Brief Introduction

This project demonstrates how to control the angular position of a stepper motor using an Arduino and DM556 stepper driver. The user inputs a target angle (0° to 90°) via the Serial Monitor, and the motor rotates precisely to that angle. Additionally, entering 'q' resets the motor back to the 0° position.

Table of Contents

- 1. Features
- 2. About the Stepper Motor & DM556 Driver
- 3. Hardware Requirements
- 4. Software & Libraries
- 5. Installation & Setup
- 6. Code Explanation
 - Includes & Definitions
 - Function: stepMotor()
 - Function: rotateToAngle()
 - Function: resetToZero()
 - loop() Logic
- 7. Main Logic & Equation
- 8. Usage
- 9. Output Example
- 10. Customization

Features

- Input angle between 0° to 90° via Serial Monitor
- Precise control of stepper motor rotation using microstepping
- Reset command to bring the motor back to $0\ensuremath{^\circ}$
- Real-time feedback on motor movement

About the Stepper Motor & DM556 Driver

Stepper Motor:

- Typically moves in discrete steps (e.g., 1.8° per step)
- High accuracy, suitable for robotics and CNC machines
- Controlled using step and direction signals

DM556 Stepper Driver:

- Digital stepper driver that supports microstepping
- Accepts STEP (PUL+) and DIRECTION (DIR+) signals
- Works with 2-phase and 4-phase stepper motors

Hardware Requirements

Component	Quantity
Arduino Uno/Nano	1
DM556 Stepper Driver 1	
Stepper Motor	1
Power Supply (1236V) 1	
Jumper Wires	As needed
Breadboard (optional) 1	

Software & Libraries

- Arduino IDE
- Arduino.h (Built-in with Arduino IDE)

No external libraries are required.

Installation & Setup

- 1. Connect STEP_PIN (PUL+) to Arduino digital pin 6.
- 2. Connect DIR_PIN (DIR+) to Arduino digital pin 8.
- 3. Ensure DM556 is powered via external supply.
- 4. Ground DM556 and Arduino together.
- 5. Upload the code via Arduino IDE.
- 6. Open Serial Monitor (baud rate: 9600).

Code Explanation

Includes & Definitions:

- STEP_PIN, DIR_PIN: Pins connected to DM556 for controlling step and direction.
- MICROSTEPS: User-defined microstepping multiplier.
- TOTAL_STEPS: Total microsteps for one full revolution (360°).

Function: stepMotor():

- Sets motor direction and pulses the STEP pin to move motor.

Function: rotateToAngle():

- Validates angle, computes step count, rotates motor, and updates position.

Function: resetToZero():

- Calls rotateToAngle(0) to bring motor back to home position.

loop() Logic:

- Reads Serial input, parses angle or 'q', and executes rotation/reset accordingly.

Main Logic & Equation

Key Equation:

steps = (angle_difference) × (TOTAL_STEPS / 360)

Where:

- angle_difference is the change in angle
- TOTAL_STEPS is the total microsteps per full 360° rotation

Usage

- 1. Upload code to Arduino.
- 2. Open Serial Monitor (9600 baud).
- 3. Input a target angle (e.g., 45) and press Enter.
- 4. The motor rotates to that angle.
- 5. Enter 'q' to reset the motor to 0° .

Output Example

Enter a target angle (0 to 90) or 'q' to reset to zero:

Rotating to angle: 45.00

Moved to absolute angle: 45.00

Enter a target angle (0 to 90) or 'q' to reset to zero:

Customization

- Change rotation range: Modify angle limit in rotateToAngle()
- Adjust speed: Tweak delayMicroseconds() in stepMotor()
- Expand to full 360°: Increase range check from 090 to 0360°
- Different motor or microsteps: Update STEPS_PER_REV and MICROSTEPS