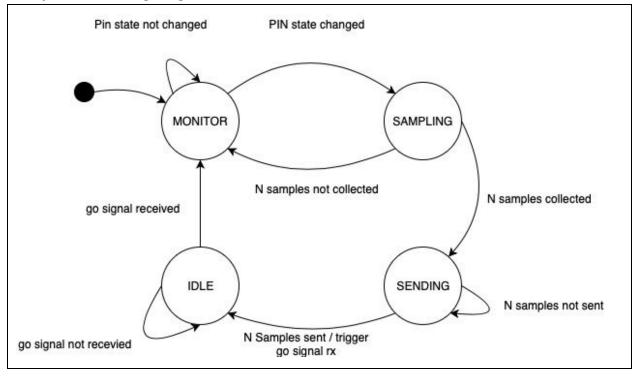
CI - Lap 005 - Logic Analyzer

Lab Target:

Using UART with traditional IO read to capture digital signals and creating a logic analyzer which can be used for debugging different communication protocols like I2C, SPI and others.

Theory:

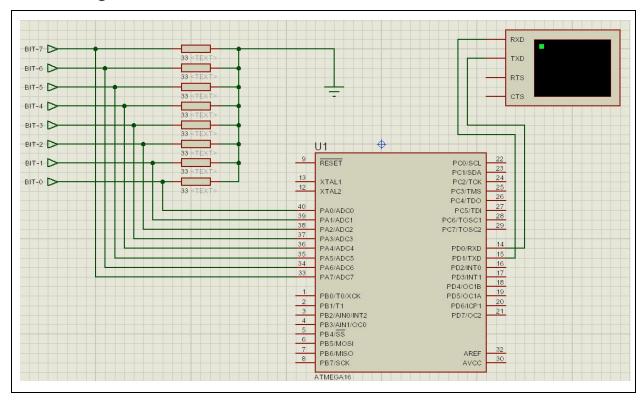
Since digital communication protocols uses digital signal value $\{0, 1\}$. Therefore, all we need is to read the μ C PIN value then send this value using UART for plotting. To make things more interesting we will develop a state machine to have a robust logic analyzer. This state machine contains 4 states: $\{MONTOR, SAMPLING, SENDING, IDLE\}$. The following diagram shows the state machine transitions:



States Description:

#	State	Actions
1	MONITOR	Keep watching Logic_PORT if changed then it changes the state to "SAMPLING".
2	SAMPLING	Reads the Logic_PORT value and its changing time value and saves them in a buffer of size _SAMPLES_NUM, then checks if the count of captured samples > _SAMPLES_NUM it changes the state to "SENDING" otherwise it returns to "MONITOR" state.
3	SENDING	Sends the _SAMPLES_NUM samples to the pc and triggers a rx signal from the PC.
4	IDLE	Waits for PC signal to start the whole process again.

Circuit Diagram:



Software Implementation:

A sample contains PORT value + time sanp value. Therefore each sample will be sent using the following format:

```
@ [000...255] [000...255] [000...255] [000...255] [000...255];
```

Code:

```
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
#include "logicAnalyzer.h"
#include "uart.h"
#define _CMD_START_CNT 1
#define _CMD_END_CNT 1
#define CMD SPACING 1
#define _CMD_PINS_ST 1
#define _CMD_TIME_SNAP 4
#define FULL_SAMPLE_CNT (_CMD_START_CNT + _CMD_PINS_ST + _CMD_TIME_SNAP + _CMD_END_CNT)
#define _SAMPLE_PIN (_CMD_START_CNT)
#define _SAMPLE_TIME (_CMD_START_CNT + _CMD_PINS_ST)
#define MARKER_END (FULL_SAMPLE_CNT - 1)
#define MARKER_START (0)
// Send the following frame for each sample:
// @PIN TIME3 TIME2 TIME1 TIME0;
#define _SAMPLES_NUM 200
#define LOGIC DDR DDRB
#define LOGIC_PORT PINB
typedef enum {MONITOR, SAMPLING, SENDING, IDLE} states_t;
static logic port state = 0;
static logic_port_pre_state;
static states_t currentState = SAMPLE;
static uint8_t pin_states[_SAMPLES_NUM];
static uint32 t time snap[ SAMPLES NUM];
```

```
uint32_t getTime(void)
  // TODO: Place your code here, to compute the elapsed time.
void LOGIC_Init(void)
  /* Init UART driver. */
  UART_cfg my_uart_cfg;
  /* Set USART mode. */
  my_uart_cfg.UBRRL_cfg = (BAUD_RATE_VALUE)&0x00FF;
  my_uart_cfg.UBRRH_cfg = (((BAUD_RATE_VALUE)&0xFF00)>>8);
  my_uart_cfg.UCSRA_cfg = 0;
  my uart cfg.UCSRB cfg = (1 << RXEN) | (1 << TXEN) | (1 << TXCIE) | (1 << RXCIE);
  my_uart_cfg.UCSRC_cfg = (1<<URSEL) | (3<<UCSZ0);
  UART_Init(&my_uart_cfg);
  // TODO: Place your code here for timer1 initialization to normal mode and keep track
  // to time elapsed.
  {
  }
  /* Clear cmd_buffer. */
  for(uint8_t i = 0; i < FULL_SAMPLE_CNT; i += 1) { cmd_buffer[i] = 0; }</pre>
  /* Start with getting which wave to generate. */
  currentState = SAMPLING;
void LOGIC_MainFunction(void)
  static volatile uint8_t samples_cnt = 0;
  static char go signal buf = 'N';
  // Main function must have two states,
  // First state is command parsing and waveform selection.
  // second state is waveform executing.
  switch(currentState)
    case MONITOR:
       LOGIC_DDR = 0;
       logic_port_pre_state = logic_port_state;
       logic_port_state = LOGIC_PORT;
       currentState = (logic_port_pre_state != logic_port_state) ? SAMPLING : MONITOR;
       break;
```

```
case SAMPLING:
  // DO here sampling.
  LOGIC_DDR = 0;
  pin_states[samples_cnt] = LOGIC_PORT;
  time_snap[samples_cnt] = getTime();
  // Increment sample count.
  samples_cnt++;
  // Start sending the collected _SAMPLES_NUM samples.
  currentState = (samples_cnt >= _SAMPLES_NUM) ? SENDING : MONITOR;
  break;
case SENDING:
  // For _SAMPLES_NUM samples send the construct the buffer.
  static uint8 t sample buf[FULL SAMPLE CNT];
  for(uint8_t i = 0; i < _SAMPLES_NUM; ++i)</pre>
  {
    // Construct the buffer.
    // Add buffer marker
    _sample_buf[MARKER_START] = '@';
    // Add pin value.
    _sample_buf[_SAMPLE_PIN] = pin_states[i];
    // Add time snap value.
    _sample_buf[_SAMPLE_TIME + 0] = ((time_snap[samples_cnt] & 0xFF000000) >> 24);
    _sample_buf[_SAMPLE_TIME + 1] = ((time_snap[samples_cnt] & 0x00FF0000) >> 16);
    _sample_buf[_SAMPLE_TIME + 2] = ((time_snap[samples_cnt] & 0x0000FF00) >> 8);
    _sample_buf[_SAMPLE_TIME + 3] = ((time_snap[samples_cnt] & 0x0000000FF) >> 0);
    _sample_buf[MARKER_END] = ';';
    // Send sample.
    UART_SendPayload(_sample_buf, FULL_SAMPLE_CNT);
    while (0 == UART_IsTxComplete());
  }
  // Trigger receiving for go signal.
  UART_ReceivePayload(&_go_signal_buf, 1);
}
case IDLE:
  currentState = ((1 == UART_IsRxComplete())&&(_go_signal_buf == 'G')) ? MONITOR : IDLE;
  if(currentState = MONITOR)
    // TODO: Place your code here to reset the timer value.
  }
```

```
break;
}
default: {/* Do nothing.*/}
}
```