

	<b>Course Name:</b>	<b>Computer Networks</b>	<b>Course Code:</b>	<b>CS 3001</b>
	<b>Program:</b>	<b>BS (Software Engineering)</b>	<b>Semester:</b>	<b>Spring 2024</b>
	<b>Duration:</b>	<b>15 minutes</b>	<b>Total Marks:</b>	<b>15</b>
	<b>Paper Date:</b>	<b>2-Apr-2024</b>	<b>Section</b>	<b>BSE-6A</b>
	<b>Exam Type:</b>	<b>Quiz 4 - Chapter 4</b>	<b>Page(s):</b>	<b>2</b>

**Student Name**

**Roll No.**

**Section:**

**Q1. Encircle the correct option:**

**[5 marks] [CLO 1]**

1. What is the purpose of a subnet mask in IP addressing?
  - a) To identify the network / subnet portion of an IP address
  - b) To encrypt IP traffic
  - c) To define the default gateway
  - d) To allocate dynamic IP addresses
  
2. Which TCP/IP model layer does DHCP work at?
  - a) Internet
  - b) Session
  - c) Application
  - d) Transport
  
3. An IP layer packet has arrived with the first 8 bits as 0110 0110. Which of the following is correct?
  - a) IPv4, Header Length: 24 bytes
  - b) IPv4, Header Length: 32 bytes
  - c) IPv6, Header Length: 40 bytes
  - d) IPv6, Header Length: 24 bytes

**True/False:**

- i. DHCP can provide not only IP addresses but also subnet masks, gateways, and DNS server information [T / F]
- ii. Class A IP addresses have the first octet (8-bits) reserved for the network portion, and the remaining 3 octets for hosts. [T / F]

**Question 2**

For each of the following IP address ranges, specify the network address, broadcast address, and maximum number of host IPs available. (Show all your work). **[5+5=10 Marks] [CLO 1]**

a) 192.168.100.0/24

Network Address:

Broadcast Address:

Number of Assignable IP addresses:

b) 100.10.8.0/22

Network Address:

Broadcast Address:

Number of Assignable IP addresses: