Resolve the Italian sixth chord.

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Match this common cadential bassline on your keyboard.

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Now match this three-part realization. Memorize the upper parts!

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Can you repeat the progression you just played? Notice the root of each chord, now highlighted in red.

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Now repeat the progression in D major, transposing up a major second.

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How does the same progression sound in the parallel minor, D minor? The Roman numeral analysis will help.

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Keeping the bass and alto parts where they were, take the soprano part down an octave to the tenor register.

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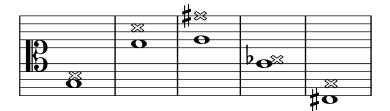
The same cadence in four parts, now in A minor. Memorize this also!

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Play the same four-part progression in F major from the given starting position.

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Match this three-part drill, which demonstrates the resolution of dominant harmonies including scale degree 4. Here, V u3 appears as a substitute of vii since the resolution of a 7-6 suspension is accompanied by a bass motion.

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				•		

Match this three-part device, a favorite of European composers throughout the eighteenth century. The bass makes a tetrachordal descent, and is harmonized by parallel tenths (or seventeenths, as here) in one of the upper parts.

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	0	0	0
 			
110			
		+	+

To complete the same three-part drill in F major, add to the visible bass and alto parts a soprano part which harmonizes the bass in parallel tenths.

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Complete the same three-part drill once more, now in A minor, by adding to the visible bass and soprano parts an alto part which uses the keynote and leading-tone only.

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And another.



Match this progression: the resolution of a V z5 chord.

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Repeat the same progression and memorize it! Get ready to repeat without the notation.

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Match the outer parts; from memory, complete the inner parts with the right hand.

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 $\fbox{Repeat the entire progression from memory.}$

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Transpose the progression up by major second, to D major.

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Translate the progression to D minor.

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Preserving the same structure in each hand, complete the progression in the key shown.

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Preserving the same structure in each hand, complete the progression in the key shown.

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Preserving the same structure in each hand, complete the progression in the key shown.

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Back in C major, match the resolution of V z5 with a different configuration of the upper voices. The SAT parts in the right hand follow the same voice leading but the parts are rotated.

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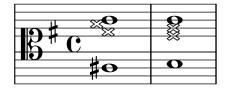
Match this third and final configuration of V z5 . Here, the common tone features in the soprano part.

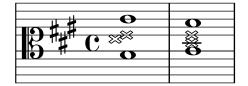
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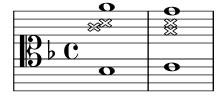
You should now be able to resolve V z5 in three different configurations in any given key. Before practicing this, review the four elements of the voice leading by playing the four note-pairs in succession.

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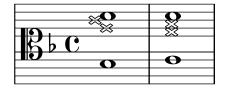


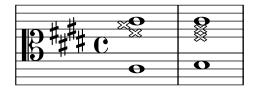


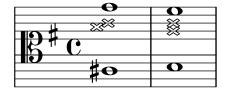
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In the same vein, complete a series of V z5 resolutions that form a descending sequence.

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In the same vein, complete a series of V z5 resolutions that form an ascending sequence.

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