

Elements of Macroeconomics TA

Session 4:

Midterm Exam 1

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Slides on <https://github.com/Haruki-Shibuya/TA>

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Announcement

- If you have questions about Q3, please look at the rubric and answer keys first.
- If you still have questions after checking it, please visit me during office hours on Mon 10-11am in 601A, Wyman Park Building.
- If you have questions about Q1,2,4, or 5, then please ask your TA according to the following:
Q2 or Q5: Qingyuan qfang6@jhu.edu
Q1 or Q4: Shiqi h.q@jhu.edu
- Points specified on the exam sheet and answer keys for Q3 are wrong (they don't add up to 25) so we had to redistribute 25 points to 4 sub-questions.
The updated distribution is: Q3(a)7pts, Q3(b)7pts, Q3(c)4pts, Q3(d)7pts.

Score stats

Basic statistics:

Count 134 test takers

Mean 65.6

Std. dev. 12.9

Median 68

Max 94

Q5

	2020 (In Millions)	2025 (In Millions)
Total Population	150	160
Working-age population	100	120
Number of adults, neither working, nor looking for work	50	
Number of employed adults	45	48
Number of discouraged workers	1	2
Number of part-time workers	4	5

- Discouraged 1 worker \subseteq Neither-working-nor-looking-for-job 50 adults
- Part-time 4 workers \subseteq Employed 45 adults
- 100 working pop = 45 employed + **5 unemployed** + 50 non-labor-force

Q5 (e)

e) *[2 points]* What is the labor force participation rate in 2020?

labor force = 50 (million)

labor force participation rate: 50%

- 100 working pop = 45 employed + 5 unemployed + 50 non-labor-force
- Labor force = $U + E = 50$
- Labor force participation rate = $LF / \text{Working Pop} = 50 / 100 = 0.5$ or 50%

Q5 (f)

f) *[2 points]* How many individuals are unemployed in 2020?

Number of individuals unemployed = $50 - 45 = 5$ (million)

Q5 (g)

g) *[3 points]* What is the U3 unemployment rate in 2020?

$$\text{U3 unemployment rate} = 5 / 50 = 10\%$$

- **U-3 unemployment rate** is the headline/standard official unemployment rate used by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). It represents the percentage of the civilian labor force that is unemployed and actively seeking employment.
- $\text{U3} = \text{unemployed} / \text{LF} = 5 / 50 = 0.1$ or 10%

Q5 (h)

- h) *[3 points]* Suppose the labor force participation rate stays the same in 2025 as in 2020, what is the labor force in 2025?

Labor force in 2025 = $120 * 50\% = 60$ (million)

■ Labor force in 2025 = working pop in 2025 (120 ppl) $\times 0.5 = 60$

Q5 (i)

- i) *[3 points]* Using the size of the labor force computed in (d) above, calculate the unemployment rate for 2025.

Employment = 48 million. Unemployment = 12 million

Unemployment rate for 2025 = $12/60 = 20\%$

- Labor force in 2025 = 60
- Unemployment rate in 2025 = $U/LF = U/60$
- $U = LF - E = 60 - 48 = 12$
- Hence $12/60 = 0.2$ or 20%

Q5 (j)

j) *[3 points]* What is the U6 unemployment rate in 2025?

$$\begin{aligned}\text{U6 Unemployment} &= 12 + 2 \text{ (marginally attached)} + 5 \text{ (part-time workers)} = 19 \\ \text{U6 Unemployment rate} &= 19 / (60 + 2) = 30.65\%\end{aligned}$$

<https://www.bls.gov/news.release/empsit.t15.htm>

- U6 unemployment: known as the "real" unemployment rate. It includes not only people who are officially unemployed (those actively looking for work) but also:
 - 1. **Marginally attached workers:** These are individuals who are not currently looking for work but have looked for a job within the past 12 months and would accept one if it became available.
 - 2. **Discouraged workers:** A subset of the marginally attached workers who have given up looking for work because they believe there are no jobs available for them.
 - 3. **Part-time workers for economic reasons (involuntary part-time workers):** People who are working part-time but want and are available for full-time work.