Week 2 - Data Transformation & Master Table Creation

Final Master Table

Table Name: master table

Purpose: An integrated dataset that merges key information from six raw datasets including learners, opportunities, cohorts, and campaign data. This table ensures data quality, relational consistency, and readiness for analytics or reporting.

Included Columns:

| Column Name | Data Type | Description | Source Table |
|------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| learner_id | TEXT | Unique identifier of each learner | learner_raw |
| country | TEXT | Country of the learner | learner_raw |
| degree | TEXT | Education level | learner_raw |
| enrollment_id | TEXT | Enrollment reference | learneropportunity_raw |
| opportunity_id | TEXT | Opportunity unique ID | opportunity_raw |
| opportunity_name | TEXT | Name of the opportunity | opportunity_raw |
| category | TEXT | Opportunity category | opportunity_raw |
| assigned_cohort | TEXT | Cohort ID assigned to learner | learneropportunity_raw |
| start_date | TIMESTAMP | Cohort start date | cohort_raw |
| end_date | TIMESTAMP | Cohort end date | cohort_raw |
| size | INTEGER | Size of the cohort | cohort_raw |

Indexes & Constraints:

- PRIMARY KEY (learner id)
- Indexes on enrollment id, opportunity id, assigned cohort for join efficiency
- Text fields normalized using INITCAP and TRIM

Meaning of the Master Table:

```
Learner [X] from Pakistan with Degree [Y] enrolled in Opportunity [Z] via Cohort [A]
                         On Date [D] with cohort size [S]
```

Table Creation Query

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS master table;
CREATE TABLE master table (
  learner id TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
  country TEXT,
  degree TEXT,
  enrollment id TEXT,
  opportunity id TEXT,
  opportunity name TEXT,
  category TEXT,
  assigned cohort TEXT,
  start date TIMESTAMP,
  end date TIMESTAMP,
  size INTEGER
);
```

Stored Procedure Query

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS master table;
CREATE TABLE master table AS
SELECT
    SPLIT PART(TRIM(LOWER(lr.learner id)), '#', 2) AS learner id,
    INITCAP(TRIM(lr.country)) AS country,
    INITCAP(TRIM(lr.degree)) AS degree,
    SPLIT PART(TRIM(LOWER(lo.enrollment id)), '#', 2) AS enrollment id,
    SPLIT PART(TRIM(LOWER(orr.opportunity id)), '#', 2) AS opportunity id,
    INITCAP(TRIM(orr.opportunity name)) AS opportunity name,
    INITCAP(TRIM(orr.category)) AS category,
    lo.assigned cohort,
```

```
TO TIMESTAMP((cr.start date::DOUBLE PRECISION / 1000)) AS start date,
    TO TIMESTAMP((cr.end date::DOUBLE PRECISION / 1000)) AS end date,
    cr.size
FROM learner raw lr
JOIN learneropportunity_raw lo
    ON TRIM(LOWER(lr.learner_id)) = TRIM(LOWER(lo.enrollment_id))
JOIN opportunity raw orr
    ON TRIM(LOWER(lo.learner_id)) = TRIM(LOWER(orr.opportunity_id))
JOIN cohort raw cr
    ON TRIM(LOWER(lo.assigned cohort)) = TRIM(LOWER(cr.cohort code))
WHERE
    lr.learner id IS NOT NULL AND
    lo.enrollment_id IS NOT NULL AND
    lo.assigned cohort IS NOT NULL AND
    orr.opportunity_id IS NOT NULL AND
    cr.cohort_code IS NOT NULL;
```

Data Quality Report

Creating master_table by observing all datasets

1. Issues Detected:

- Redundant rows were **not** found in row-wise duplication checks.
- High column-level duplicates in fields like country, degree, and institution.
- Presence of "Unknown" or NULL values in degree, institution, and major.
- learner id, enrollment id, and opportunity id were often in non-human-readable formats.

Dataset-Level Duplicate Overview

| Dataset Name | Total Rows | Duplicate Rows (Exact Matches) |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| learner_raw | 129259 | 0 |
| learneropportunity_raw | 113602 | 0 |
| cohort_raw | 639 | 0 |
| Cognito_raw | 129178 | 0 |
| Opportunity_raw | 187 | 0 |
| Marketing campaign | 143 | 0 |

Null Values:

- 71,294 NULLs in opportunity_id, assigned_cohort, apply_date, status, and cohort_size.
- 84,426 NULLs in end_date and start_date.
- 52k+ NULLs in academic attributes like degree, major, and institution.
- 71k records missing opportunity_id, assigned_cohort.
- 84k records missing start and end dates. Significant data gaps in core enrollment attributes.
- All columns (cohort_id, code, start_date, end_date, size) are fully populated.
- Top disciplines include Computer Science (4.7k), Business, Engineering. Major field is moderately complete and well-distributed

Dataset Tables

| Dataset | Key Issues Identified | Notes/Actions Required |
|---------------------|--|---|
| learner_master | 40%+ NULLs in degree, institution, major22k+ NULL in country | Requires imputation and normalization |
| learner_opportunity | ~71k NULLs in assigned_cohort, apply_date, statusDuplicate enrollment_ids found | Clean duplicates and fill missing values |
| opportunity_raw | tracking_questions column is 100% NULLInconsistent naming | Drop deprecated fields; standardize values |
| cohort | No NULLsOutliers in cohort_size (e.g., 100,000) | Convert epoch timestamps; cap outliers |
| cognito | ~15–20% NULL in gender, city, stateAge field needs conversion | Derive age from DOB; handle missing values |
| marketing_campaign | Outliers in amount_spent, reach, results6 duplicate rows | Remove duplicates; Winsorize skewed values |

2. Cleaning Logic Applied:

| Step | Method |
|----------------------|---|
| Whitespace Handling | TRIM() |
| Capitalization | INITCAP() |
| Filtering Nulls | WHERE column IS NOT NULL during inserts |
| Date Conversion | TO_TIMESTAMP(column::BIGINT / 1000) |
| Column Normalization | Text values cleaned for casing, unknowns excluded |

Testing Methodology:

Dataset: master table

Row Count Validation i.

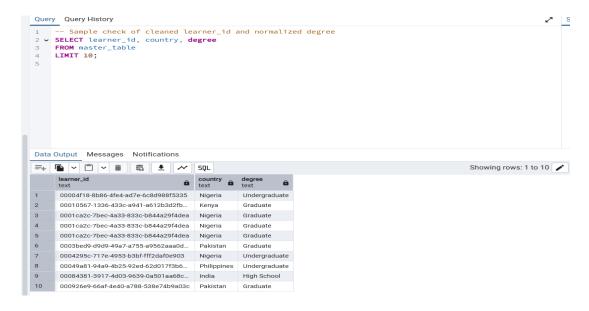
SELECT COUNT(*) AS master table row count FROM master table;

```
Query Query History
     -- Count rows in final master table
    SELECT COUNT(*) AS master_table_row_count FROM master_table;
 Data Output Messages Notifications
 =+ 6 ∨ 1 ∨ 1 3 ± ~ SqL
                                                                                          Showing rows: 1 to 1
                   100284
```

ii. **Field-Level Check:**

Ensured every field in the final master table had expected value types. **Query:**

```
SELECT learner id, country, degree
FROM master table
LIMIT 10;
```



iii. **Verify Null Values:**

SELECT

-- Check for NULLs in key fields

```
COUNT(*) FILTER (WHERE learner id IS NULL) AS null learner id,
  COUNT(*) FILTER (WHERE country IS NULL) AS null country,
  COUNT(*) FILTER (WHERE degree IS NULL) AS null degree,
  COUNT(*) FILTER (WHERE opportunity id IS NULL) AS
null opportunity_id
FROM master_table;
```

```
Query History
     -- Check for NULLs in key fields
2 v SELECT
        {f COUNT}(*) FILTER (WHERE learner_id IS NULL) AS null_learner_id,
        COUNT(*) FILTER (WHERE country IS NULL) AS null_country,
COUNT(*) FILTER (WHERE degree IS NULL) AS null_degree,
         \textbf{COUNT}(\texttt{*}) \ \ \textbf{FILTER} \ \ (\textbf{WHERE} \ \ \text{opportunity\_id} \ \ \textbf{IS} \ \ \textbf{NULL}) \ \ \textbf{AS} \ \ \text{null\_opportunity\_id}
     FROM master_table;
Data Output Messages Notifications
=+ □ ∨ □ ∨ □ □ □ □ □ □
                                                                                                                                      Showing rows: 1 to 1
                          null_country bigint null_degree bigint null_opportunity_id bigint
```

Referential Integrity: iv.

Ensured all join keys matched between datasets.

```
-- Confirm that learner_id exists in original learner_raw
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM master_table mt
LEFT JOIN learner raw lr ON LOWER(mt.learner id) =
LOWER(lr.learner_id)
WHERE lr.learner id IS NULL;
```

```
Query Query History
1 -- Confirm that learner_id exists in original learner_raw
2 V SELECT COUNT(*)
3 FROM master_table mt
   LEFT JOIN learner_raw lr ON LOWER(mt.learner_id) = LOWER(lr.learner_id)
    WHERE lr.learner_id IS NULL;
Data Output Messages Notifications
    Showing rows: 1 to 1
     100284
```

Manual Sampling: v.

Random records reviewed to verify transformed values.

```
SELECT * FROM master table ORDER BY RANDOM()
LIMIT 10;
```

