```
al] = 2 18 1 0 56 76 98 34 12
2.
                                            a [i] = a[j] -> a[2] = a[i] = 1
      n= 9 -> int n = data Array length;
                                            a[1]: + -> [1]:1
    Quick: 23 4 5 6 7 8
                                            2,1,18,0,56,76.98,34.12
      a: 2 18 1 0 56 76 98 34 12
                                            1=3
     start = 0;
                                              if (a (3) 412)
      end = 9-1 = 8
                                                 0 412 ? true
      int p = Partition (a,o, B);
                                                1=141=2
    Partition:
                                                 t=a[2]; -> t= 18
       a: 2 18 1 0 56 76 98 34 12
                                                 a [i] = 9[]]
      pivot = a[8] = 12
                                                 a (2): 9 [3]
        1=0-1=-1
                                                a[2]:0
        for ( 1=0; 12=8)
                                                a [2]=+;->+=0
       10=01
                                                2,18,0,1,56,76,98.34,12
          if (a[o] < pivot)
                                           1=4
              2 L 12 ? true
                                             if (a [4] < 12)
               j=1+1
                                                 56 L12 ? false
               i=-1+1 =0;
              t=a[0]; ->+=1;
                                              4 (a [5] < 12)
              a[ø]=a[ø];a[ø]=2;
                                                  76 C12 2 false
              a[0]=+; ->a[0]=2;
                                          2=6
     13=11
                                              lf (a [6] <12)
         if(a[1] < 12)
                                                 98 L12 ? false
             18 2 12 ? False
                                           1=7
     3=2
                                               (f(a[7) 612)
         if (a (2) 4 12)
                                                  24 L 12? false
              1 412 ? 4548
                                           J=8
              1=1+1
                                               lf (a[8] <12)
              1 = 0+1 =1 :
                                                   12 2 12 ? false
              t=9 [1]; -> t= 18
                                                Int t = a[i+1] -> + = a[2+1];
                                                                 + = a [3]
```

a[i+1] = a [end] -> a[3] = a[8]	j=8
= 12	if (a [8] 20)
a [end] = t	15 50 3 talse
a [8] = 1	int 1 = 9 [i+1]
return (i+1) -> return 5	4 = a [-1+1]
a:[2,18,0,1,56,76,98,38,12]	t = a [0]
P=3; (from Return);	+ = 2
a=[2,18,0,1,56,76,98,38,12]	a Citi] = a Cend]
start : 0	a [0] = a [2]
end = \$-1 = 4	Ø C 0 J = O
pivot: a [end] = a [A]=56	a Cend] = + -> a [2] =
i = 0 - 1 = -1	return (-1+1) -> return (0)
for (j=0;j<= 4]	α= [2,18,0,1,56,76,98,38,18)
1=0	Jadi, urutan yang terjadi pada saat
1f (a (0) 256)	P=5 adalah
52- <56 ? true	~(2,18,0,1,56,76,98,38,62)
· - · .\	
18 450 ? true	
18 c20 3 fure	
j=2	
if (a [5] 40)	
0.46? true	
j=3	
if (a [3] 456)	
1 cs6 ? true	
)=9]	
iq (a (47 46)	- 97
28926 ; tayre	
j=51	
1 f (a [5] 46)	
j=6)	
= 38 M 5 tales it (a [P] M)	
j=7]	
if (a [7] 456) 30 46? false	
30 40 : tm -	
the same of the sa	