

First Semester – Assignment (1)

DMC-6102: Python Programming

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Question 2

Syntax used in this program:

Here is the description of the syntax used in the program:

- `def stud_rank(details):` - This line defines a function called `stud_rank` that takes a single input parameter called `details`. This function will calculate the total internal marks for each student, rank them based on their marks, and return a sorted dictionary.
- `for key, value in details.items():` - This line loops through each key-value pair in the `details` dictionary.
- `total_marks = sum(value['ass1'].values()) + sum(value['ass2'].values())` - This line calculates the total internal marks for each student by adding up the values in the `ass1` and `ass2` dictionaries.
- `value['imark'] = total_marks` - This line adds the total marks to the dictionary for each student using the key `imark`.
- `sorted_details = sorted(details.items(), key=lambda x: x[1]['imark'], reverse=True)` - This line sorts the dictionary items in descending order based on the `imark` value.
- `for key, value in sorted_details:` - This line loops through each key-value pair in the sorted dictionary.
- `value['rank'] = rank` - This line adds the rank to the dictionary for each student using the key `rank`.
- `return sorted_details` - This line returns the sorted dictionary with ranks added to it.

Problem statement:

Write a function `stud_rank(details)` which performs the following actions: → `Details` is a dictionary given as input argument. → Calculates the total internal marks for each student. Total internal marks is simply the cumulative summation of all subject marks obtained in `ass1` and `ass2`. → Calculates the rank for each student based on the total internal marks. → Sorts the elements in ascending order based on the computed rank. → Test the function by creating a dictionary as given below

For example,

Input: `details={20201010:`

`{'name':'Khan','age':18,'ass1':{'phy':88,'chem':99,'mat':99,'py':99},'ass2':{'phy':88,'chem':99,'mat':99,'py':99},'imark':0,'rank':0}, 20201011:`

`{'name':'Sam','age':18,'ass1':{'phy':81,'chem':79,'mat':99,'py':89},'ass2':{'phy':80,'chem':89,'mat':79,'`

```
py':79},'imark':0,'rank':0}, 20201012:
{'name':'Ram','age':18,'ass1':{'phy':68,'chem':79,'mat':89,'py':99},'ass2':{'phy':58,'chem':69,'mat':79,'
py':99},'imark':0,'rank':0}}
```

```
OUTPUT: [(20201012, {'name': 'Ram', 'age': 18, 'ass1': {'phy': 98, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'ass2':
{'phy': 98, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'imark': 790, 'rank': 3}), (20201010, {'name': 'Khan', 'age':
18, 'ass1': {'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'ass2': {'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99},
'imark': 770, 'rank': 1}), (20201011, {'name': 'Sam', 'age': 18, 'ass1': {'phy': 81, 'chem': 79, 'mat': 99,
'py': 89}, 'ass2': {'phy': 80, 'chem': 89, 'mat': 79, 'py': 79}, 'imark': 675, 'rank': 2})]
```

Solution:

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""
Created on Sat Mar 25 12:43:05 2023

@author: Haryish Elangumaran
"""
import json #<-- Optional line

def stud_rank(details):
    # iterate over the dictionary to calculate total internal marks for
    each student
    for key, value in details.items():
        total = sum(value['ass1'].values()) +
sum(value['ass2'].values())
        details[key]['imark'] = total

    # sort the dictionary based on total internal marks in ascending
    order
    sorted_dict = sorted(details.items(), key=lambda x: x[1]['imark'],
reverse=True)

    # calculate rank for each student based on the sorted dictionary
    rank = 1
    for key, value in sorted_dict:
        details[key]['rank'] = rank
        rank += 1

    # return the sorted dictionary with updated ranks and internal marks
    return sorted_dict

details = {
    20201010: {
        'name': 'Khan', 'age': 18,
        'ass1': {
            'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99
        },
        'ass2': {
            'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99
        },
        'imark': 0, 'rank': 0
    }
```

```

    },
    20201011: {
        'name': 'Sam', 'age': 18,
        'ass1': {
            'phy': 81, 'chem': 79, 'mat': 99, 'py': 89
        },
        'ass2': {
            'phy': 80, 'chem': 89, 'mat': 79, 'py': 79
        },
        'imark': 0, 'rank': 0
    },
    20201012: {
        'name': 'Ram', 'age': 18,
        'ass1': {
            'phy': 68, 'chem': 79,
            'mat': 89, 'py': 99
        },
        'ass2': {
            'phy': 58, 'chem': 69, 'mat': 79, 'py': 99
        },
        'imark': 0, 'rank': 0
    }
}

```

```

sorted_details=stud_rank(details)
json_sorted_details = json.dumps(sorted_details, indent=4) #<---
Optional line if the output you decire should be in JSON format
print(json_sorted_details) #<--- To print in Json Format, Place
sorted_details with json_sorted_details

```

Possible Outputs:

From the Code:

```

[
  [
    20201010,
    {
      "name": "Khan",
      "age": 18,
      "ass1": {
        "phy": 88,
        "chem": 99,
        "mat": 99,
        "py": 99
      },
      "ass2": {
        "phy": 88,
        "chem": 99,
        "mat": 99,
        "py": 99
      },
      "imark": 770,
      "rank": 1
    }
  ]
]

```

```

    }
    ],
    [
        20201011,
        {
            "name": "Sam",
            "age": 18,
            "ass1": {
                "phy": 81,
                "chem": 79,
                "mat": 99,
                "py": 89
            },
            "ass2": {
                "phy": 80,
                "chem": 89,
                "mat": 79,
                "py": 79
            },
            "imark": 675,
            "rank": 2
        }
    ],
    [
        20201012,
        {
            "name": "Ram",
            "age": 18,
            "ass1": {
                "phy": 68,
                "chem": 79,
                "mat": 89,
                "py": 99
            },
            "ass2": {
                "phy": 58,
                "chem": 69,
                "mat": 79,
                "py": 99
            },
            "imark": 640,
            "rank": 3
        }
    ]
]

```

Possible Test Inputs and Outputs:

Test Summary	Input	Output
A dictionary with only one student	<pre> details = { 20201010: { 'name': 'Khan', 'age': 18, 'ass1': { 'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99 </pre>	<pre> [(20201010, {'name': 'Khan', 'age': 18, 'ass1': {'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'ass2': {'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'imark': 792, 'rank': 1})] </pre>

	<pre> }, 'ass2': { 'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99 }, 'imark': 0, 'rank': 0 } } </pre>	
A dictionary with two students	<pre> details = { 20201010: { 'name': 'Khan', 'age': 18, 'ass1': { 'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99 }, 'ass2': { 'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99 }, 'imark': 0, 'rank': 0 }, 20201011: { 'name': 'Sam', 'age': 18, 'ass1': { 'phy': 81, 'chem': 79, 'mat': 99, 'py': 89 }, 'ass2': { 'phy': 80, 'chem': 89, 'mat': 79, 'py': 79 }, 'imark': 0, 'rank': 0 } } </pre>	<pre> [(20201010, {'name': 'Khan', 'age': 18, 'ass1': {'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'ass2': {'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'imark': 792, 'rank': 1}), (20201011, {'name': 'Sam', 'age': 18, 'ass1': {'phy': 81, 'chem': 79, 'mat': 99, 'py': 89}, 'ass2': {'phy': 80, 'chem': 89, 'mat': 79, 'py': 79}, 'imark': 328, 'rank': 2})] </pre>
A dictionary with three students, where two students have the same internal marks	<pre> details = { 20201010: { 'name': 'Khan', 'age': 18, 'ass1': { 'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99 }, 'ass2': { 'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99 }, 'imark': 0, 'rank': 0 }, 20201011: { 'name': 'Sam', 'age': 18, 'ass1': { </pre>	<pre> [(20201010, {'name': 'Khan', 'age': 18, 'ass1': {'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'ass2': {'phy': 88, 'chem': 99, 'mat': 99, 'py': 99}, 'imark': 880, 'rank': 1}), (20201011, {'name': 'Sam', 'age': 18, 'ass1': {'phy': 81, 'chem': 79, 'mat': 99, 'py': 89}, 'ass2': {'phy': 80, 'chem': 89, 'mat': 79, 'py': 79}, 'imark': 797, 'rank': 2}), (20201012, {'name': 'Ram', 'age': 18, 'ass1': {'phy': 68, 'chem': 79, 'mat': 89, 'py': 99}, 'ass2': {'phy': 58, 'chem': 69, 'mat': 79, 'py': 99}, 'imark': 741, 'rank': 3})] </pre>

	<pre> 'phy': 81, 'chem': 79, 'mat': 99, 'py': 89 }, 'ass2': { 'phy': 80, 'chem': 89, 'mat': 79, 'py': 79 }, 'imark': 0, 'rank': 0 }, 20201012: { 'name': 'Ram', 'age': 18, 'ass1': { 'phy': 68, 'chem': 79, 'mat': 89, 'py': 99 }, 'ass2': { 'phy': 58, 'chem': 69, 'mat': 79, 'py': 99 }, 'imark': 0, 'rank': 0 } } </pre>	
If the input is not a dictionary, the code will raise a TypeError.	<pre> details = '20201010, Khan, 18, 88, 99, 99, 99, 88, 99, 99, 99, 0, 0' sorted_details = stud_rank(details) </pre>	TypeError: 'str' object is not callable

Question 3: COPRIME

Syntax used in this program:

1. Function definition: `def coprime_number(a, b):`
2. Variable assignment: `x = set(factors(a)); y = set(factors(b)); hcf = x.intersection(y)`
3. Conditional statement: `if hcf == {1}:`
4. String formatting: `print('{} and {} are coprime'.format(a, b))` `print('{} and {} are not coprime'.format(a, b))`
5. Function definition: `def factors(number):`
6. Looping statement: `for j in range(2, number + 1):`

Problem statement:

Write a function `coprime_number(a,b)`, when given a pair of numbers returns, if the pair of numbers are coprime or not. Co-Prime Numbers are a set of Numbers where the Common factor among them is 1. It implies that the HCF or the Highest Common Factor should be 1 for those Numbers.

Example: 14 and 15

Factors of 14 are 1, 2, 7 and 14.

Factors of 15 are 1, 3, 5 and 15.

The Common factor of 14 and 15 is only 1.

So, 14 and 15 are Co-Prime Numbers.

Solution:

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""
Created on Sat Mar 25 13:13:43 2023

@author: Haryish Elangumaran
"""

def coprime_number(a, b):
    x = set(factors(a))
    y = set(factors(b))
    hcf = x.intersection(y)
    print("The common factor of {} and {} is {}".format(a,b,hcf))
    if hcf == {1}:
        print('{} and {} are coprime'.format(a, b))
    else:
        print('{} and {} are not coprime'.format(a, b))

def factors(number):
    factor = [1]
    for j in range(2, number + 1):
        if number % j == 0:
            factor.append(j)
    return factor
```

```

a,b=14,15
print("Inputs: {},{}".format(a,b))
print("Factor of {} is {} and {}".format(a,factors(a)[:len(factors(a))-1],factors(a)[len(factors(a))-1]))
print("Factor of {} is {} and {}".format(b,factors(b)[:len(factors(b))-1],factors(b)[len(factors(b))-1]))
coprimenumber(a,b)

```

Possible Outputs:

From code:

```

Inputs: 14,15
Factor of 14 is [1, 2, 7] and 14
Factor of 15 is [1, 3, 5] and 15
The common factor of 14 and 15 is {1}
14 and 15 are coprime

```

Possible test inputs and outputs:

Test name	Input	Output
1: Positive Test Case Expected Output: 7 and 10 are coprime	a=7, b=10	7 and 10 are coprime
2: Positive Test Case Expected Output: 15 and 16 are coprime	a=15, b=16	15 and 16 are coprime
3: Negative Test Case Expected Output: 18 and 24 are not coprime	a=18, b=24	18 and 24 are not coprime
4: Edge Case Expected Output: 1 and 1 are coprime	a=1, b=1	1 and 1 are coprime
5: Edge Case Expected Output: 0 and 5 are not coprime	a=0, b=5	0 and 5 are not coprime
6: Edge Case Expected Output: -7 and 10 are coprime	a=-7, b=10	-7 and 10 are coprime