



1. Diketahui : $T_x = 30 \text{ dBm}$ body loss = 2 dB
 $G_R = 0 \text{ dB}$

a. Ditanya : $W_{Rx} = \dots ?$ (one-ray)

$$\begin{aligned} W_{Rx} &= W_{Tx} \cdot G_T \cdot G_R \\ &= T_x + G_T + G_R - \text{body loss} \\ &= 30 \text{ dBm} + 0 + 0 - 2 \text{ dB} \\ &= 28 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

b. Ditanya : $P_R = \dots ?$ (two-ray)

$$\begin{aligned} P_R &= P_0 \left(\frac{h_1 h_2}{d^2} \right)^2 \\ &= 30 \text{ dBm} \left(\frac{30 \cdot 2}{3000^2} \right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$d = 1 + 2 = 3 \text{ km} = 3000 \text{ m}$$

$$P_0 = 30 \text{ dBm} = 1 \text{ Watt}$$

$$= 1 \cdot \left(\frac{60}{9 \times 10^6} \right)^2 = 4,44 \times 10^{-11} \text{ W} = 4,44 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mW}$$

$$= -73,522 \text{ dBm}$$

2. a. $P_{Rx} = \dots ?$ (Okumura - Hata)

$$\text{Assume } f_c = 900 \text{ MHz}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a(h_R) &= (1,1 \cdot \log f_c - 0,7) h_R - (1,56 \cdot \log f_c - 0,8) \text{ dB} \\ &= (1,1 \cdot \log(900) - 0,7) \cdot 2 - (1,56 \cdot \log(900) - 0,8) \text{ dB} \\ &= (3,25 - 0,7) \cdot 2 - 4,61 - 0,8 \\ &= 1,29 \text{ dB} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_u &= 69,55 + 26,16 \log f_c - 13,83 \log h_T - a(h_R) + [44,9 - 6,55 \log h_T] \log d \\ &= 69,55 + 26,16 \log(900) - 13,83 \log(30) - 1,29 + [44,9 - 6,55 \log(30)] \log(3) \\ &= 69,55 + 77,20 - 20,43 - 1,29 + 16,0 \\ &= 141,91 \text{ dB} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{Rx} &= P_{Tx} + G_{Tx} + G_{Rx} - L_u - \text{body loss} \\ &= 30 \text{ dBm} + 0 + 0 - 141,91 - 2 \\ &= -113,91 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

$$b. \text{CDF} = 0,94 \qquad \sigma = 7 \text{ dB}$$

$$p = 0,94$$

$$Z(p) = 0,994$$

$$\text{Fading margin} = 7 \cdot 0,994 = 6,958 \text{ dB}$$