

# EE3006\* Experiment-4 Lab Report

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**1. Design and build the difference amplifier OD as shown in Figure 1 for gain = 1. Choose appropriate resistors so that the minimum input impedances for  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  are  $20\text{ k}\Omega$  and  $10\text{ k}\Omega$  respectively.**

**(a) Measure  $v_o$  for  $v_1 = 3\text{ V}$ ,  $v_2 = 2.5\text{ V}$ . Calculate  $A_d$ .**

Measured  $V_o = 0.54\text{ V}$

$A_d = 0.54/0.5 = 1.08$

**(b) Measure  $v_o$  for  $v_1 = v_2 = (1\text{ V}, 2\text{ V}, 3\text{ V})$ . Calculate  $A_{cm}$  in each case.**

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 1\text{ V}$  :  $A_{cm} = 1.5$

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 2\text{ V}$  :  $A_{cm} = 2.5$

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 3\text{ V}$  :  $A_{cm} = 3.5$

**(c) Calculate CMRR for the differential amplifier for each of the 3 cases and compare with the CMRR calculated**

Calculated CMRR = 750 (using formula)

Observed CMRR: For  $V_1 = V_2 = 1\text{ V}$  : CMRR = 720

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 2\text{ V}$  : CMRR = 432

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 3\text{ V}$  : CMRR = 308.57

**2. Design and build the instrumentation amplifier shown in Figure 2 for gain = 11 by suitably choosing resistors  $R$  and  $R_G$ . The circuit for OD maybe used from part 1.**

**(a) Measure  $v_o$  for  $v_1 = 3\text{ V}$ ,  $v_2 = 2.5\text{ V}$ . Calculate  $A_d$ .**

Measured  $V_o = 5.519\text{ V}$

$A_d = 5.519/0.5 = 11.039$

**(b) Measure  $v_o$  for  $v_1 = v_2 = (1\text{ V}, 2\text{ V}, 3\text{ V})$ . Calculate  $A_{cm}$  in each case.**

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 1\text{ V}$  :  $A_{cm} = 3.9$

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 2V$  :  $A_{cm} = 13.6$

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 3V$  :  $A_{cm} = 23.2$

(c) Calculate CMRR for the instrumentation amplifier for each of the 3 cases.

Calculated CMRR = 78.94 (using formula)

Observed CMRR: For  $V_1 = V_2 = 1V$  : CMRR = 2843.584

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 2V$  : CMRR = 815.44

For  $V_1 = V_2 = 3V$  : CMRR = 478.017

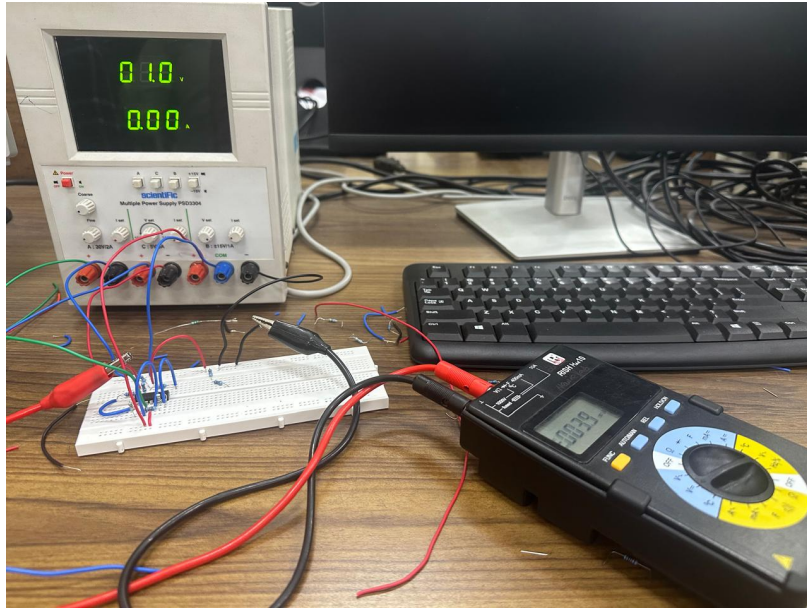


Figure 1: Measuring  $A_{cm}$  for Instrumental Amplifier

3. Find the offset voltage of operational amplifier OA1 using the circuit in Figure 4. Choose  $\beta = 0.0001$  and  $C$  from the available values of 1, 10, 100 nF. Choose  $R_3$  appropriately.

$$V_x = 1.916 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Offset} = \beta \cdot V_x$$

$$= 0.0001 \cdot 1.916$$

$$= 0.1916 \text{ mV}$$

4. Close switch  $S$  as shown in Figure 4 to find the dc gain of OA1.

(a) Set  $V_{in}$  to +10 V and note  $V_x$  and  $V_o$

$$V_o = 10.17 \text{ V}$$

$$V_x = 1.770 \text{ V}$$

(b) Set  $V_{in}$  to -10 V and note  $V_x$  and  $V_o$

$$V_o = 10.18 \text{ V}$$

$$V_x = 1.944 \text{ V}$$

Find  $V_o$  and  $V_x$  and compute gain

$$\text{Change in } V_x = 0.174 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Change in } V_o = 0.01 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Gain} = \text{Change in } V_o / (\text{beta} * \text{Change in } V_x) = 574.71$$

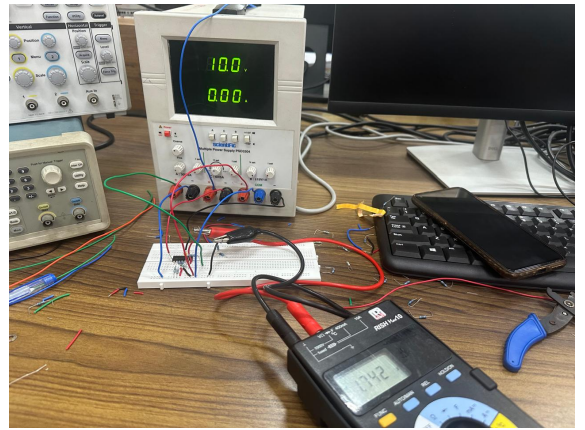
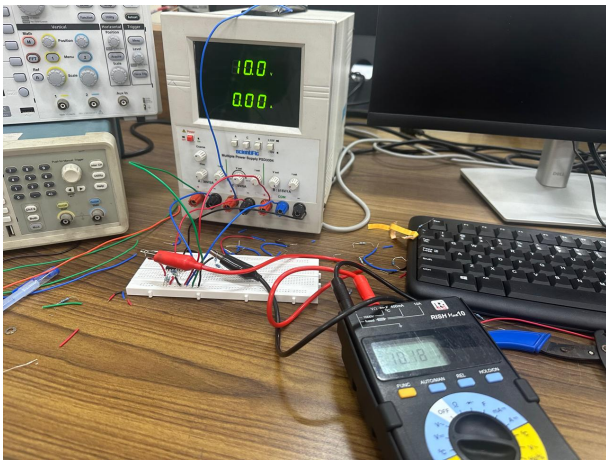


Figure 2: Measurement of Offset and dc Gain of OpAmp