cov}(x, x) & \text{Cov}(x, y) \\ \text{Cov}(y, x) & \text{Cov}(y, y) \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 14 & -11 \\ -11 & 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

③ Calculate Eigen values :-

$$\det(S - \lambda I) = 0$$

Covariance matrix

Eigen values

$$\star \det \left(\begin{bmatrix} 14 & -11 \\ -11 & 23 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 14-\lambda & -11 \\ -11 & 23-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (14-\lambda)(23-\lambda) - (121) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 322 - 14\lambda - 23\lambda - \lambda^2 - 121 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^2 - 37\lambda + 201 = 0$$

$$\lambda_{\text{roots}} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

\rightarrow solve this eqn for λ_1 & λ_2

$$\lambda_1 = 30.3849$$

$$\lambda_2 = 6.6151$$

* first principle component ↴

$\lambda_1 > \lambda_2$
∴ first principle component (largest eigen value)

④ Calculate Eigen vector for FPC :-

formula:- $(S - \lambda_1 I)(U_1) = 0$ ↗ Eigen vector for λ_1

$$\begin{bmatrix} 14-\lambda_1 & -11 \\ -11 & 23-\lambda_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (14-\lambda_1) u_1 & -11u_2 \\ -11u_1 & (23-\lambda_1) u_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow (14-\lambda_1) u_1 - 11u_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -11u_1 + (23-\lambda_1) u_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (14-\lambda_1) u_1 = 11u_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{u_1}{11} = \frac{u_2}{14-\lambda_1} = t}$$

for $t=1$:-

$$u_1 = 11, \quad u_2 = 14-\lambda_1$$

$$\therefore \text{Eigen vector } (U_1) : \begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 14-\lambda_1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ -16.3849 \end{bmatrix}}}$$

⑤ Normalize the Eigen value (U_1) :-

$$e_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{11}{\sqrt{11^2 + (-16.3849)^2}} \\ \frac{-16.3849}{\sqrt{11^2 + (-16.3849)^2}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} +0.5574 \\ -0.8303 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Derive New Dataset :-

	Ex_1	Ex_2	Ex_3	Ex_4
first principle Component	P_{11}	P_{12}	P_{13}	P_{14}

$$P_{ij} = e_i^T \begin{bmatrix} (\text{Example } i)_a - \text{mean}(\text{Example})_a \\ (\text{Example } i)_c - \text{mean}(\text{Example})_c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\star P_{11} = e_1^T \begin{bmatrix} 4 - \text{mean}(x) \\ 11 - \text{mean}(y) \end{bmatrix} = e_1^T \begin{bmatrix} 4 - 8 \\ 11 - 8.5 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0.5574 & -0.8308 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 2.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\star P_{11} = -4.3052$$

$$\star P_{12} = 3.7361$$

$$\star P_{13} = 5.6928$$

$$\star P_{14} = -5.1238$$

\therefore new dataset

	Ex_1	Ex_2	Ex_3	Ex_4
PC_1	-4.3052	3.7361	5.6928	-5.1238