

1.  $\lambda = 25 \text{ cm} = 0,25$

$\sigma = 0$

$A_0 = 50 \text{ V/m}$

$\mu = \mu_0$

$v = 2 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$

$f = \frac{v}{\lambda} = \frac{2 \times 10^8}{0,25} = 8 \times 10^8 \text{ Hz} = 800 \text{ MHz}$

$v = \frac{c}{\sqrt{\mu_r \epsilon_r}}$

$\beta = \frac{\omega}{v}$

$2 \times 10^8 = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{\sqrt{1 \cdot \epsilon_r}}$

$\beta = \frac{2\pi f}{8 \times 10^8}$

$\sqrt{\epsilon_r} = \frac{3}{2}$

$\beta = \frac{\pi \cdot 8 \times 10^8}{10^8} = 8\pi$

$\epsilon_r = \frac{9}{4} = 2,25$

$\hat{a}_z \times -\hat{a}_y = \hat{a}_x$

$E(x, t) = A_0 \cos(\omega t - \beta x) \hat{a}_z \text{ V/m}$

$E(x, t) = 50 \cos(2\pi \cdot 8 \times 10^8 t - 8\pi x) \hat{a}_z \text{ V/m}$

$\eta = 377 \sqrt{\frac{\mu_r}{\epsilon_r}} = 377 \sqrt{\frac{1}{\frac{9}{4}}} = 377 \cdot \frac{2}{3} = 251,33$

$H(x, t) = \frac{A_0}{\eta} \cos(\omega t - \beta x) (-\hat{a}_y) \text{ A/m}$

$= \frac{50}{251,33} \cos(2\pi \cdot 8 \times 10^8 t - 8\pi x) (-\hat{a}_y) \text{ A/m}$

$= -0,199 \cos(16\pi \times 10^8 t - 8\pi x) \hat{a}_y \text{ A/m}$