

the distribution property state that $a(b + c) = ab + ac$ for all $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$.

this Equivalence class a is $[a]$.

This A is defined to be $1, 2, 3$

This A is defined to be $\{1, 2, 3\}$

The Movie Ticket Costs 11.05

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$$2\left(\frac{2}{x+1}\right)$$

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$$2\left\{\frac{2}{x+1}\right\}$$

$$2\left[\frac{2}{x+1}\right]$$

$$2\left\langle\frac{2}{x+1}\right\rangle$$

$$2\left|\frac{2}{x^2+1}\right|$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy}|_{x=1}x$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy}\Big|_{x=1}x$$

Table:

X	1	2	3	4	5
$f(x)$	11	12	13	14	15

X	1	2	3	4	5
$f(x)$	$\frac{1}{2}$	12	13	14	15

Table 1: These Represent $f(x)$

X	1	2	3	4asdasdasdasdasd	5
$f(x)$	$\frac{1}{2}$	12	13	asdsad14	15

Table 2: These Values Represent $f(x)$

Array:

$$5x^4 \quad (1)$$

$$5x^4 \text{Place your word here.} \quad (2)$$

$$5x^4, , \text{Place your word here.} \quad (3)$$

$$(4)$$

$$5x + 4 = 10 \quad (5)$$

$$5x^2 + 8 = 20 + x^3 + 45 \quad (6)$$

Look at (Equal to Sign(=)):

$$5x + 4 = 10 \quad (7)$$

$$5x^2 + 8 = 20 + x^3 + 45 \quad (8)$$

Remove Equation Number:

$$5x + 4 = 10$$

$$5x^2 + 8 = 20 + x^3 + 45$$