$$\frac{\int_{-\infty}^{2} \gamma(t) + 5 \frac{d}{dt} \gamma(t) + 4 \gamma(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \times (t)$$

$$a. \frac{d}{dx} \times (\epsilon) \longrightarrow + \frac{d^2}{d\epsilon^2} \times (\epsilon) \longrightarrow \times (\epsilon)$$

b.
$$\frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \gamma(t) + 5 \frac{d}{dt} \gamma(t) + 4 \gamma(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \times (t)$$

$$(j\Omega)^{2} \gamma(j\Omega) + 5 (j\Omega) \gamma(j\Omega) + 4 \gamma(j\Omega) = (j\Omega) \chi(j\Omega)$$

$$(-\Omega^{2} + 5j\Omega + 4) \gamma(j\Omega) = (j\Omega) \chi(j\Omega)$$

$$H(j\Omega) = \frac{\gamma(j\Omega)}{\chi(j\Omega)} = \frac{j\Omega}{-\Omega^{2} + 5j\Omega + 4} = \frac{j\Omega}{4 - \Omega^{2} + 5j\Omega}$$

C.
$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} \gamma(t) + 5 \frac{d}{dt} \gamma(t) + 4 \gamma(t) = 0$$

$$r^{2} + 5r + 4 = 0$$
 $(r+1)(r+4) = 0$
 $r = -1 \vee r = -4$
 $\gamma(t) = c_{1}e^{r_{1}t} + c_{2}e^{r_{1}t}$
 $\gamma_{h}(t) = c_{1}e^{-t} + c_{2}e^{-t}$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \times (t) = \omega s(t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \times (t) = -\sin(t)$$

$$Y_p(t) = A SIn(t) + D cos(t)$$

$$\gamma_{\rho}'(t) = A \cos(t) - B \sin(t)$$

$$\gamma_{\rho}''(t) = -A \sin(t) - B \cos(t)$$

$$Y_{\ell}^{"} + 5 Y_{\rho}^{"} + 4 Y_{\rho} = - 8in (t)$$

$$-A sin (t) - B cos (t) + 5 (A cos (t) - B sin (t)) + 4 (A sin (t) + B cos (t)) = - 8in (t)$$

$$(-A - 5 B + 4 A) sin (t) + (-B - 5 A + 4 B) cos (t) = - 8 in (t)$$

$$3A - 5 B = -1 \times 3 = 0$$

$$3A - 5 B = -1 \times 3 = 0$$

$$-5A + 3 B = 0$$

$$-5A + 3 B = 0$$

$$-16A = -3$$

$$A = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$B = \frac{5}{16}$$

$$Y_{p}(t) = A \sin(t) + B \cos(t)$$

$$= \frac{3}{16} \sin(t) + \frac{5}{16} \cos(t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \gamma(\epsilon) \Big|_{t=0} = 0$$

$$-C_{1}e^{-t}-4C_{2}e^{-4t}+\frac{3}{16}\cos(t)-\frac{5}{16}\sin(t)\Big|_{t=0}=0$$

$$-C_{1}e^{-0} - 4C_{2}e^{-4.0} + \frac{3}{16} \cos(0) - \frac{5}{16} \sin(0) = 0$$

$$-C_{1} - 4C_{2} + \frac{3}{16} \cdot 1 - \frac{5}{16} \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$C_{1} + 4C_{2} = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$C_{1} + C_{2} = -\frac{5}{16}$$

$$C_{2} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$C_{1} = -\frac{23}{40}$$

$$C_{2} = \frac{1}{6} \cos(0) - \frac{5}{16} \sin(0) = 0$$

$$C_{1} + 4C_{2} = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$C_{1} = -\frac{23}{40}$$

$$C_{2} = \frac{1}{6} \cos(0) - \frac{5}{16} \sin(0) = 0$$

$$C_{1} = -\frac{23}{40} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{1} = -\frac{23}{40} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{1} = -\frac{23}{16} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{2} = -\frac{23}{16} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{3} = -\frac{23}{16} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{4} = -\frac{23}{16} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{5} = -\frac{23}{16} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{6} = -\frac{23}{16} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{7} = -\frac{23}{16} \cos(0) = 0$$

$$C_{8} = -\frac{23}$$

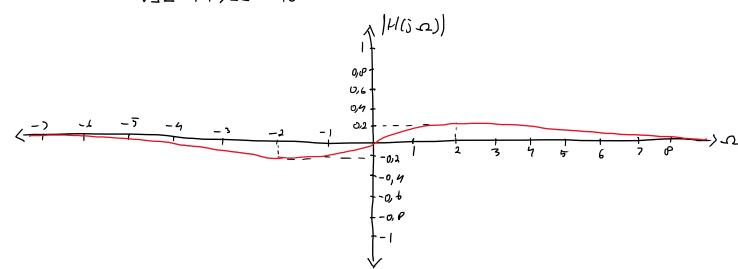
$$Y(t) = -\frac{23}{4p}e^{-t} + \frac{1}{6}e^{-4t} + \frac{3}{16}\sin(t) + \frac{5}{16}\cos(t)$$

$$Y(t) = -\frac{23}{4p}e^{-t} + \frac{1}{6}e^{-4t} + \frac{3}{16}\sin(t) + \frac{5}{16}\cos(t)$$

$$H(i\Omega) = \frac{i\Omega}{4 - \Omega^{2} + i5\Omega}$$

$$|H(i\Omega)| = \frac{\int_{0^{2} + \Omega^{2}}^{0^{2} + \Omega^{2}} = \frac{\Omega}{\int_{16 - \rho\Omega^{2} + \Omega^{4} + 25\Omega^{2}}^{0}}$$

$$|H(j \Omega)| = \frac{\Omega}{\sqrt{\Omega^4 + 17\Omega^2 + 16}}$$



8.
$$H(\hat{j}\Omega) = \frac{\hat{j}\Omega}{4-\Omega^2 + 5\hat{j}\Omega} \cdot \frac{4-\Omega^2 - 5\hat{j}\Omega}{4-\Omega^2 - 5\hat{j}\Omega}$$

$$= \frac{(4\Omega - \Omega^2)\hat{j} + 5\Omega^2}{(6-\Omega^2 + \Omega^2 + 25\Omega^2)}$$

$$= \frac{5\Omega^2}{\Omega^4 + 17\Omega^2 + 16} + \hat{j}\frac{4\Omega - \Omega^2}{\Omega^4 + 17\Omega^2 + 16}$$
Arg $H(\hat{j}\Omega) = \tan^4\left(\frac{\text{Im}(H(\hat{j}\Omega))}{R_e(H(\hat{j}\Omega))}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4\alpha - \Omega^2}{\Omega^4 + 12\Omega^2 + 16}\right)$

Arg
$$H(j\Omega) = \frac{4-\Omega^2}{5\Omega}$$

