Dit: Rangkaran IMC bentuk "T"

Javab:

Q =
$$\frac{f_{2}}{BW} = \frac{1000 \text{ MH}_{2}}{200 \text{ MH}_{3}} = 5$$
; $R_{keril} = R_{s} = 100 \Omega$

$$Q = \sqrt{\frac{R_{v}}{R_{keal}}} - 1 \longrightarrow Q^{2} = \frac{R_{v}}{R_{s}} - 1$$

$$Q^{2} + 1 = \frac{R_{v}}{R_{s}}$$

$$R_{V} = 100.26 = 1600 \Omega$$

L' krrî
$$Q_{kiri} = \sqrt{\frac{R_P}{R_c}} - 1 = \sqrt{\frac{R_V}{R_S}} - 1 = 5$$

$$Q_c = \frac{x_{c1}}{R_c} \longrightarrow x_{c1} = Q \cdot R_s$$

$$2z \leq L_1 = 5 \cdot 190$$

$$L_{1} = \frac{500}{2.3,14.190 \times 10^{6}} = 7.96 \times 10^{-7} = 0.796 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q_p = \frac{R_p}{X_{p_1}} \rightarrow X_{p_1} = \frac{R_V}{Q}$$

$$Q_{p} = \frac{R_{p}}{X_{p1}} \rightarrow X_{p1} = \frac{R_{V}}{Q}$$

$$\frac{1}{2E_{fC}} = \frac{2600}{5} \rightarrow C = \frac{1}{2.3,141.000\times10^{5}.520} = 3,06 pF$$

$$Q_{kanan} = \sqrt{\frac{R_{v}}{R_{L}}} - 1 = \sqrt{\frac{2600}{1000}} - 1 = 1,26$$

$$Q_{c} = \frac{X_{c}}{R_{c}} \rightarrow X_{c2} = Q_{kanan} \cdot R_{L}$$

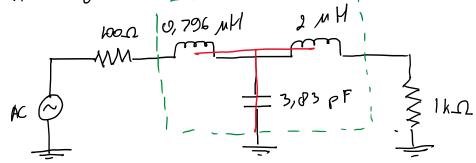
$$2\pi f L_{2} = 1,26 \cdot 1000$$

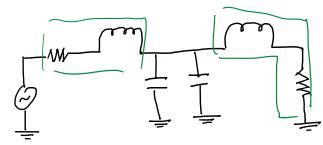
$$L_{2} = \frac{1260}{2 \cdot 5.14 \cdot 100 \times 10^{6}} = 2 \text{ MH}$$

$$Q_{p} = \frac{R_{p}}{x_{p}} \rightarrow \chi_{p2} = \frac{R_{v}}{Q_{kangin}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi 5C} = \frac{2600}{1,26}$$

Ranghaian IMC bentuh "I"



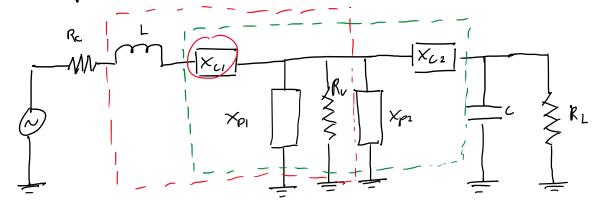


Q-t · Rangkasan IMC bentuh "T"

Jawab :

$$Q = \frac{5}{15W} = \frac{600 \text{ MHz}}{20 \text{ MHz}} = 5 \qquad ; \quad R_{kecil} = R_s = 100 \Omega$$

$$Q = \sqrt{\frac{R_V}{R_{\text{keGl}}}} - 1 \rightarrow R_V = R_S(Q^L + 1) = 100 (5^L + 1) = 2600 \Omega$$



* Gunahan jawaban dari sool no. 1

$$X_{p} = X_{p1} + X_{p2} = 3.03 pF$$

 $X_{\nu} = -\tilde{j} \frac{1}{22C} = -\tilde{j} \frac{1}{2\pi\epsilon C}$

* Gunahan jawaban no. 1

$$\times_{c_2}$$
 - $j795,77 = j1256,64$

Rangkaian IMC bentule "T"

100-02 360nH 436 nH 3,27 MH

AC \(\text{AC} \)

100-02 3,83 pF \(\text{3pF} \)

1 \(\text{3pF} \)

1 \(\text{3pF} \)