

* DAY 2: PLANNING THE TECHNICAL FOUNDATION

• INTRODUCTION :-

The technical foundation of any marketplace is critical to its success. Building on the business objectives and data schema defined on Day 1, Day 2 focuses on transitioning into the technical domain by creating a robust system architecture, defining workflows, and planning API requirements. This ensures seamless integration between frontend, backend, and third-party services, preparing the marketplace for implementation and scalability.

• DEFINE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS :-

1. Frontend Requirements :-

- User Interface (UI): A visually appealing and user-friendly design for desktop and mobile users.
- Core Pages:
 - Home
 - Product Listing
 - Product Details
 - Cart
 - Checkout
 - Order Confirmation

2. Backend with Sanity CMS :-

- Purpose: Sanity CMS will act as the database, managing products, orders, and customer information.

- Schema Design: Define fields for products, customers, and orders to align with the data schema from Day 1.
- Benefits: Simplifies backend management and ensures seamless integration with the frontend.

3. THIRD-PARTY API INTEGRATION :-

- Shipment Tracking API: Provides real-time delivery updates.
- Payment Gateway API: Ensures secure transactions.
- Additional APIs: Handles marketplace-specific requirements like inventory updates.

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE :-

→ HIGH-LEVEL DIAGRAM :-

[Frontend (Next-Js)]

[Sanity CMS] ----> [Product Data API]

[Third-Party API] ----> [Shipment Tracking API]

[Payment Gateway]

• WORKFLOWS :-

1. User Registration

- User Signs up → Data is stored in Sanity → Confirmation sent to the user.

2. Product Browsing

- User views products → Sanity API fetches data → products displayed dynamically.

3. Order Placement

- Items added to the cart → Proceed to checkout → Order saved in Sanity

4. Shipment Tracking

- Order updates fetched from a third-party API → Displayed to the user.

5. Payment Processing

- Payment processed via gateway → Confirmation sent → Recorded in Sanity.

• API REQUIREMENTS :-

ENDPOINTS :-

1. Product Data

- Endpoint Name: /products
- Method : GET

→ Description: Fetch all available products

→ Response Example:

```
{"id": 1, "name": "Product A", "price": 100, "stock": 50}
```

2. Order Management

→ Endpoint Name: /orders

→ Method : POST

→ Description : Create a new order.

→ Payload :

```
{"CustomerId": 123, "items": [1, 2], "totalPrice": 200}
```

3. Shipment Tracking

→ Endpoint Name: /shipment

→ Method : GET

→ Description : Track the delivery status

→ Response Example:

```
{"orderId": 456, "status": "In Transit", "ETA": "20 minutes"}
```

• TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION:-

1. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW:-

- Diagram: A detailed representation of how the frontend, backend, and APIs interact.
- Component Roles:
 - Sanity CMS: Stores and manages data
 - APIs: Facilitates real-time updates and

Secure transactions.

2. WORKFLOW DESCRIPTIONS :-

- Each workflow is broken into steps, detailing how users interact with the system.

3. API SPECIFICATIONS :-

For each endpoint, document:

- Method
- URL
- Payload
- Example response

4. SANITY SCHEMA EXAMPLE :-

```
export default {  
  name: "product",  
  type: "document",  
  fields: [  
    { name: "name", type: "string", title: "Product Name" },  
    { name: "price", type: "number", title: "Price" },  
    { name: "stock", type: "number", title: "Stock level" }  
  ]  
};
```

5. TECHNICAL ROADMAP :-

- Week 1: Finalize system architecture and API endpoints.
- Week 2: Implement Sanity schemas and connect APIs.
- Week 3: Test integration and ensure frontend-backend

Synchronization.

• CHALLENGES AND CONSIDERATION:-

1) Scalability :

• Ensure the system can handle high traffic and data volume.

2) Real-Time Features :

Implement seamless updates for inventory, order tracking, and payments.

3) Security :

Secure payment transactions and user data with encryption.

4) API Rate Limits :

Monitor and manage API usage to avoid disruptions.

• CONCLUSION:-

Day 2 serves as the technical blueprint for implementing the marketplace. By creating a scalable system architecture, planning workflows, and documenting APIs, this foundation ensures the marketplace is ready for seamless development and deployment. Addressing key challenges further strengthens the system's reliability and performance.