

What are we doing?

- × Introduction: what are APIs
- × Finding APIs and interpreting documentation
- × Working with APIs in R
 - × Querying API
 - × Using queries to enrich data
 - × Using data to create content via API
- × Resources for building APIs
- × Questions



What is an API?

From Wikipedia:

In computer programming, an application programming interface (API) is a set of subroutine definitions, protocols, and tools for building application software. In general terms, it's a **set of clearly defined methods of communication** between various software components. A good API makes it easier to develop a computer program by providing all the building blocks, which are then put together by the programmer.



What's an API? (contd.)

For an online data source, an API gives you a consistent means of **requesting** data, and a consistent **format** for the data that you receive.





GET /articlesearch.json

Article Search

Article Search requests use the following URI structure:

Hide details ♠

Try it out →

Parameters

q string

Location: query ?q=xyz

Search query term. Search is performed on the article body, headline and byline.

fq string

Location: query ?fq=xyz

"Filtered search query using standard Lucene syntax.

The filter query can be specified with or without a limiting field: label.

See Filtering Your Search for more information about filtering."

begin_date string

Location: query ?begin_date=xyz

"Format: YYYYMMDD

Restricts responses to results with publication dates of the date specified or later."

end_date string

Location: query ?end_date=xyz

"Format: YYYYMMDD

Restricts responses to results with publication dates of the date specified or earlier."

sort string

Location: query ?sort=newest

"By default, search results are sorted by their relevance to the query term (q). Use the sort parameter to sort by pub_date."

Allowed values are:

newest

Responses 200

Schema Example

The docs requested by the article search.

```
¥ {
  response: ▼ {
             docs: ▼ [
                        web url:
                                          string
                        snippet:
                                          string
                        lead paragraph:
                                          string
                        abstract:
                                          string
                        print page:
                                          string
                        blog:
                                           ▼ [
                                             ₹ {
                        source:
                                          string
                        headline:
                                           ▼ {
                                             main: string
                                             kicker: string
                        keywords:
                                             rank: string
                                             name: string
                                             value: string
                        pub_date:
                                          string
                        document type:
                                          string
```

news desK:

string

Request

- Query parameters
 Response
- Formatted output
 - o JSON
 - o XML

Why do we use (web) APIs?

- Modern web apps
 - Many small parts
 - Exchange data
 - Control access to data
- Researchers
 - Access to live data
 - Ability to query for exactly the data you want



- Web APIs are based on HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol)
- Traffic over port :80 or :443 (HTTPS)
 - Web pages, media, data
- This is the same protocol that delivers the rest of the web content
- HTTP Methods (CRUD)
 - POST: create
 - GET: read
 - PUT / PATCH: update
 - DELETE: delete



API Design Approaches

- Older: SOAP, XML-RPC
- New: GraphQL
 - One endpoint
 - Client driven
 - JSON only
- Most common: REST
 - Representational State Transfer protocol
 - Series of endpoints: one endpoint per resource
 - Server-driven
 - JSON, but also XML, etc
 - HTTP status codes



Finding APIS

- × APIs are the backbone of the interactive web
- × Places to start:
 - × https://www.programmableweb.com/
 - × https://rapidapi.com/
 - x https://apis.guru/browse-apis/
 - × https://github.com/toddmotto/public-apis



Reading API Docs

- × Writing good documentation is time consuming
 - × Learn to read spotty or bad documentation
 - × Email devs if you need to
 - × Reading API Documentation
- × Watch out for versioning and deprecation



JSON and XML

Look for return format

```
JSON:
{
    "status":"This is a Twitter post",
    "lat": 37.222,
    "long": -82.1234
}
```

- Use a formatter

```
ordingergery (18), "techniques" (12027) "pages" (12), "page (1), "
```

```
XMI:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<Update>
 <Status>"This is a Twitter post"</Status>
 <Latitude>37.222</Latitude>
 <Longitude>-82.1234</Longitude>
</Update>
      After
```



Harvard Art Museums API

- × Documentation: https://github.com/harvardartmuseums/api-doc
- × Register: https://www.harvardartmuseums.org/collections/api
- × API Toolkit + Guide: https://api-toolkit.herokuapp.com/
- × API App Examples
 - x http://apps.harvardartmuseums.org/art-explorer/
 - x <u>http://apps.harvardartmuseums.org/museum-explorer/</u>
 - x <u>http://apps.harvardartmuseums.org/suns-explorer/</u>

