



# Connectors and Wiring Standards



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# Physical Media

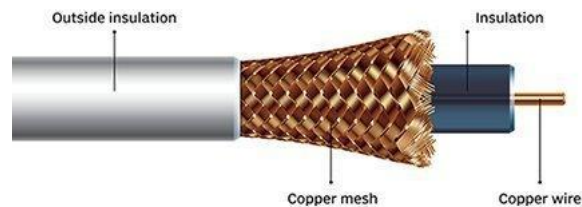
Coaxial Cable  
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## Coaxial Cable

A type of copper cable specially built with a metal shield and other components engineered to block signal interference



- ✓ Inexpensive
- ✓ Easy to install
- ✓ Easy to expand
- ✓ Resistance to EMI
- ✓ Up to 10 Mbps
- ✓ Durable

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## Coaxial Cable

There are two types of coaxial cable:



Thicknet (10Base5)



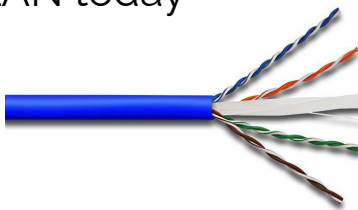
Thinnet (10Base2)

Thicknet and thinnet are used in Ethernet implementations



## Twisted-Pair Cable

The most common type of network medium used in LAN today



UTP - Unshielded Twisted pair



STP - Shielded Twisted pair



Cheaper



Easy to work



High transmission



# ► Twisted-Pair Cable

## N <Signaling> X

**N:** Signaling rate in Mbps

**<Signaling>:** Signalling type (*baseband or broadband*)

**X:** Unique identifier

### Examples:

10Base-T: 10Mb or 10Megabits twisted pair

100Base-F: 100Mb or 100Megabits fiber



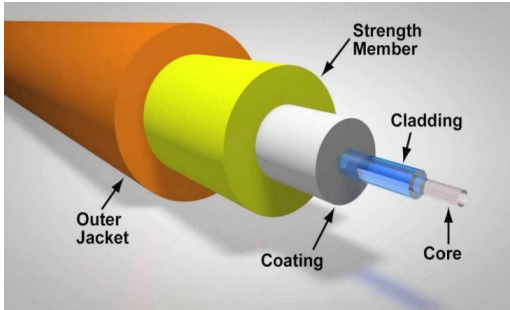
# ► Twisted-Pair Cable

| Category | Maximum Speed                 | Max. Length | Frequency | SHIELDING              | Application   |
|----------|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------------|---|
| CAT 1    | Up to 1Mbps(Carry only Voice) | --          | 1MHz      | Unshielded             | Old telephone cabling   |
| CAT 2    | Up to 4Mbps                   | --          | 4MHz      | Unshielded             | Token Ring Network  |
| CAT 3    | Up to 10Mbps                  | 100m        | 16MHz     | Unshielded             | Token Ring & 10BASE-T Network   |
| CAT 4    | Up to 16Mbps                  | 100m        | 20MHz     | Unshielded             | Token Ring Network  |
| CAT 5    | Up to 100Mbps                 | 100m        | 100MHz    | Unshielded             | Ethernet, Fast ethernet and Token Ring                                  |
| CAT 5e   | Up to 1Gbps                   | 100m        | 100MHz    | Unshielded or Shielded | Ethernet, Fast ethernet & Gigabit ethernet                              |
| CAT 6    | Up to 10Gbps                  | 100m        | 250MHz    | Unshielded or Shielded | Ethernet, Fast ethernet, Gigabit ethernet & 10G Ethernet(37 - 55 meter) |
| CAT 6a   | Up to 10Gbps                  | 100m        | 500MHz    | Shielded               | Ethernet, Fast ethernet, Gigabit ethernet & 10G Ethernet(37 - 55 meter) |
| CAT 7    | Up to 10Gbps                  | 100m        | 600MHz    | Shielded               | Ethernet, Fast ethernet, Gigabit ethernet & 10G Ethernet(100 meter)     |
| CAT 8    | Up to 40Gbps                  | 100m        | 2000MHz   | Shielded               | Ethernet, Fast ethernet, Gigabit ethernet & 25G-40G Ethernet(30 meter)  |



## Fiber-Optic Cable

Very thin strand of pure glass that acts as a waveguide for light over long distances

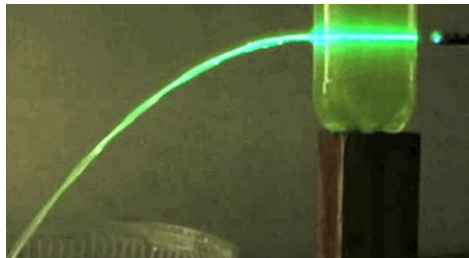


Total internal reflection



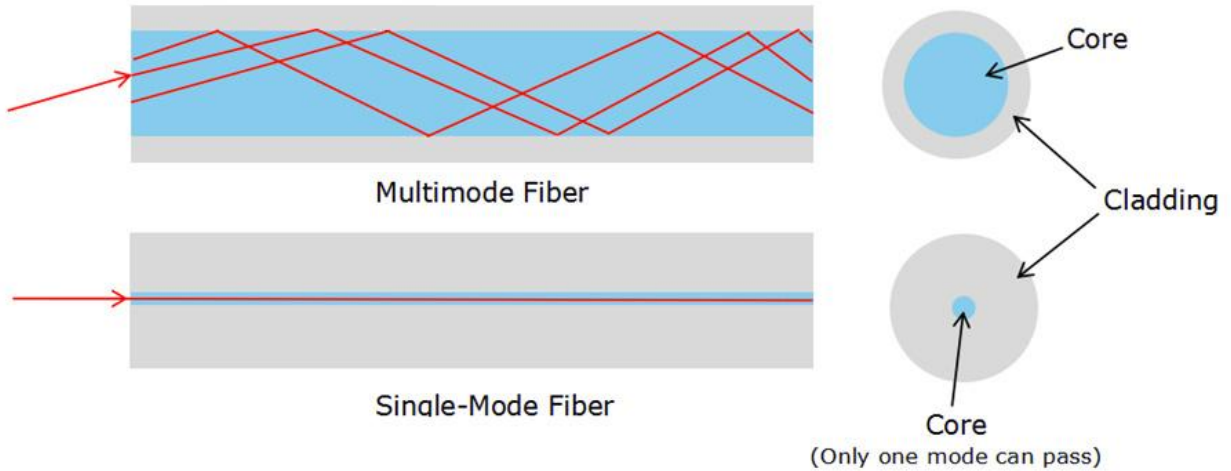
## Fiber-Optic Cable

- |                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| ✓ Immune to EMI and RFI*           | ✗ Difficult to install   |
| ✓ Very long range                  | ✗ More expensive than TP   |
| ✓ Broad bandwidth (Tbits/s or THz) | ✗ Troubleshooting equipment is more expensive than TP test equipment |
| ✓ Low transmission loss            | ✗ Harder to troubleshoot   |
| ✓ Not dissipate heat               |  |





## Fiber-Optic Cable



## Media Converters

Converts Ethernet or other communication protocols from one cable type to another type

Main types:

- Fiber-to-Ethernet
- Fiber-to-Coaxial
- Fiber-to-Fiber
- Ethernet-to-Coaxial



Fiber-to-Ethernet converter



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## Cable Properties



## Cable Properties

### Transmission Speeds

Based on the type of cable or fiber, network administrators can control the speed of a network to meet the network's traffic demands

| Media Type                                 | Bandwidth | Performance: Typical Error Rate    |
|--|-----------|------------------------------------|
| Twisted-pair for analog voice applications | 1 MHz     | Poor to fair ( $10^{-5}$ )         |
| Coaxial cable                              | 1 GHz     | Good ( $10^{-7}$ to $10^{-9}$ )    |
| Microwave                                  | 100 GHz   | Good ( $10^{-9}$ )                 |
| Satellite                                  | 100 GHz   | Good ( $10^{-9}$ )                 |
| Fiber                                      | 75 THz    | Great ( $10^{-11}$ to $10^{-13}$ ) |



# Cable Properties

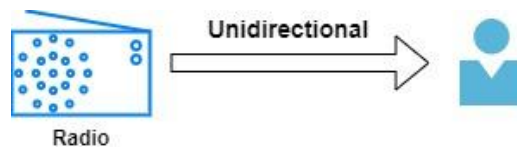
## Distance

| Standard   | Data Rate | Max Distance | Cable Type          |
|------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------|
| 10Base2    | 10 Mbps   | 185 m        | Coaxial             |
| 10Base5    | 10 Mbps   | 500 m        | Coaxial             |
| 10BaseT    | 10 Mbps   | 100 m        | Ethernet            |
| 100BaseT   | 100 Mbps  | 100 m        | Ethernet            |
| 1000BaseT  | 1 Gbps    | 100 m        | Ethernet            |
| 10BaseFL   | 10 Mbps   | 2 km         | Fiber (Multi Mode)  |
| 100BaseSX  | 100 Mbps  | 300 m        | Fiber (Multi Mode)  |
| 100BaseLX  | 100 Mbps  | 100 km       | Fiber (Single Mode) |
| 1000BaseLH | 1 Gbps    | 70 km        | Fiber (Single Mode) |

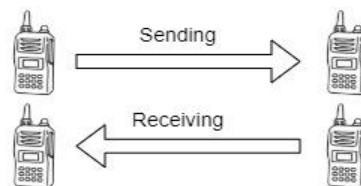


# Cable Properties

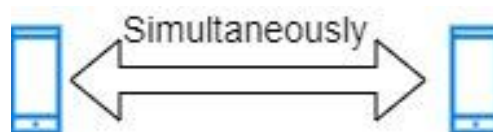
## Simplex



## Half-duplex



## Full-duplex







# THANKS!

## Any questions?

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