# **Gamers Hub**



A tournament of Games is organized by Ghazni. There are **n** gamers in a line, each starting with **0** points. Initially, the entire row of gamers is "selected". A round of the tournament proceeds as follows:

• Ghazni selects a random subarray of the currently "selected" part of the row. Each subarray has **equal probability** of being chosen, including the same currently "selected" part. • He gives **1** point to each participant in the subarray. • He sets this subarray as the new "selected" part of the row.

After k rounds of the tournament proceed, what is the expected amount of points of each participant?

It can be proven that the expected amount of points for the **ith** gamer can be represented as a fraction **Pi/Qi** with **Qi≠0** and **gcd(Pi,Qi) = 1**. Print **n** space-separated integers, the **ith** of which is **Pi-Qi^-1** modulo 998244353.

It can be proved that Q^-1 Modulo 998244353 exists under the following constraints

## **Input Format**

The first and only line of input contains two space-separated integers, **n** and **k** 

#### **Constraints**

1≤**n**.**k**≤500

## **Output Format**

Print **n** space separated integers, the **ith** integer denoting the answer for the **ith** participant.

### Sample Input 0

2 2

## Sample Output 0

887328315 887328315

### **Explanation 0**

The tournament could proceed in the following ways:

[1,2] is selected in the first round, and [1,2] is selected in the second round, occurring with probability 1/9. [1,2] is selected in the first round, and [1,1] is selected in the second round, occurring with probability 1/9. [1,2] is selected in the first round, and [2,2] is selected in the second round, occurring with probability 1/9. [1,1] is selected in the first round, and [1,1] is selected in the second round, occurring with probability 1/3. [2,2] is selected in the first round, and [2,2] is selected in the second round, occurring with probability 1/3.

The output corresponds to expected values of 11/9 for both gamers.