

Group Member 1 Roll# _____ Group Member 2 Roll# _____ Group Member 3 Roll# _____

Group Member 1 Name _____ Group Member 2 Name _____ Group Member 3 Name _____

Date: 27 / 11 / 2023

Data Structures Lab- Hackathon

BCS – 3J

Instructions:

- Duration: 1 hour 15 mins
- Paper consists of 3 questions.
- Not following any instructions may result in deduction of marks.
- Time and Space complexity should be considered in all solutions.
- Understanding the questions is part of the exam.
- Return the question paper after the exam.
- There are three (3) questions in total. All carry equal marks.
- Upload your submission on the google classroom as a compressed file. The naming convention should be: <Id1, Id2, Id3> DS Hackathon

Question 1

Develop and implement the following operations for a circular linked list:

- Create a circular linked list with N nodes, each containing a unique hexadecimal string.
- Implement a function to split the circular linked list into two equal parts, handling odd-length cases.
- Write a function to delete every Kth node until one node remains and print that node (Josephus problem).
- Implement a function to detect whether the list is a palindrome.
- Implement a function to reverse every block of M nodes in the list.
- Print all nodes in ascending order based on the lexicographical value of the data.

Question 2

- Build a BST where each node's data is generated from a given mathematical function $f(x)$.
- Implement a function to count the number of nodes with prime numbers as data.
- Write a function to find the longest path from the root to any leaf and print the nodes on that path.
- Implement a function to mirror the BST and display both the original and mirrored trees.
- Write an algorithm to remove all nodes that do not have exactly one child and maintain BST properties.
- Implement a function that checks whether the BST forms a valid max-heap.

Question 3

Develop an AVL tree:

- Insert customer data with strict rules (e.g., names with vowels at even positions).
- Implement a function that performs a complex search based on partial matches, returning all names matching a given pattern.
- Implement a function that finds and displays all nodes that have heights differing by more than one from their siblings.
- Write a function that deletes all nodes whose names have more than three vowels and maintains AVL balance.
- Implement a function that rotates subtrees to balance based on a given threshold.
- Print all nodes in post-order traversal, along with their balance factor.