Volume 2, Issue 1, 1-6, ISSN: 2995-6307

DOI: 10.59762/cie570390542120240205132241



Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced

Ukrit Najampa^{1*}, Jeerawan Jeenno^{2*} ,Oraphan Thongkam³
*1,2,3Department of Physics, Faculty of Education, Buriram Rajabhat University, Thailand



Abstract

Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced is considered to be a sustainable, enduring, and cost-effective roofing solution. Improved mechanical qualities, a wide variety of uses, environmental resilience, and sustainability make it a competitive choice for many building endeavors. Fiberglass ferrocement roof reinforced has the potential to become an industry-standard roofing material by overcoming current obstacles and expanding into new areas. The full potential of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced and the advancement of the field of building materials and technologies depend on ongoing research, innovation, and cooperation. The results of this study deliver the basis for further investigation and policymaking, propelling the widespread use of this cutting-edge roofing material to create a more sustainable and resilient built environment.

Keywords: Fiberglass, Ferrocement, Roof Reinforced, Sustainability and Concrete.

Introduction

1.1 Background

Due to its unique combination of strength, durability, and adaptability, fiberglass ferrocement (Ferrocement) has become a hot topic in the building sector. The lightweight and corrosion-resistant properties of fiberglass are combined with the strength and durability of ferrocement in this innovative material. The end product is a composite material that may be used as a viable substitute for traditional roofing systems due to its low cost and extended lifespan. Roofs are essential parts of buildings because they shield the interior from the weather and other environmental hazards. Concrete and metal are common roofing materials, but they have their drawbacks in terms of weight, portability, and corrosion. Because of these constraints, building costs, maintenance expenses, and useful life may all rise.

1.2 Aims of Research

The major goal of this paper is to offer a thorough examination of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced, illuminating its features, benefits, prospective uses, and limitations. Engineers, architects, and construction professionals may make educated judgments about roofing materials for a wide range of projects by learning about the characteristics and structural behavior of this novel material.

1.3 Scope of the Research

The following are the main points that will be covered in this article on Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced:

- This research introduces Fiberglass Ferrocement, including its composition, production method, and important attributes, with an emphasis on how those qualities make it an ideal material for use in roof reinforcement.
- We examine the tensile, flexural, and compressive strengths, as well as the resistance to moisture, UV radiation, and chemicals, of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced.
- Fiberglass reinforced ferrocement roofs have several uses in the construction industry, including residential, commercial, and industrial structures, which are discussed in this section.
- Fiberglass ferrocement roof reinforced construction and installation procedures are out-

Received: July-14-2023 Revised: Dec-26-2023 Accepted: Feb-22-2024



lined, along with the factors to be considered to ensure that the finished product is of high quality and will last for many years.

- Taking into account criteria like cost-effectiveness, longevity, and environmental impact, the study will give a balanced assessment of the advantages and downsides of employing Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced.
- Real-world examples of how Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced has been successfully implemented, with an emphasis on the unique aspects of each project and the material's versatility in diverse conditions.

1.4 Organizing the Report

The report is broken up into sections that each cover a different topic related to Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced. To fully grasp the material's appropriateness and potential in the roofing sector, the next chapters will go deeper into its features, applications, building procedures, and case studies. The purpose of this paper is to give useful information about Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced so that future building projects may make educated decisions in light of the construction industry's ongoing search for sustainable, durable, and cost-effective roofing solutions.

Literature Review 2.1 Introduction

The thorough literature evaluation of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced is present here, with an emphasis on work published after 2015. The purpose of this study is to investigate the developments achieved in this novel roofing material, as well as its mechanical characteristics, applications, and practical performance under real-world conditions.

2.2 Reinforced Fiberglass Roof Mechanical Properties

There has been a lot of study done on the mechanical qualities of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced. The flexural and tensile strengths of Fiberglass Ferrocement panels were tested experimentally by Balaguru et al. (2016). Their research showed that combining fiberglass mesh with ferrocement considerably increased the composite material's

flexural and tensile strengths, making it an ideal roofing material despite its low weight.

2.3 Corrosion Resistance and Environmental Stability

In order to assess Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced's long-term performance, studies on its environmental durability and corrosion resistance have been crucial. The effects of water and harsh chemicals on the material's strength were studied by Rahman et al. (2018). According to their research, fiberglass reinforcement is a great alternative for use in both marine and industrial settings due to its high resistance to corrosion and moisture intrusion.

2.4 Reinforced Fiberglass Cement Roofs for High-Risk Areas

Particularly in earthquake and typhoon-prone regions, disaster resilience has emerged as an essential design principle. Fiberglass ferrocement roof reinforced structures were the focus of an investigation by Aziz et al. (2020). The ductility and crack resistance of the material were noted in their study, making it a potentially useful roofing material for earthquake-prone areas.

2.5 Long-Term Effects on the Environment

Sustainable, low-impact materials have been more of a focal point in the building sector in recent years. Fiberglass ferrocement roof reinforced as compared to conventional roofing materials in a life cycle assessment (LCA) by Alotaibi et al. (2019). Based on their research, they concluded that composite materials were a more sustainable option due to their low embodied energy and GHG emissions.

2.6 Methods of Construction and Quality Assurance and Assurance

In order to guarantee the durability of roofing materials, it is essential to employ efficient building procedures and quality control systems. The mechanical characteristics of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced were studied by Al-Asadi et al. (2021), who looked at the impact of construction parameters such as mix design, curing, and curing length. Results from the study can be used to improve building methods and the material's longevity.

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2.7 Two and a Half Examples of Fiberglass Ferrocement Used to Reinforce Roofs

The use of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced in real-world projects has been proven effective in several case studies. Ghosh et al. (2017) reported a case study of a commercial building in a coastal zone, where the roof's service life was greatly prolonged due to the material's resilience to moisture and corrosion, resulting in reduced maintenance costs.

2.8 Difficulties and Restrictions

Fiberglass ferrocement roof reinforced has many potential benefits, but it also has potential drawbacks. The difficulties in handling and transporting large-scale applications were explored by Elchalakani et al. (2018). Finding solutions to these problems was a primary focus of the study, which stressed the need to optimize panel size and transportation techniques.

2.9 Suggestions for Upcoming Studies

The popularity of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced as a roofing material means there are still interesting questions to be answered. The use of smart composite materials with integrated sensors to track roofs' structural health and integrity in real-time is a topic of research interest (Sanjayan et al., 2019).

2.10 Conclusion

Significant progress in Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced has been documented in the literature since 2015. Mechanical qualities, environmental durability, disaster-prone region uses, sustainability, building methodologies, and case studies all point to the material's promise as a long-lasting, budget-friendly, environmentally-friendly roofing option for the contemporary construction industry. Fiberglass reinforced ferrocement roofs are becoming an increasingly popular choice for many types of roofing as the area is studied and new innovations and improvements are developed.

Research Methodology 3.1 Introduction

Secondary research, which is outlined in this chapter, involves gathering and analyzing preexisting literature, studies, reports,

and other sources to gain a thorough understanding of the topic at hand, in this case, "Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced." This study's methodology details the information gathering, searching, data extraction, and analytic procedures that were implemented.

3.2 Inputs/Data Sets

The research relies heavily on the following main data sources:

- Peer-reviewed academic journals from established publishers that focus on topics including sustainable building, building technology, and civil engineering.
- Reports, Studies, and Technical Publications from the Construction Industry, Government, and Academic Institutions.
- Retrieve pertinent research articles and publications from internet resources, including IEEE Xplore, ScienceDirect, JSTOR, Google Scholar, and ResearchGate.
- Construction Materials, Composite Materials, and Roofing Technology Conference Proceedings: Proceedings from Conferences, Seminars, and Workshops.
- Reliable tomes covering such topics as composite materials, ferrocement, building techniques, and roofing systems.

3.3 Research Methodology

The following search method was used to compile a substantial yet targeted body of relevant literature:

- Combining the terms "Fiberglass Ferrocement," "Roof Reinforcement," "Composite Materials," "Roofing Technology," "Mechanical Properties," "Applications," "Sustainability," "Case Studies," and "Construction Techniques."
- Boolean Operators: Using AND and OR to further narrow search results and establish meaningful associations between terms.
- Recent (published after 2015), peer-reviewed, and topic-related literature that meets strict inclusion criteria will be chosen. Leaving out any irrelevant or out-of-date resources.

3.4 Collecting and Analyzing Data

The following procedures were used to collect the data:



- Using the search strategy and inclusion criteria, locating and selecting appropriate sources.
- What we mean by "data extraction" is the process of gleaning useful facts, figures, research, and conclusions from a variety of different resources.
- Data organization entails classifying information according to predetermined categories that cover topics including mechanical qualities, environmental durability, applications, sustainability, building methods, problems, and future research objectives.

3.5 Limitation

Recognizing the constraints of secondary research is crucial. Secondary research is dependent on the data already gathered and processed by earlier researchers. It all comes down to the reliability of the primary documents used in the study. The data we have is only as good as what we can get from the sources we have chosen, which may leave out important details or recent advancements. Both the selection of sources and the interpretation of data are susceptible to prejudice.

3.6 Ethics

In terms of ethics, it's important to provide credit where credit is due, such as when referencing previously published works. No unoriginal work is included, and all sources are properly cited.

3.7 Conclusion

This study utilized a secondary research approach to ensure a thorough comprehension of the topic, its many dimensions, potential applications, and potential challenges; this approach allowed for the systematic collection, analysis, and synthesis of existing literature on "Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced." The results and comments based on the synthesis data will be presented in the following chapter, adding further depth to the understanding of the topic.

Data Analysis

4.1 Background

To better understand the mechanical properties, applications, environmental durability, sustainability, construction techniques, case studies, challenges, and future research directions of this novel roofing material, this chapter presents the analysis of data gathered through secondary research on "Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced." The results of this literature research will be presented in length so that the reader may have a deeper understanding of the material's viability and prospective applications in the building sector.

4.2 Reinforced Fiberglass Cement Roofs

The literature review shows that the mechanical characteristics of ferrocement are greatly enhanced by the use of fiberglass mesh. Lightweight and strong, Fiberglass Ferrocement panels are a great composite material for reinforcing roofs, as shown by research by Balaguru et al. (2016). Fiberglass reinforcing helps the material resist fracture propagation and tensile failure, keeping it strong even when subjected to outside forces.

4.3 Uses for Reinforced Fiberglass Cement Roofs

According to the findings of this study, Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced has several potential uses in the building industry. The material's resistance to moisture and corrosion prolongs the roof's service life and lowers maintenance expenses over time, as demonstrated by a case study reported by Ghosh et al. (2017) about a commercial building in a coastal zone. Moreover, its ductility and crack resistance were emphasized in a research by Aziz et al. (2020), making it an attractive option for roofing in earthquake and cyclone-prone locations.

4.4 Sustainability and Resilience in the Environment

Fiberglass ferrocement roof reinforced has great environmental durability and sustainability, according to a review of the literature. The corrosion and moisture ingress resistance revealed by Rahman et al. (2018) makes it an excellent choice for both marine and industrial settings. Alotaibi et al. (2019) performed a life cycle assessment (LCA) and found that the material is a more sustainable option for sustainable building due to its reduced embodied energy and greenhouse gas emissions compared to conventional roofing materials.

4.5 Methods of Construction and Quality Assurance

GUINNESS

The results of this study emphasize the need to perfect quality assurance and control procedures in buildings using Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced. The influence of building factors and curing methods on the material's mechanical characteristics was studied by Al-Asadi et al. (2021). The need for a careful mix of design, curing methods, and quality control was stressed throughout their research.

4.6 Limitations and Prospective Areas of Study

Some difficulties with Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced were discovered during research. Limitations in large-scale applications were highlighted by Elchalakani et al. (2018) due to difficulties in handling and transporting. Sanjayan et al. (2019) proposed the development of smart composite materials with integrated sensors to monitor the structural health and integrity of roofs in real-time. Therefore, future research objectives were also discussed.

4.7 Summary

The mechanical characteristics, applications, environmental durability, sustainability, building methods, problems, and future research directions of "Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced" are all illuminated via an examination of the reviewed literature. The examination reveals the material's potential as an affordable, long-lasting, and environmentally friendly roofing option, with several benefits over more traditional options. The research given in this chapter expands our knowledge about Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced and may be used to make more informed choices when selecting roofing for new buildings. The next section will summarize the study's findings and offer suggestions for further studies and applications.

Conclusion

5.1 A Summarization of the Results

Comprehensive literature was reviewed and analyzed to learn more about the topic of "Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced" in this study. Mechanical qualities, applications, environmental durability, sustainability, building methodologies, case studies, problems, and future research directions were all areas

that the study attempted to delve into. The research results show that Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced has excellent potential as a cutting-edge and promising roofing material.

5.2 Main Results

Several major conclusions emerged from the study's analysis:

- Roofs reinforced with fiberglass ferrocement have shown better mechanical qualities, such as increased flexural and tensile strengths.
 Fiberglass mesh was mixed into the ferrocement to increase its strength and durability under stress.
- The material's versatility was demonstrated by its use in a wide range of construction projects, including both commercial and residential structures. Its durability and immunity to corrosion made it a top pick in flood- and hurricane-prone areas.
- Fiberglass ferrocement roof reinforcement was shown to be environmentally durable and sustainable due to its high resistance to corrosion, moisture ingress, and chemical exposure. It's a green roofing option since it uses less energy in production and releases less greenhouse gases.
- A material's long-term durability and performance rely heavily on the quality of its building methods, which include things like mix design, curing procedures, and quality control.
- Despite its benefits, it has several difficulties that must be overcome before its full potential can be realized.

5.3 Results and Limitations

- The conclusions of this study have important ramifications for the building sector, architects, engineers, and academics.
- Findings suggest that Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced is a practical replacement for conventional roofing in both extreme climates and disaster-prone areas.
- The material is a good option for environmentally aware projects due to its decreased environmental impact and enhanced durability, which are in line with the rising emphasis on sustainable construction techniques.
- Research and development efforts should be directed at finding solutions to problems that



arise with widespread implementation, perfecting existing building methods, and investigating promising new developments such as smart composites for real-time structural monitoring.

- More monitoring and case studies of the material's use in real-world settings can shed light on its efficacy and help refine its design and implementation.
- When it comes to furthering our knowledge and developing useful uses for Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced, collaboration between academic institutions, businesses, and government agencies is crucial.

5.4 Final Summary

The findings of this study show that "Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced" has the potential to be a sustainable, long-lasting, and cost-effective roofing solution. Improved mechanical qualities, a wide variety of uses, environmental resilience, and sustainability make it a competitive choice for many building endeavors.

While this study has uncovered some interesting facts, there is still room for growth and improvement. Fiberglass ferrocement roof reinforced has the potential to become an industry-standard roofing material by overcoming current obstacles and expanding into new areas.

The full potential of Fiberglass Ferrocement Roof Reinforced and the advancement of the field of building materials and technologies depend on ongoing research, innovation, and cooperation. The results of this study provide a basis for further investigation and policymaking, propelling the widespread use of this cutting-edge roofing material to create a more sustainable and resilient built environment.

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