# **Handling E-mail with PHP**

**Session 22** 



# **Objectives**

- Describe the process of sending an e-mail using PHP
- Explain the process of attaching files with an email using PHP

#### Introduction

- E-mail are:
  - Fastest way of communicating with people across the world
  - It takes only few minutes to send and receive messages as compared to the usual hand written letters
- PHP provides the facility to send an e-mail

- In PHP, you can send an e-mail using the mail() function
- Location of the current local mail server must be specified in the php.ini configuration file to use the mail() function
- The php.ini file is located in the /etc/ directory of the Linux operating system

The contents of the php.ini configuration are displayed as follows:

```
php.ini (/etc) - gedit
    Edit View Search Tools Documents Help
New Open
               Save
                      Print...
🗐 php.ini 🗶
[mail function]
; For Win32 only.
SMTP = localhost
smtp port = 25
; For Win32 only.
; sendmail from = me@example.com
; For Unix only. You may supply arguments as well
(default: "sendmail -t -i").
sendmail path = /usr/sbin/sendmail -t -i
                                   Ln 646, Col 1
                                                        INS
```

The mail() function is as follows:

#### Syntax

```
mail(to, subject, message , [additional headers])
```

#### Where,

to - specifies the recipient's e-mail address

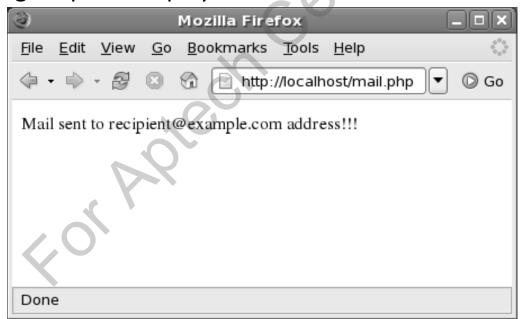
subject - specifies the subject for the e-mailmessage - specifies the message that is to be written in the e-mail or the body of the e-mail

additional headers - specifies additional information such as the e-mail address of the sender and attachments

mail.php: Sending an e-mail using the mail() function

```
<HTML>
<BODY>
<?php
$to = "recipient@example.com";
$from = "yourname@example.com";
$subject = "Test e-mail";
$body = "This is an example for showing the usage of
the mail() function.";
$send = mail($to, $subject, $body, $from);
if($send)
 echo "Mail sent to $to address!!!";
```

```
else
{
  echo "Mail could not be sent to $to address!!!";
}
?>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```



- The mail() function is also used for sending mails to more than one recipient
- A comma (, ) symbol is used for separating the e-mail addresses of the recipients
- multi rec.php Sending an e-mail to multiple recipients

```
<HTML>
<BODY>
<?php
$to = "recipient1@example.com, recipient2@example.com,

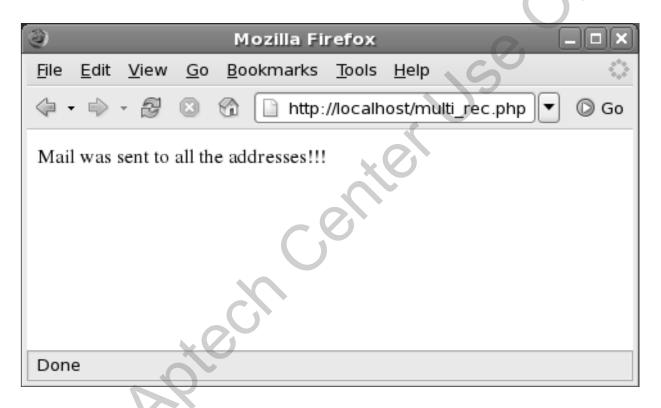
recipient3@example.com";

$from = "yourname@example.com";

for($i=0;$i<count($to);$i++)
{
   $to[$i] = trim($to[$i]);</pre>
```

# **Sending an E-mail**

```
$subject = "An example";
 $body = "This is an example for showing the usage of
              the mail() function.";
 $send = mail($to, $subject, $body, $from);
 if($send)
 echo "Mail was sent to all the addresses!!!
?>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```



The mail() function is used to send an e-mail.

The trim() function is used to remove blank spaces.

- PHP also enables to read the e-mail addresses of the recipients from the text file and send an e-mail to them
- Steps for sending e-mail to multiple recipients whose addresses are stored in a text file are as follows:
  - 1. Open a new file in the **gedit** text editor
  - 2. Enter the following text:

```
recipient1@example.com
recipient2@example.com
recipient2@example.com
```

- 3. Save the file as email\_list.txt in the /usr/local/apache2/htdocs directory
- Assign read, write, and execute permissions to the email\_list.txt file
- 5. Open a new file in the **gedit** text editor



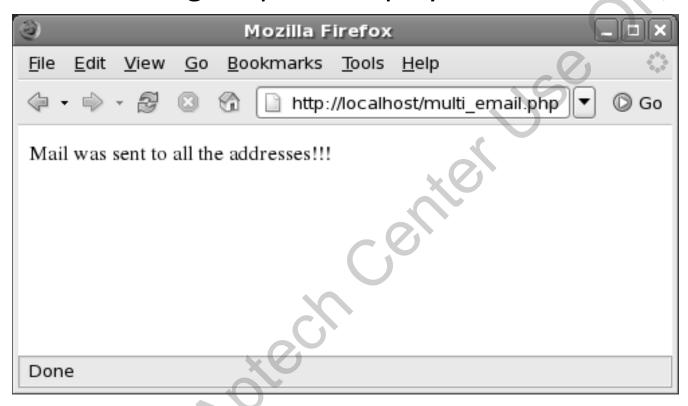
# 6. Enter the code as shown in the Snippet:

```
<HTML>
<BODY>
<?php
error reporting(0);
$multi = "/usr/local/apache2/htdocs/email list.txt";
$to mail = file('$email list.txt');
$from = "yourname@example.com";
for($i=0;$i<count($to mail);$i++)</pre>
to_mail[$i] = trim($to_mail[$i]);
$to = implode(",",$to mail);
$subject = "An example";
$body = "This is an example for the mail() function.";
mail($to, $subject, $body, $from);
echo "Mail was sent to all the addresses!!!";
```



- 7. Save the file as multi\_email.php in the /usr/local/apache2/htdocs directory
- 8. Open the Mozilla Firefox Web browser
- Enter http://localhost/multi\_email.php in the Address bar and press Enter





The functions, such as file(), trim(), and implode() are used.

- An attachment is
  - Any file that you want to send along with the e-mail
  - Attached with the e-mail by setting up the header



- To send an e-mail with an attachment, perform the following steps:
  - 1. Open a new file in the gedit text editor
  - 2. Enter the following text:

This is a sample attachment file

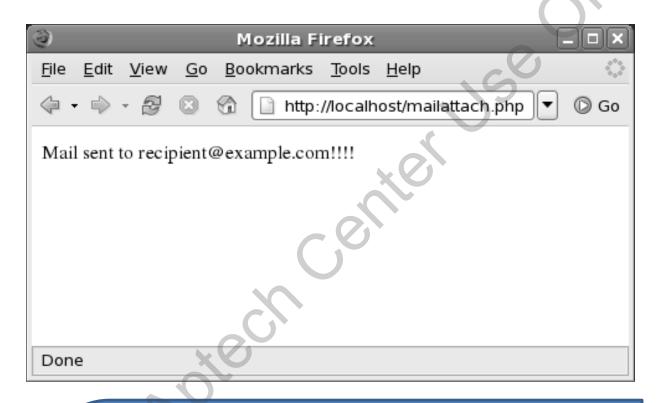
- 3. Save the file as example. txt in the /usr/local/apache2/htdocs directory
- 4. Assign read, write, and execute permissions to the **example.txt** file
- 5. Open a new file in the **gedit** text editor
- 6. Enter the code as shown in the Snippet

```
<?php
// filenames to be sent as attachment
$files = "/usr/local/apache2/htdocs/example.txt"
// e-mail fields: to, from, subject, and so on
$to = "recipient@example.com";
$from = "yourname@example.com";
$subject ="Test e-mail";
$message = "Sample message"
$headers = "From: $from";
// boundary
$semi rand = md5(time());
$mime boundary = "==Multipart Boundary x{$semi rand}x";
```

```
// headers for attachment
$headers .= "\nMIME-Version: 1.0\n" ."Content-Type: multipart/mixed;
\n" . " boundary=\"{$mime boundary}\"";
// multipart boundary
$message = "This is an example for mail attachment in MIME format.
\n\n" . "--{\mbox{mime boundary}\n" .
"Content-Type: text/plain; charset=\"iso-9959-1\"\n"
message . // "\n\n";
$message .= "--{$mime boundary}\n";
// preparing attachments
$file = fopen($files, "rb");
$content = fread($file, filesize($files));
fclose($file);
$message .= "Content-Type: {\"application/octet-stream\"};\n" . "
name=\"$files\"\n" . "Content-Disposition: attachment;\n"
. " filename=\"$files\"\n" . $content . "\n\n";
$message .= "--{$mime boundary}\n";
```

```
// send
$send mail = @mail($to, $subject, $message,
$headers);
if ($send_mail)
echo "Mail sent to $to!!!!";
else
echo "Mail could not be sent to $to!!!!";
?>
```

- 7. Save the file as mailattach.php in the /usr/local/apache2/htdocs directory
- 8. Open the Mozilla Firefox Web browser
- Enter http://localhost/mailattach.php in the Address bar and press Enter



A boundary is created between the actual e-mail and the attachments.

The fopen () function opens the file that is attached with the e-mail in the read mode.

- The two built-in PHP function are as follows:
  - base64\_encode() used for encoding the specified string
  - chunk\_split() used for splitting the data into a series of smaller parts



- The mail() function is used for sending an e-mail
- The trim() function removes blank spaces included in between two recipient e-mail addresses
- The implode() function is used to join all the addresses present in the array with a comma operator
- An attachment can also be sent with an e-mail by setting up the header of the mail() function
- The uniqid() function assigns a unique identifier to the original mail and creates a boundary between the e-mail and the attachment

- The base64\_encode() function is used for accepting the data in the form of a string and returns the data in the original form to the user
- The chunk\_split() function is used for separating the data into smaller parts