Experiment No-06: Friend Function and Friend Class in C++.

Objectives

- Familiarize with friend class and function in C++ .
- Solve some problems using friend function.

Example 1: A C++ program to demonstrate the use of friend function.

```
// C++ program to demonstrate the working of friend function
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Distance {
   private:
       int meter;
       int value;
       // friend function
       friend int addvalue(Distance);
   public:
       // another way of declaring constructor
       //Distance() : meter(0) {}
       // default constructor
       Distance(){
           meter = 0;
       }
};
// friend function definition
int addvalue(Distance d) {
   cout<<"Enter the value you want to add: ";</pre>
   //accessing private members from the friend function
   cin>>d.value;
   return d.meter+d.value;
}
int main() {
   Distance D;
   cout << "Distance: " << addvalue(D);</pre>
   return 0;
}
```

Example 2: Add members of two different classes using friend functions.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// forward declaration
class Class2;
class Class1 {
   private:
       int num1;
   public:
       // constructor to initialize num1 to 15
       Class1(){
           num1 = 15;
       }
        // friend function declaration
        friend int add(Class1, Class2);
};
class Class2 {
   private:
       int num2;
   public:
       // constructor to initialize num2 to 1
       Class2(){
           num2 = 1;
       }
       // friend function declaration
       friend int add(Class1, Class2);
};
// access members of both classes
int add(Class1 object1, Class2 object2) {
   return (object1.num1 + object2.num2);
}
int main() {
   Class1 object1;
   Class2 object2;
   cout << "Sum: " << add(object1,object2);</pre>
   return 0;
}
```

Example: A C++ program to demonstrate the working of friend class.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// forward declaration
class ClassB;
class ClassA {
   private:
       int numA;
       // friend class declaration
       friend class ClassB;
   public:
       // constructor to initialize numA to 12
       ClassA(){
           numA = 16;
       }
};
class ClassB {
   private:
       int numB;
   public:
       // constructor to initialize numB to 1
       ClassB(){
           numB = 4;
       }
   // member function to add numA
   // from ClassA and numB from ClassB
   int add() {
       ClassA objectA;
       return objectA.numA + numB;
   }
};
int main() {
   ClassB objectB;
   cout << "Sum: " << objectB.add();</pre>
   return 0;
}
```

^{***} For better understanding please feel free to search on internet because it is the best source of learning. ***

Practice Exercise

- 1. Write a C++ Program to display the reverse of a number using the Friend function.
- 2. Write a C++ program to find the number and sum of all integer between 100 and 200 which are divisible by 11 with friend function.
- 3. Write a program in C++ to Check Whether a Number can be expressed as Sum of Two Prime Numbers using the friend function.

[Resource Link 1] [Resource Link 2]