

IPE-432
MACHINE TOOLS SESSIONAL

Md. Hasibul Islam

July 19, 2023



Contents

1 Experiment 03: Study of Engine Lathe (New Sir)

1

1 Experiment 03: Study of Engine Lathe (New Sir)

Date: 15/07/2023

Power

- Spindle speed → Primary motion speed
- 3 phase induction motor → V-belt pullet → Headstock (S.G.B.)
- Feed rod/ Lead screw → Feed movement
- Rest all → auxiliary move.
- S.G.B. → spindle → Jaw → Job
- F.G.B. (below S.G.B.) → Lead screw / Feed rod → Motion in carriage.
- Apron (cover) → can convert rotational motion to feed motion. Contains carriage.
- Saddle : H-shaped
- Cross slide [cross movement] : half nut mechanism
- Swivle Plate [angular movement]
- Top slide

Headstock:

Housing of SGB, and rotation transfer to the spindle.

Change Gear Box

Precision threading (non-standard thread)

F.G.B. → speed transfer

Why change gear? → We can easily change the gears of CGB

Normally, 4 gears with different combination and their transmission ratio is high.

Stepped drive system:

We can not get continuous speed but discrete speed is possible only.

Important Points:

- Lead screw/feed rod → automatic feed is given
- In lathe machine, almost all operations can be done except - gear cutting.
- Difference between turning and threading:
Threading → high feed rate,
Turning → low feed rate (also known as micro threading)
- 2 output shaft:
High feed (threading) → Lead screw
Low feed (turning) → Feed rod
- Torsional Deformation happens if high & low feed are given one after another. That's why different feed for different rod/shaft.

Taper Turning

1. Setting over tail stock [offsetting tail]
2. 2 feed method: simultaneous longitudinal (carriage) and cross slide (cross) motion.
3. With swivle plate angle.
4. With taper turning attachment.

How rotary motion converted to linear motion (lead screw/ feed rod)

Key slot and spur gear in apron. The key sets on key slot and feed rod will move with spur gear. Rack and pinion are present (Bevel gear).

Accessories:

- Live center → headstock
 - Dead center → tailstock
 - Mandrel → Holds the internal hollow workpiece
 - 3 jaw self centered chuck [auto center]
 - 4 jaw independent chuck [manually centering]
- Faceplate → holds the irregular shape workpiece.
 - Rest → Support the small diameter workpiece, in order to prevent buckling.
Two types:
a) Steady rest : fixed, doesn't move. (in bed)
Follower rest: mounted on saddle. Follow the cutting tool.

Follow Lab sheet also.