

Linux Plus for AWS and DevOps

Session - 7





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While loops



```
while [[ <some test> ]]
do
     <commands>
done
```

```
#!/bin/bash
number=1
while [[ $number -le 10 ]]
do
  echo $number
  ((number++))
done
echo "Now, number is $number"
```

Output:

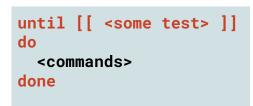
```
$./while-loops.sh
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
Now, number is 11
```

Dogru oldugu surece calis



Until loops





False oldugu surece calisir.. Oluncaya kadar calis. Olunca dur.

Output:

```
$./until.sh
1
2
3
4
til [[ $number -ge 10 ]]
5
6
(cho $number
(number++))
ine
tho "Now, number is $number"

$.wideline
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
Now, number is 10
```

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For loops



for item in [list]
do
 commands
done

```
#!/bin/sh
echo "Numbers:"

for number in 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
do
   echo $number
done
```

Output:

```
$./for-loop.sh
Numbers:
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
```

range de son degeri alir. pythondan farkli



Continue and Break Statement



Infinite loop

```
#!/bin/bash

number=1

until [[ $number -lt 1 ]]

do
  echo $number
  ((number++))

done
echo "Now, number is $number"
```



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Continue and Break Statement

Break Statement

```
#!/bin/bash
number=1
until [[ $number -lt 1 ]]
do
  echo $number
  ((number++))
  if [[ $number -eq 10 ]]
  then
    break
  fi
done
```

Output:

```
./infinite-loop.sh
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
```



break

Continue and Break Statement



Continue Statement

```
#!/bin/bash
number=1
until [[ $number -lt 1 ]]
do
  ((number++))
  tens=$(($number % 10))
  if [[ $tens -eq 0 ]]
  then
      continue
  fi
  echo $number
  if [[ $number -gt 14 ]]
  then
      break
  fi
done
```

Output:

```
$./continue.sh
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
11
12
13
14
```

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Exercise 1



- 1. Calculate sum of the numbers between 1 to 100.
- 2. Print result.



Pear Deck Interactive Slide

Exercise 2



- 1. Ask user to input multiple names in a single line
- 2. Print "Hello" message for each name in seperate lines.

Functions



```
function function_name () {
  commands
}
```

```
#!/bin/bash

Welcome () {
   echo "Welcome to Linux Lessons"
}
Welcome
```

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Passing Arguments to Functions





Output:

\$./functions.sh Welcome to Linux Lessons Joe Matt Timothy



Nested Functions



```
#!/bin/bash

function_one () {
   echo "This is from the first
function"
   function_two
)

function_two () {
   echo "This is from the second
function"
}
```

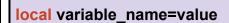
Output:

\$./nested.function.sh
This is from the first function
This is from the second function

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Variables Scope





var1='global 1' var2='global 2' var_scope () { local var1='function 1' var2='function 2' echo -e "Inside function:\nvar1: \$var1\nvar2: \$var2" } echo -e "Before calling function:\nvar1: \$var1\nvar2: \$var2" var_scope

Output:

Before calling function: var1: global 1 var2: global 2 Inside function: var1: function 1 var2: function 2 After calling function: var1: global 1 var2: function 2

Local variable

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Functions

Local variable

local variable_name=value

```
#!/bin/bash
num1=5
function add_one(){
        local num2=1
        echo "Total $(( $num1 + $num2 ))"
}
add_one
echo "Number1: $num1"
echo "Number2: $num2"
```

```
[[ec2-user@ip-172-31-91-206 ~]$ ./cmd.sh
Total 6
Number1: 5
Number2:
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-91-206 ~]$
```



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Exercise 3



- Create a function named print_age that accepts one argument
 - Ask user to input his/her year of birth and store it to **local birth_year** variable Calculate **age** using current year value from the first argument Print **age** with a message
- 2. Call print_age function with 2021





THANKS!

Any questions?

