Demo of My LATEX Style

Hassium

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1 Packages

This style contains the following packages:

```
\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}
\usepackage[explicit]{titlesec}
\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
\usepackage{amsmath,amsthm,amssymb,amsfonts,mathrsfs,mathtools,nicematrix,chngcntr,
    centernot,ytableau,tikz-cd}
\usepackage{imakeidx,textcomp,tocloft,environ,setspace,geometry,enumerate,
    enumitem,blindtext,multicol,xcolor,fancyhdr,calligra,graphicx,wrapfig,pgfplots,
    mdframed,tabularx,lipsum,comment,csquotes,verbatim,transparent,scalerel,halloweenmath}
    \usepackage[hidelinks]{hyperref}
    \usepackage{chemfig}

How to insert it?
    \documentclass{article}
    \input{hassium.tex} % Download and input it using its path
```

2 Title Page Setup

After inserting the package, you should define the title and author name. Here is an example, which is the code of this demo:

```
\documentclass{article}
\input{hassium.tex}
\begin{document}
    \def\htitle{Demo of Hassium Style}
    \def\hauthor{Hassium}
    \def\hfauthor{Hassium}
    \hsetup
    \htoc
    \hmain
\end{document}
```

Here the "hfauthor" is the left part of the header. Also, feel free to use "hstart" command to include all three setup.

```
\documentclass{article}
\input{hassium.tex}
\begin{document}
    \def\htitle{Demo of Hassium Style}
    \def\hauthor{Hassium}
    \def\hfauthor{Hassium}
    \hstart
\end{document}
```

3 Page Geometry

There are some commands that adjust the geometry of the document:

```
\geometry{letterpaper, top=54pt,bottom=46.8pt,marginparsep=5.67pt,marginparwidth=56.69pt, voffset=0pt,hoffset=0pt,left=54pt,right=54pt,headheight=24pt,headsep=10pt} \setstretch{1.25} % spacing
```

4 More on Table of Contents

You can add descriptions to each section and the description will appear in the table of contents, directly below the section name:

```
\section{This is a Sample Section}
\descr{This is a description to the section}
```

The table of contents only shows the section names, but no subsections and numberless sections. If you want a numberless section in the table of contents, use the "newsection" command:

```
\newsection{This is a numberless section}
```

Note that the section names in the table of contents are hyperlinks; click on any section name to navigate directly to that section. You can do the converse to navigate to the first page as well.

5 Index Page

This style has a customized index page. Check the code:

```
This is a \hdef{defintiion}. This is another \hdef{vocabulary}. \hindex
```

The command "hdef" mark the word and print it. The command "hindex" is a customized index page that print words in three columns. Each page number in the index page contains a hyperlink to that page.

6 Darkmode

Darkmode commands change the background color to black and the text to white.

```
\begin{document}
      \darkhsetup
      \darkhmain
\end{document}
```

7 Other Environments and Commands

The line-spacing in "enumerate" environment is changed:

```
\setlist[enumerate]{topsep=0pt,itemsep=-1ex,partopsep=1ex,parsep=1ex}
```

The "level" environment is used in "enumerate" environment, consider the following code:

```
\begin{enumerate}
  \item This is the first line.
  \begin{level}
    \item This is the second line.
  \begin{level}
    \item This is the third line.
  \end{level}
  \item This is another line.
  \end{level}
\end{enumerate}
```

This code gives:

- 1. This is the first line.
 - 2. This is the second line.
 - 3. This is the third line.
 - 4. This is another line.

The command "circled" draws a small circle and you can add something inside the circle:

```
\circled{1}
```

The output is ①. You can write any Romam numerals by:

```
\rom108
```

There are two simple commands for hand-written fonts:

```
\cfd{font 1}
\cfc{font 2}
```

The outputs are font 1 and font 2.

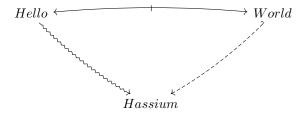
8 Quiver

Quiver is done by varkor and AndréC, check their github for more information. I include quiver to draw curve arrows in a commutative diagram. To draw a diagram with quiver, check this website. An example is given below:

```
% chktex-file 15 % the three lines enables useless warnings
% chktex-file 17
% chktex-file 18
\begin{center}
   \begin{tikzcd}
    Hello &&&& World \\
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```

```
&& Hassium
    \arrow["\shortmid"{marking}, curve={height=-6pt}, tail reversed, from=1-1, to=1-5]
    \arrow[curve={height=6pt}, squiggly, from=1-1, to=4-3]
    \arrow[curve={height=-6pt}, dashed, hook', from=1-5, to=4-3]
    \end{tikzcd}
\end{center}
```

The diagram looks like:



9 Theorem Styles

Several theorem styles are offered:

```
\theoremstyle{definition}
\newtheorem{definition}{Definition}[section]
\newtheorem*{theorem}{Theorem}[section]
\newtheorem*{proposition}{Proposition}
\newtheorem*{lemma}{Lemma}
\newtheorem*{corollary}{Corollary}
\newtheorem*{example}{Example}
\newtheorem*{remark}{Remark}
\newtheorem*{notation}{Notation}
```

There is a "hdefinition" environment, which works exactly the same as "definition" if you write:

```
\begin{hdefinition}
    This is a definition of Hassium.
\end{hdefinition}
```

If you include a name variable, it gives an index to the name.

```
\begin{hdefinition} [Hassium]
    This is a definition of Hassium
\end{hdefinition}
\hindex % This will print Hassium
```

The environment name can be customized by using:

```
\customtheorem{This is a custom theorem}
\begin{This is a custom theorem}
    The proof is trivial.
\end{This is a custom theorem}
```

The output environment is:

This is a custom theorem. The proof is trivial.

 δ

\bs

You can put any number or label in "exercise" environment:

```
\begin{exercise}[8.6]
   The proof is trivial.
\end{exercise}
```

The environment looks like:

Exercise 8.6. The proof is trivial.

10 Invisible Proofs

The environment "reviewmode" is originally done by my friend ETwilight. It replaces your "proof" environment by three empty lines:

```
\begin{reviewmode}
    \begin{proof}
        The proof is trivial.
    \end{proof}
\end{reviewmode}
```

11 Simple Commands in Math Mode

I will give a table of all commands in math mode.

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$\setminus Q$	\la	(
\R	\ka \	i
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\mathbb{H}	\Ga Г	٦
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\P^n	VOm)
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\mathbb{RP}^n	\vt	}
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\GL GL	∖ua	
\SL SL	∖da	_
\Mod Mod	\Ra ⇒	>
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Demo	of	Mν	ΙΑΤ Χ	Style
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\lt	~ +	x\mod y	$x \mod y$
\mt	\mapsto	\Cl	Cl
\rat	\rightarrowtail	\Hol	Hol
\lat	\leftarrow	\comp	o
$\$	>-	\Gal	Gal
\thla	~~	$\backslash \operatorname{card}\{S\}$	S
\bij	$\xrightarrow{\sim}$	\im	im
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\id	id	\po	\prec
\sub	\subset	\poe	\preceq
\sube	\subseteq	\cyc{g}	$\langle g angle$
\supe	<u> </u>	\Spec	Spec
\nsub	¢	\Syl	Syl
\nsup	$ ot \supset$	\iso	\approx
\nsube	⊈	\niso	≉
\nsupe	⊉	\Mor	Mor
\subn	Ç	\Aut	Aut
\supn	⊋	\End	End
\es	Ø	\Hom	Hom
\sm	\	\Inn	Inn
\ps	P	\Out	Out
$ackslash \mathrm{Un}$	U	\Iso	Iso
\In	\cap	\Ob	Ob
\Du		$\setminus cop\{C\}$	Cob
\c	П	\tri	\triangle
\Cp	П	\pa	∂
\ot	\otimes	\Ann	Ann
\setminus op	\oplus	\dom	dom
\acts	\curvearrowright	\ran	ran
\sgn	sgn	\cod	cod
\nsg	⊴	$A{n}$	\mathbb{A}^n
\defa	:=	\sq	
\sl_{sdp}	\rtimes	\CAT	CAT
$\inf\{f\}$	f^{-1}	$\backslash fl\{A\}$	$\lfloor A \rfloor$

12 Acknowledgement

Special thanks to \mathcal{FSG} ; his advice on style has been invaluable.