heart

July 23, 2025

```
[21]: # 1. Import Libraries
      import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
      from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, u
       →confusion_matrix, roc_auc_score, roc_curve
      from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
      from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
      from sklearn.svm import SVC
      from xgboost import XGBClassifier
      import joblib
      # 2. Load Dataset
      df = pd.read_csv("/Users/hashithareddy/Desktop/HEART.csv")
      print("First 5 rows:\n", df.head())
      # 3. Check for Missing Values
      print("\nMissing values:\n", df.isnull().sum())
      print("\nData types:\n", df.dtypes)
      # 4. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
      sns.countplot(x='target', data=df)
      plt.title('Heart Disease Distribution')
      plt.xlabel('Target (0 = No, 1 = Disease)')
      plt.ylabel('Count')
      plt.show()
      plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
      sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
      plt.title('Feature Correlation')
      plt.show()
      # 5. Data Preprocessing
```

```
X = df.drop('target', axis=1)
y = df['target']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,_
 →random state=42)
scaler = StandardScaler()
X train scaled = scaler.fit transform(X train)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
# 6. Initialize Models
models = {
    'Logistic Regression': LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000),
    'Random Forest': RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42),
    'Support Vector Machine': SVC(probability=True),
    'XGBoost': XGBClassifier(use_label_encoder=False, eval_metric='logloss')
}
# 7. Train and Evaluate Models
for name, model in models.items():
   print(f"\n\U0001f9e0 {name}")
   model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
   y_pred = model.predict(X_test_scaled)
   y_prob = model.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[:, 1]
   acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
   roc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob)
   print(f"Accuracy: {acc:.4f}")
   print(f"ROC AUC Score: {roc:.4f}")
   print("Classification Report:\n", classification report(y test, y pred))
   print("Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
   fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob)
   plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'{name} (AUC = {roc:.2f})')
# 8. Plot ROC Curves
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
plt.title('ROC Curves')
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
# 9. Save the Best Model
best_model = models['Random Forest']
joblib.dump(best model, 'heart disease model.pkl')
```

```
print("\n\u2705 Model saved as heart_disease_model.pkl")

joblib.dump(scaler, 'scaler.pkl')
print("\u2705 Scaler saved as scaler.pkl")
```

First 5 rows:

	age	sex	chest pain type	resting bp s	cholesterol	fasting blood sugar	\
0	40	1	2	140	289	0	
1	49	0	3	160	180	0	
2	37	1	2	130	283	0	
3	48	0	4	138	214	0	
4	54	1	3	150	195	0	

	resting ecg	max heart rate	exercise angina	oldpeak	ST slope	target	
0	0	172	0	0.0	1	0	
1	0	156	0	1.0	2	1	
2	1	98	0	0.0	1	0	
3	0	108	1	1.5	2	1	
4	0	122	0	0.0	1	0	

Missing values:

0 age 0 sex chest pain type 0 resting bp s 0 cholesterol fasting blood sugar 0 resting ecg 0 max heart rate 0 0 exercise angina oldpeak 0 ST slope 0 target 0 dtype: int64

Data types:

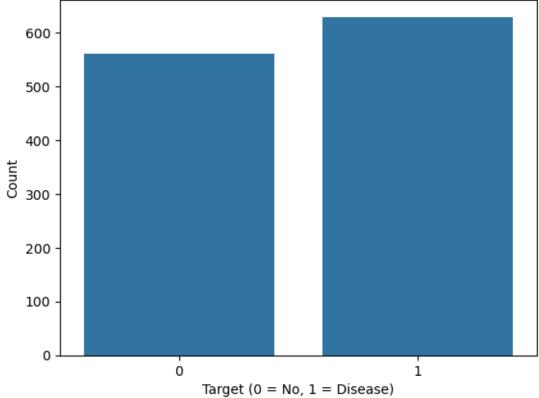
int64 age int64 sex int64 chest pain type resting bp s int64 cholesterol int64 fasting blood sugar int64 int64 resting ecg max heart rate int64 exercise angina int64 oldpeak float64 ST slope int64

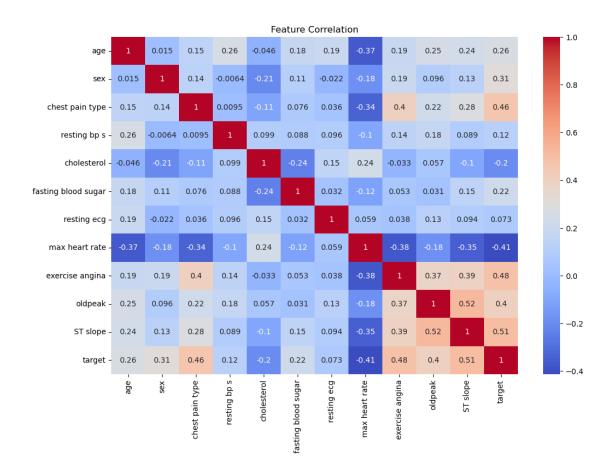
target

int64

dtype: object

Heart Disease Distribution





Logistic Regression Accuracy: 0.8613

ROC AUC Score: 0.9088 Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.85	0.84	0.85	107
1	0.87	0.88	0.87	131
accuracy			0.86	238
macro avg	0.86	0.86	0.86	238
weighted avg	0.86	0.86	0.86	238

Confusion Matrix:

[[90 17] [16 115]]

Random Forest Accuracy: 0.9538 ROC AUC Score: 0.9721 Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
_				
0	0.96	0.93	0.95	107
1	0.95	0.97	0.96	131
accuracy			0.95	238
macro avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	238
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	238

Confusion Matrix:

[[100 7] [4 127]]

Support Vector Machine

Accuracy: 0.8908 ROC AUC Score: 0.9475 Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.93	0.82	0.87	107
1	0.87	0.95	0.91	131
accuracy			0.89	238
macro avg	0.90	0.88	0.89	238
weighted avg	0.89	0.89	0.89	238

Confusion Matrix:

[[88 19] [7 124]]

XGBoost

Accuracy: 0.9286 ROC AUC Score: 0.9720 Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.93	0.91	0.92	107
1	0.93	0.95	0.94	131
accuracy			0.93	238
macro avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	238
weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	238

Confusion Matrix:

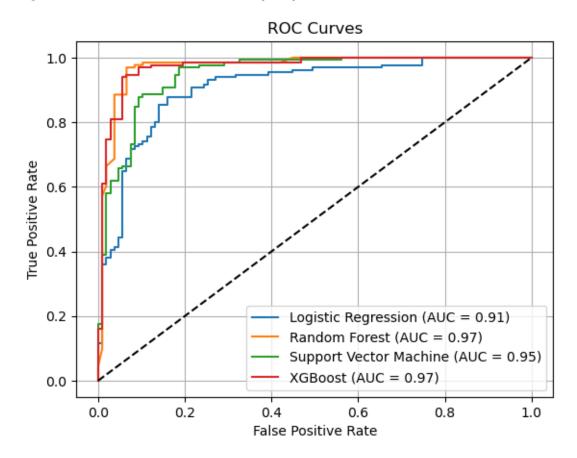
[[97 10] [7 124]] /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages/xgboost/training.py:183:

UserWarning: [20:51:56] WARNING:

/Users/runner/work/xgboost/xgboost/src/learner.cc:738:

Parameters: { "use_label_encoder" } are not used.

bst.update(dtrain, iteration=i, fobj=obj)



Model saved as heart_disease_model.pkl Scaler saved as scaler.pkl

- [22]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
 model = RandomForestClassifier()
 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
- [22]: RandomForestClassifier()

```
# Train the model
log_reg = LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000)
log_reg.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
# Predict
y_pred_log = log_reg.predict(X_test_scaled)
y_prob_log = log_reg.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[:, 1]
# Evaluate
print(" Logistic Regression")
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_log))
print("ROC AUC Score:", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob_log))
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred_log))
print("Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion matrix(y_test, y_pred_log))
```

Logistic Regression

Accuracy: 0.8613445378151261

ROC AUC Score: 0.9088249982164515

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.85	0.84	0.85	107
1	0.87	0.88	0.87	131
accuracy			0.86	238
macro avg	0.86	0.86	0.86	238
weighted avg	0.86	0.86	0.86	238

Confusion Matrix:

[[90 17] [16 115]]

[27]: from sklearn.svm import SVC # Train the model

```
svm_model = SVC(probability=True)
svm_model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
```

Predict

```
y_pred_svm = svm_model.predict(X_test_scaled)
y_prob_svm = svm_model.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[:, 1]
```

Evaluate

```
print(" Support Vector Machine")
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_svm))
print("ROC AUC Score:", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob_svm))
```

```
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred_svm))
      print("Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion matrix(y_test, y_pred_svm))
      Support Vector Machine
     Accuracy: 0.8907563025210085
     ROC AUC Score: 0.9475636726831704
     Classification Report:
                    precision
                                recall f1-score
                                                     support
                0
                        0.93
                                  0.82
                                            0.87
                                                        107
                1
                        0.87
                                  0.95
                                            0.91
                                                        131
                                            0.89
                                                        238
         accuracy
                                                        238
        macro avg
                        0.90
                                  0.88
                                            0.89
     weighted avg
                        0.89
                                  0.89
                                            0.89
                                                        238
     Confusion Matrix:
      [[ 88 19]
      [ 7 124]]
[29]: from xgboost import XGBClassifier
      # Train the model
      xgb_model = XGBClassifier(use_label_encoder=False, eval_metric='logloss')
      xgb_model.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
      # Predict
      y_pred_xgb = xgb_model.predict(X_test_scaled)
      y_prob_xgb = xgb_model.predict_proba(X_test_scaled)[:, 1]
      # Evaluate
      print(" XGBoost")
      print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_xgb))
      print("ROC AUC Score:", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob_xgb))
      print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred_xgb))
      print("Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_xgb))
      XGBoost
     Accuracy: 0.9285714285714286
     ROC AUC Score: 0.9720339587643575
     Classification Report:
                    precision
                                 recall f1-score
                                                     support
                0
                                  0.91
                                            0.92
                        0.93
                                                        107
                1
                        0.93
                                  0.95
                                            0.94
                                                        131
```

0.93

0.93

accuracy

macro avg

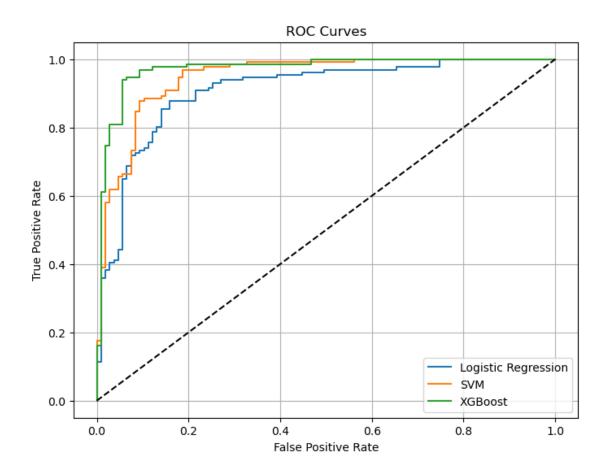
0.93

0.93

238

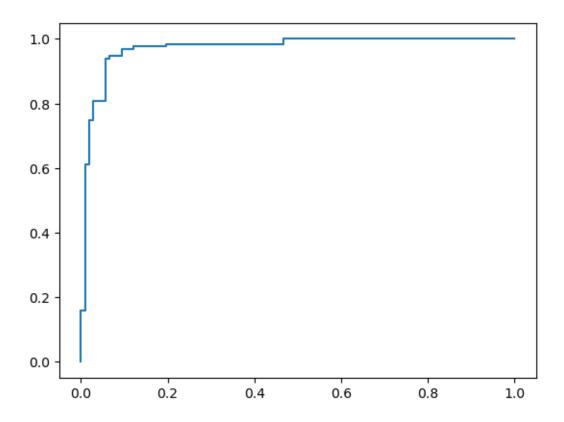
238

```
weighted avg
                        0.93
                                  0.93
                                             0.93
                                                        238
     Confusion Matrix:
      [[ 97 10]
      [ 7 124]]
     /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages/xgboost/training.py:183:
     UserWarning: [20:51:57] WARNING:
     /Users/runner/work/xgboost/xgboost/src/learner.cc:738:
     Parameters: { "use_label_encoder" } are not used.
       bst.update(dtrain, iteration=i, fobj=obj)
[31]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
      print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
                   precision
                                recall f1-score
                                                    support
                0
                                   0.91
                                             0.92
                         0.93
                                                        107
                1
                         0.93
                                   0.95
                                             0.94
                                                        131
                                             0.93
                                                        238
         accuracy
                                             0.93
                                                        238
                        0.93
                                   0.93
        macro avg
     weighted avg
                        0.93
                                   0.93
                                             0.93
                                                        238
[33]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      fpr_log, tpr_log, _ = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob_log)
      fpr_svm, tpr_svm, _ = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob_svm)
      fpr_xgb, tpr_xgb, _ = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob_xgb)
      plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
      plt.plot(fpr_log, tpr_log, label='Logistic Regression')
      plt.plot(fpr_svm, tpr_svm, label='SVM')
      plt.plot(fpr_xgb, tpr_xgb, label='XGBoost')
      plt.plot([0,1], [0,1], 'k--')
      plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
      plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
      plt.title('ROC Curves')
      plt.legend()
      plt.grid(True)
      plt.show()
```



```
[35]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve
fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob)
plt.plot(fpr, tpr)
```

[35]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x14ce7c260>]



```
[37]: import joblib
      joblib.dump(model, "heart_disease_model.pkl")
[37]: ['heart_disease_model.pkl']
 [5]: import pandas as pd
      from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
      import joblib
      # Load your dataset
      df = pd.read_csv("/Users/hashithareddy/Desktop/HEART.csv")
      # Drop the target column if it exists
      X = df.drop('target', axis=1) if 'target' in df.columns else df.copy()
      # Initialize and fit the scaler
      scaler = StandardScaler()
      scaler.fit(X)
      # Save the scaler
      joblib.dump(scaler, "scaler.pkl")
      print(" Scaler saved as scaler.pkl")
```

Scaler	Saved	25	scaler	nkl
Scarer	saveu	as	SCATEL	· pri

[]: