```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3],
[ 4, 2, 5]])
print("Array is of type: ", type(arr))
print("No. of dimensions: ", arr.ndim)
print("Shape of array: ", arr.shape)
print("Size of array: ", arr.size)
print("Array stores elements of type: ", arr.dtype)
     Array is of type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
     No. of dimensions: 2
     Shape of array: (2, 3)
     Size of array: 6
     Array stores elements of type: int64
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[-1, 2, 0, 4],
[4, -0.5, 6, 0],
[2.6, 0, 7, 8],
[3, -7, 4, 2.0]])
temp = arr[:2, ::2]
print ("Array with first 2 rows and alternate"
"columns(0 and 2):\n", temp)
temp = arr[[0, 1, 2, 3], [3, 2, 1, 0]]
print ("\nElements at indices (0, 3), (1, 2), (2, 1),"
"(3, 0):\n", temp)
cond = arr > 0
temp = arr[cond]
print ("\nElements greater than 0:\n", temp)
     Array with first 2 rows and alternatecolumns(0 and 2):
 To undo cell deletion use Ctrl+M Z or the Undo option in the Edit menu X
     Elements at indices (0, 3), (1, 2), (2, 1), (3, 0):
      [4. 6. 0. 3.]
     Elements greater than 0:
      [2. 4. 4. 6. 2.6 7. 8. 3. 4. 2.]
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[1, 5, 6],
[4, 7, 2],
[3, 1, 9]])
# maximum element of array
print ("Largest element is:", arr.max())
print ("Row-wise maximum elements:",
arr.max(axis = 1))
# minimum element of array
print ("Column-wise minimum elements:",
arr.min(axis = 0))
# sum of array elements
print ("Sum of all array elements:",
```

```
arr.sum())
# cumulative sum along each row
print ("Cumulative sum along each row:\n",
arr.cumsum(axis = 1))
     Largest element is: 9
     Row-wise maximum elements: [6 7 9]
     Column-wise minimum elements: [1 1 2]
     Sum of all array elements: 38
     Cumulative sum along each row:
      [[ 1 6 12]
      [ 4 11 13]
      [ 3 4 13]]
import numpy as np
a = np.array([[1, 2],
[3, 4]])
b = np.array([[4, 3],
[2, 1]])
# add arrays
print ("Array sum:\n", a + b)
# multiply arrays (elementwise multiplication)
print ("Array multiplication:\n", a*b)
# matrix multiplication
print ("Matrix multiplication:\n", a.dot(b))
     Array sum:
      [[5 5]
      [5 5]]
     Array multiplication:
      [[4 6]
      [6 4]]
     Matrix multiplication:
 To undo cell deletion use Ctrl+M Z or the Undo option in the Edit menu X
import numpy as np
a = np.array([[1, 2],
[3, 4]])
b = np.array([[4, 3],
```

```
import numpy as np
a = np.array([[1, 2],
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# add arrays
print ("Array sum:\n", a + b)
# multiply arrays (elementwise multiplication)
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# matrix multiplication
print ("Matrix multiplication:\n", a.dot(b))

Array sum:
    [[5 5]
    [5 5]]
    Array multiplication:
    [[4 6]
    [6 4]]
    Matrix multiplication:
```

```
x=np.arange(5)
print(x)
x=np.arange(4,dtype=float)#dtype parameter
print(x)
x=np.arange(10,20,2)#star and stop parameter with steps of jump
print(x)
x=np.arange(10,20,3)
print(x)
     [0 1 2 3 4]
     [0. 1. 2. 3.]
     [10 12 14 16 18]
     [10 13 16 19]
x=np.linspace(1,2,5,retstep=True)
#If retstep is true ,returns sample and step between the consecutive numbers
print(x)
x=np.linspace(1,5,5,retstep=True)
#If retstep is true ,returns sample and step between the consecutive numbers
print(x)
x=np.linspace(2,12,6,retstep=True)
     (array([1. , 1.25, 1.5 , 1.75, 2. ]), 0.25)
     (array([1., 2., 3., 4., 5.]), 1.0)
```

## 3 D Array

9 302

[[ 8 5] [20 13]]

To undo cell deletion use Ctrl+M Z or the Undo option in the Edit menu X [[14,15,6],[/,8,9]] ]) print(b6[0][1][2]) b6=np.array([ [[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]],[[10,11,12],[13,14,15],[16,17,18]] 1) print(b6[0][2][2]) b6=np.array([ [[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9],[101,102,103]],[[10,11,12],[13,14,15],[16,17,18],[201,202,203]], [[20,21,22],[23,24,25],[26,27,28],[301,302,303]], [[30,31,32],[33,34,35],[36,37,38],[401,402,403]], 1) print(b6[2][3][1]) 5

```
#1D Array Indexing
b7=np.array([1,2,3])
print(b7[1])
#2D Array Indexing
b8=np.array([[1,2,3],[3,4,5],[4,5,6]])
print(b8[1][2])
#extra solving
b9=np.array([[[1,2,3,4],[5,6,7,8]],
[[11,12,13,15],[16,17,18,19]]
1)
print(b9[1][1][2])
     2
     5
     18
#slicing of arrays
#2D array
b10=np.array([[10,11,12,13,14],[15,16,17,18,19],[20,21,22,23,24],[25,26,27,28,29]])
print(b10[1:,2:4])
print(b10[:,4:])
print(b10[:3,:3])
     [[17 18]
      [22 23]
      [27 28]]
     [[14]
      [19]
      [24]
      [29]]
     [[10 11 12]
      [15 16 17]
 To undo cell deletion use Ctrl+M Z or the Undo option in the Edit menu X
#3D Array Slicing
c1=np.array([[[10,11,12],[13,14,15],[16,17,18]],
[[20,21,22],[23,24,25],[26,27,28]],
[[30,31,32],[33,34,35],[36,37,38]]])
#picking a row or column in a 3D Array
print(c1[1,2])
print(c1[0,:,1])
print(c1[:,1,2])
print(c1[:,1:3,:])
     [26 27 28]
     [11 14 17]
     [15 25 35]
     [[[13 14 15]
       [16 17 18]]
      [[23 24 25]
       [26 27 28]]
```

[[33 34 35]
 [36 37 38]]]

list=range(5)
it=iter(list)
x=np.fromiter(it,dtype=float)
print(x)

[0. 1. 2. 3. 4.]

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