## 1. Decision Trees and ID3

(a) The result of splitting on A:

The associated entropy:

$$-\left(\frac{1}{7}\ln\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{7}\ln\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{7}\ln\frac{2}{4} + \frac{2}{7}\ln\frac{2}{4}\right) \approx .669$$

And for splitting on B:

$$3:4$$
 $2:3$ 
 $1:1$ 

$$-\left(\frac{2}{7}\ln\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{7}\ln\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{7}\ln\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{7}\ln\frac{1}{2}\right) \approx .679$$

So splitting on A provides a result with a slightly lower entropy, and hence slightly higher information gain.

Splitting on A might be more useful because it provides a more even separation of the data into the true and false branches; splitting on B might be more useful because TODO.

- (b)
- (c)
- 2.
- 3.