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SWE302 Project Report

Unit-Testing Framework

Summary:

This report describes the architecture, components, how to use it, and benefits of a simple Python-based unit-testing framework. The project consists of assertions.py, core.py, runner.py, and test_samples.py files, which contain sample tests.

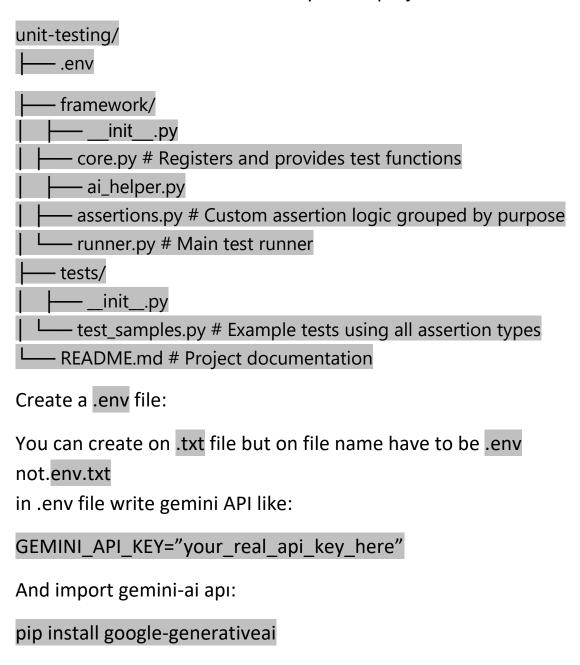
Why we create this code

- Providing a simple standalone solution for test automation
- Defining and using our own assertion methods without the need for external libraries (pytest/unittest)

Target audience

- New developers learning Python
- Those who want to write tests without using external dependencies in small-scale projects

You must create the root directory of the project as like this:



follow this steps for creating root directory:

open PowerShell or CMD

cd "\$HOME\Desktop"

create main Project folder

mkdir unit-testing

cd unit-testing

create sub folders

mkdir framework, tests

create empty "__init__.py" folder

ni framework__init__.py -ItemType File

ni tests__init__.py -ItemType File

and create code folders

ni framework\core.py -ItemType File

ni framework\assertions.py -ItemType File

ni framework\runner.py -ItemType File

ni tests\test_samples.py -ItemType File

How can we run this code?

control the python enviroment

python -version

run the "runner.py" file

python framework/runner.py

Go to the project folder in PowerShell or Terminal

cd "\$HOME\Desktop\unit-testing"

The results of the tests will eventually give a summary like this:

>>> Test Summary:

>>> Total Tests: 26

>>> Total Passed Tests: 24

>>> Total Failed Tests: 2

>>> TESTING COMPLETED <<<

File explainations

Framework/assertions.py

Contains customized assertion classes that you will use in tests.

Example:

```
class Comparison:

    def __init__(self, a, b):
        self.a = a
        self.b = b

    def assertEqual(self):
        if self.a != self.b:
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.a} is not equal to {self.b}")
```

(small part of this file)

This class contains a simple assertEqual function that checks if two values are equal.

Framework/core.py

@test decorator saves test functions in a list.

These functions are retrieved with get_tests().

Example:

```
_registered_tests = []

def test(func):
    """
    decorator to register all tests to the private
    _registered_tests array
    """
    _registered_tests.append(func)
    print("test?")
    return func

def get_tests():
    """
    returns all the registered tests
    """
    return _registered_tests
```

this way you will be able to run all test functions automatically

framework/runner.py

Example:

```
def runTests():
    tests = get_tests()
    total_tests = len(tests)
    passed, failed = 0,0

for test in tests:
    try:
        test()
        print(f"{test.__name__}\n>>> PASS <<<")
        passed += 1
    except AssertionError as e:
        print(f"{test.__name__}\n>>> FAIL: {str(e)} <<<")
        failed += 1</pre>
```

All test functions are executed one by one and the PASS/FAIL result is printed

Framework/ai_helper.py

```
import os
import google.generativeai as genai
from dotenv import load_dotenv

# upload .env file
load_dotenv()

# Get API key from environment variable
genai.configure(api_key=os.getenv("AIzaSyCjmYx8dAWu4ZXf_s3wVcrw0xFDB36b0iM"))

# Gemini model description
model = genai.GenerativeModel("gemini-1.5-flash")
```

this file set sup integration with gemini1.5 flash, a large language model from Google

- it loads gemini API key securely from a .env file using load_dotenv()
- genai.configure() function sets the API key for use
- generativeModel("gemini-1.5-flash") instance is used to generate AI responses based on given prompt

Tests/test samples.py

This is where you write tests for example tests like assertEqual, assertNotEqual, assertTrue are written here.

```
import time
from framework.assertions import Comparison, Truthiness, Identification, Collections,
Exceptions, Timing
from framework.core import test
import sys
import os

# Proje dizinini sisteme ekleyin
sys.path.append(os.path.abspath(os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), '..')))

# COMPARISON FAMILY TESTS
@test
def test_comparison_equal():
    comparison = Comparison(1, 1)
    comparison.assertEqual()
```

if this test passes it writes "PASS" to the console if it fails it writes "FAIL"

```
Expected output is:

test?

test?

test?

test?

test_comparison_equal

>>> PASS <<<
test_comparison_not_equal

>>> PASS <<<
test_comparison_greater
```

```
>>> PASS <<<
test_comparison_greater_equal
>>> PASS <<<
test_comparison_less
>>> PASS <<<
test_comparison_less_equal
>>> PASS <<<
test_truthiness_true
>>> PASS <<<
test_truthiness_false
>>> PASS <<<
test_truthiness_none
>>> PASS <<<
test_truthiness_not_none
>>> PASS <<<
test_identification_is
>>> PASS <<<
test_identification_is_not
>>> PASS <<<
test_identification_instance_of
>>> PASS <<<
test\_identification\_not\_instance\_of
```

>>> PASS <<<

test_collections_in

```
>>> PASS <<<
test_collections_not_in
>>> PASS <<<
test collections count equal
>>> PASS <<<
test_collections_list_equal
>>> PASS <<<
test_collections_tuple_equal
>>> PASS <<<
test_collections_set_equal
>>> PASS <<<
test_collections_dict_equal
>>> PASS <<<
test_exceptions_raises
>>> PASS <<<
test_exceptions_raises_no_error
>>> FAIL: no error was raised <<<
test_timing_runs_under
>>> PASS <<<
test_timing_runs_over
>>> FAIL: The function took longer than 1 seconds to execute <<<
test_timing_takes_at_least
>>> PASS <<<
test_timing_takes_less_than
```

>>> FAIL: The function took less than 1 seconds to execute <<<

>>> Test Summary:

>>> Total Tests: 27

>>> Total Passed Tests: 24

>>> Total Failed Tests: 3

Use cases

- Writing quick tests for small projects

- A standalone testing environment that does not require external libraries
- For educational purposes, to show how the "assert" mechanism Works

Advantages and Disadventages

Adventages:

- Not external dependencies
- Small and clear architecture
- Easily extensible assertion methods

Disadventages:

- No parametric testing, no parallel work
- No advanced fixture/configuration support
- Limited reporting format (console only)

ALL CODES

Framework/assertions.py

```
# COMPARISON FAMILY
class Comparison:
    def __init__(self, a, b):
       self.a = a
        self.b = b
    def assertEqual(self):
        if self.a != self.b:
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.a} is not equal to {self.b}")
    def assertNotEqual(self):
        if self.a == self.b:
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.a} is equal to {self.b}")
    def assertGreater(self):
        if self.a <= self.b:</pre>
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.b} is greater than or equal to {self.a}")
    def assertGreaterEqual(self):
        if self.a < self.b:</pre>
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.b} is greater than {self.a}")
    def assertLess(self):
        if self.a >= self.b:
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.b} is less than or equal to {self.a}")
    def assertLessEqual(self):
        if self.a > self.b:
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.b} is less than {self.a}")
# TRUTHINESS FAMILY
class Truthiness:
   def __init__(self, value):
        self.value = value
   def assertTrue(self):
        if not self.value:
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.value} is not a True boolean value")
   def assertFalse(self):
        if self.value:
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.value} is a True boolean value")
   def assertNone(self):
        if not (self.value is None):
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.value} is not None")
    def assertNotNone(self):
        if self.value is None:
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.value} is None")
# IDENTIFICATION FAMILY
class Identification:
```

```
def __init__(self, a, b):
       self.a = a
       self.b = b
   def assertIs(self):
       if not (self.a is self.b):
            raise AssertionError(f"the objects are not equal to each other")
   def assertIsNot(self):
       if (self.a is self.b):
            raise AssertionError(f"the objects are equal to each other")
   def assertIsInstanceOf(self):
       if not (isinstance(self.a, self.b)):
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.a} is not an instance of class {self.b}")
   def assertIsNotInstanceOf(self):
       if (isinstance(self.a, self.b)):
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.a} is an instance of class {self.b}")
# COLLECTIONS FAMILY
class Collections:
   def __init__(self, a, b):
       self.a = a
       self.b = b
   def assertIn(self):
       if not (self.a in self.b):
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.a} is not in {self.b}")
   def assertNotIn(self):
       if (self.a in self.b):
            raise AssertionError(f"{self.a} is in {self.b}")
   def countEqual(self):
       if len(self.a) != len(self.b):
            raise AssertionError(f"length of {self.a} is not equal to the length of
{self.b}")
       for elem in set(self.a + self.b):
           if elem not in self.a or elem not in self.b:
                raise AssertionError(f"The collections are not equal")
            if self.a.count(elem) != self.b.count(elem):
               raise AssertionError(f"The collections are not equal")
   def assertListEqual(self):
       if self.a != self.b:
            raise AssertionError("the lists are not equal!")
   def assertTupleEqual(self):
       if self.a != self.b:
            raise AssertionError("the tuples are not equal!")
   def assertSetEqual(self):
           if self.a != self.b:
               raise AssertionError("the sets are not equal!")
```

```
def assertDictEqual(self):
                if self.a != self.b:
                    raise AssertionError("the dictionaries are not equal!")
# EXCEPTIONS FAMILY
class Exceptions:
    def __init__(self, e, func, *args, **kwargs):
        self.e = e
        self.func = func
        self.args = args
        self.kwargs = kwargs
    def assertRaises(self):
        try:
            self.func(*self.args, **self.kwargs)
        except Exception as e:
            if not isinstance(e, self.e):
                raise AssertionError(f"expected: {self.e}, got {type(e)}")
            raise AssertionError("no error was raised")
# TIMING FAMILY
class Timing:
    def __init__(self, seconds, func, *args, **kwargs):
        self.seconds = seconds
        self.func = func
        self.args = args
        self.kwargs = kwargs
    def assertRunsUnder(self):
        start = time.perf_counter()
        self.func(*self.args, **self.kwargs)
        end = time.perf_counter()
        duration = end - start
        if duration > self.seconds:
            raise AssertionError(f"The function took longer than {self.seconds} seconds to
execute")
    def assertTakesAtleast(self):
        start = time.perf_counter()
        self.func(*self.args, **self.kwargs)
        end = time.perf_counter()
        duration = end - start
        if duration < self.seconds:</pre>
            raise AssertionError(f"The function took less than {self.seconds} seconds to
execute")
```

framework/ai helper.py

```
import os
import google.generativeai as genai
from dotenv import load_dotenv
# upload .env file
```

```
load_dotenv()

# Get API key from environment variable
genai.configure(api_key=os.getenv("Your API key"))

# Gemini model description
model = genai.GenerativeModel("gemini-1.5-flash")

def explain_failure(test_name: str, error_message: str) -> str:
    prompt = f""
    A unit test in Python has failed.

Test name: {test_name}
    Erorr message: {error_message}

Please provide a technical analysis of why this test might have failed and suggest possible fixes.
    """

try:
    response = model.generate_content(prompt)
    return response.text.strip()
    except Exception as e:
    return f"[Gemini AI explanation failed: {str(e)}]"
```

Framework/core.py

```
_registered_tests = []

def test(func):
    """
    decorator to register all tests to the private
    _registered_tests array
    """
    _registered_tests.append(func)
    print("test?")
    return func

def get_tests():
    """
    returns all the registered tests
    """
    return _registered_tests
```

framework/runner.py

```
def runTests():
    tests = get_tests()
    total_tests = len(tests)
    passed, failed = 0,0
```

```
for test in tests:
    try:
        test()
        print(f"{test.__name__}\n>>> PASS <<<")
        passed += 1
    except AssertionError as e:
        print(f"{test.__name__}\n>>> FAIL: {str(e)} <<<")
        failed += 1

    testSummary(total_tests, passed, failed)
    return ">>> TESTING COMPLETED <<<"

if __name__ == "__main__":
    runTests()</pre>
```

Tests/test samples.py

```
import time
from framework.assertions import Comparison, Truthiness, Identification, Collections,
Exceptions, Timing
from framework.core import test
import sys
import os
# Proje dizinini sisteme ekleyin
sys.path.append(os.path.abspath(os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), '..')))
# COMPARISON FAMILY TESTS
@test
def test comparison equal():
    comparison = Comparison(1, 1)
    comparison.assertEqual()
@test
def test_comparison_not_equal():
    comparison = Comparison(1, 2)
    comparison.assertNotEqual()
@test
def test_comparison_greater():
    comparison = Comparison(3, 2)
    comparison.assertGreater()
@test
def test_comparison_greater_equal():
    comparison = Comparison(3, 3)
    comparison.assertGreaterEqual()
@test
def test_comparison_less():
    comparison = Comparison(2, 3)
    comparison.assertLess()
```

```
@test
def test_comparison_less_equal():
    comparison = Comparison(2, 3)
    comparison.assertLessEqual()
# TRUTHINESS FAMILY TESTS
def test truthiness true():
    truthiness = Truthiness(True)
    truthiness.assertTrue()
@test
def test_truthiness_false():
    truthiness = Truthiness(False)
    truthiness.assertFalse()
@test
def test_truthiness_none():
    truthiness = Truthiness(None)
    truthiness.assertNone()
@test
def test truthiness not none():
    truthiness = Truthiness(1)
    truthiness.assertNotNone()
# IDENTIFICATION FAMILY TESTS
def test_identification_is():
    a = [1]
    b = a
    identification = Identification(a, b)
    identification.assertIs()
@test
def test_identification_is_not():
    a = [1]
    b = [1]
    identification = Identification(a, b)
    identification.assertIsNot()
@test
def test_identification_instance_of():
    identification = Identification("hello", str)
    identification.assertIsInstanceOf()
@test
def test identification not instance of():
    identification = Identification(1, str)
    identification.assertIsNotInstanceOf()
# COLLECTIONS FAMILY TESTS
@test
def test_collections_in():
    collections = Collections(1, [1, 2, 3])
    collections.assertIn()
@test
```

```
def test_collections_not_in():
    collections = Collections(4, [1, 2, 3])
    collections.assertNotIn()
@test
def test_collections_count_equal():
    collections = Collections([1, 2, 3], [3, 2, 1])
    collections.countEqual()
@test
def test_collections_list_equal():
    collections = Collections([1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 3])
    collections.assertListEqual()
def test_collections_tuple_equal():
    collections = Collections((1, 2, 3), (1, 2, 3))
    collections.assertTupleEqual()
@test
def test_collections_set_equal():
    collections = Collections(\{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 2, 3\})
    collections.assertSetEqual()
@test
def test_collections_dict_equal():
    collections = Collections({"a": 1}, {"a": 1})
    collections.assertDictEqual()
# EXCEPTIONS FAMILY TESTS
@test
def test_exceptions_raises():
    def test func():
        raise ValueError("An error occurred")
    exceptions = Exceptions(ValueError, test_func)
    exceptions.assertRaises()
@test
def test_exceptions_raises_no_error():
    def test func():
    exceptions = Exceptions(ValueError, test func)
    exceptions.assertRaises()
# TIMING FAMILY TESTS
@test
def test_timing_runs_under():
    def slow_func():
        time.sleep(0.5)
    timing = Timing(1, slow_func)
    timing.assertRunsUnder()
def test_timing_runs_over():
   def slow_func():
```

```
time.sleep(1.5)

timing = Timing(1, slow_func)
timing.assertRunsUnder()

@test

def test_timing_takes_at_least():
    def slow_func():
        time.sleep(2)

timing = Timing(1, slow_func)
timing.assertTakesAtleast()

@test

def test_timing_takes_less_than():
    def slow_func():
        time.sleep(0.5)

timing = Timing(1, slow_func)
timing.assertTakesAtleast()
```