

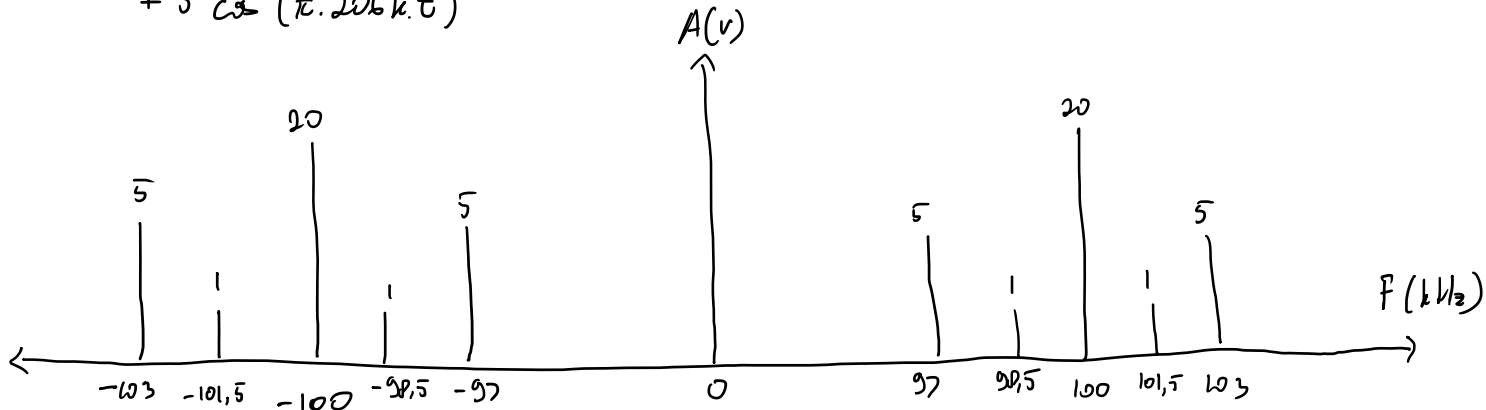
$$1. s(t) = [20 + 2 \cos(3000\pi t) + 10 \cos(6000\pi t)] \cos(2\pi f_c t)$$

$$f_c = 10^5 \text{ Hz}$$

$$a. s(t) = [20 + 2 \cos(3000\pi t) + 10 \cos(6000\pi t)] \cos(2\pi 10^5 t)$$

$$s(t) = 20(2\pi 10^5 t) + 2 \cos(3000\pi t) \cos(2\pi 10^5 t) + 10 \cos(6000\pi t) \cos(2\pi 10^5 t)$$

$$s(t) = 20(2\pi 10^5 t) + \cos(\pi \cdot 203k t) + \cos(\pi \cdot 197k t) + 5 \cos(\pi \cdot 104k t) + 5 \cos(\pi \cdot 206k t)$$



$$b. s(t) = [20 + 2 \cos(3000\pi t) + 10 \cos(6000\pi t)] \cos(2\pi f_c t)$$

$$s(t) = 20 \left[1 + 0,1 \cos(3000\pi t) + 0,5 \cos(6000\pi t) \right] \cos(2\pi f_c t)$$

$$M_T = \sqrt{M_1^2 + M_2^2} = \sqrt{0,1^2 + 0,5^2} = 0,51$$

$$c. P_c(100 \text{ kHz}) = \frac{20^2}{2} = 200 \text{ W}/\Omega$$

$$P_{m1}(100k \pm 1,5k) = \frac{1^2}{2} = 0,5 \text{ W}/\Omega$$

$$P_{m2}(100k \pm 3k) = \frac{5^2}{2} = 12,5 \text{ W}/\Omega$$

d. Daya pada sideband:

$$2P_{m1} + 2P_{m2} = 2 \cdot 0,5 + 2 \cdot 12,5 = 26 \text{ W}/\Omega$$

Daya total:

$$P_c + 2P_{m1} + 2P_{m2} = 200 + 26 = 226 \text{ W}/\Omega$$

$$\text{Perbandingan daya total \& daya sideband} = \frac{26}{226} = 0,115$$

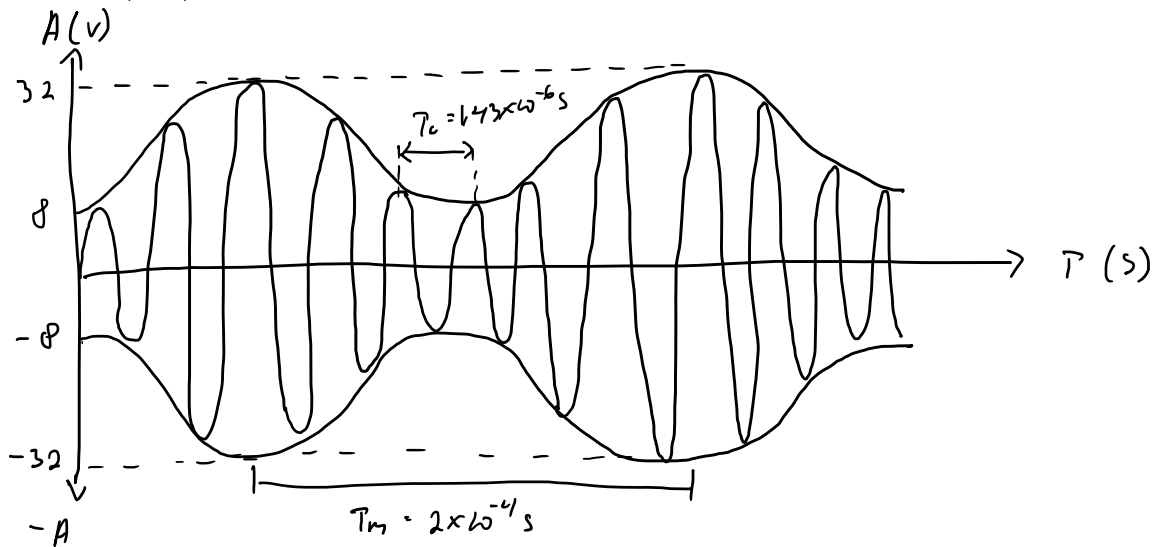
2. a. $\mu = 60\% = 0,6$ $f_c = 700 \text{ kHz}$

$A_c = 20 \text{ V}$ $f_m = 5 \text{ kHz}$

$U = A_c (1 + \mu) = 20 (1 + 0,6) = 32 \text{ V}$

$h = A_c (1 - \mu) = 20 (1 - 0,6) = 8 \text{ V}$

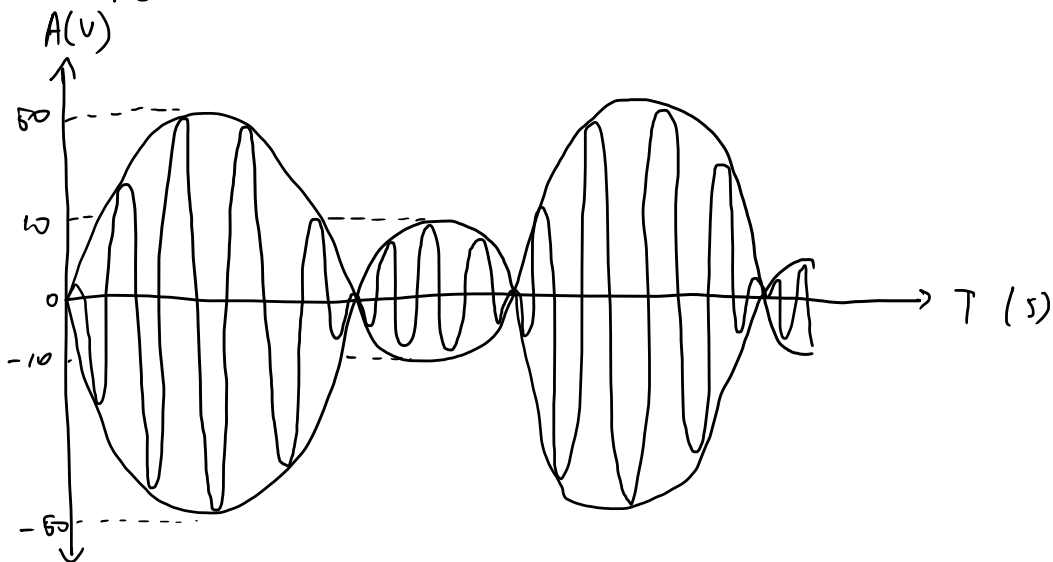
$T_c = \frac{1}{700 \text{ kHz}} = 1,43 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$ $T_m = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$

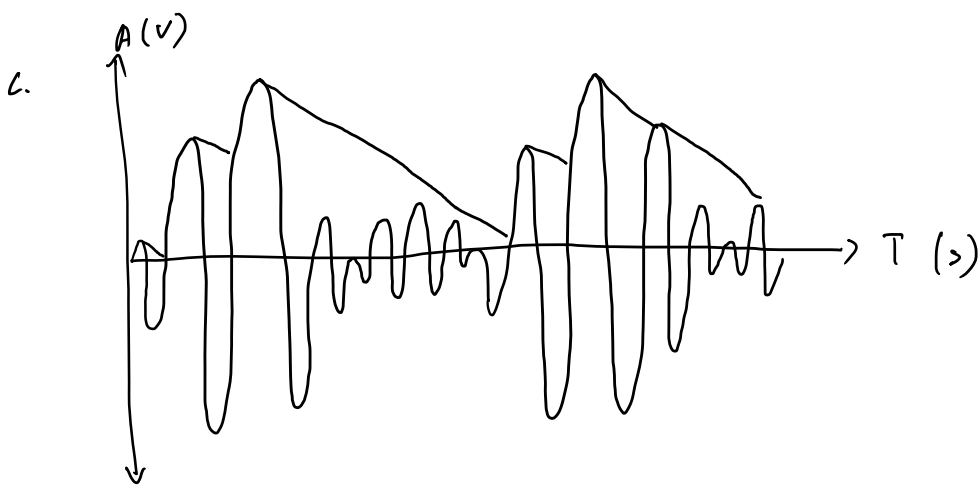


b. $\mu = 150\% = 1,5$

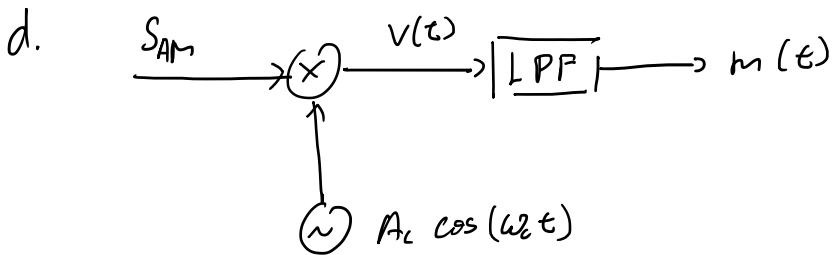
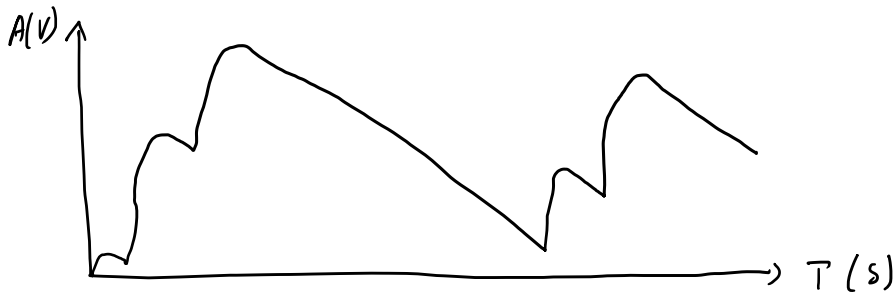
$U = A_c (1 + \mu) = 20 (1 + 1,5) = 50 \text{ V}$

$h = A_c (1 - \mu) = 20 (1 - 1,5) = -10 \text{ V}$





output :



$$0) S_{AM} = A_c \cos(\omega_c t) + \frac{1}{2} \mu A_c \cos(\omega_c + \omega_m)t + \frac{1}{2} \mu A_c \cos(\omega_c - \omega_m)t$$

$$0) V(t) = A_c^2 \cos^2(\omega_c t) + \frac{1}{4} \mu A_c^2 \cos(2\omega_c + \omega_m)t + \frac{1}{4} \mu A_c^2 \cos(\omega_m t) \\ + \frac{1}{4} \mu A_c^2 \cos(2\omega_c - \omega_m)t + \frac{1}{4} \mu A_c^2 \cos(-\omega_m t)$$

$$0) m(t) = \frac{1}{4} \mu A_c^2 \cos(\omega_m t) + \frac{1}{4} \mu A_c^2 \cos(-\omega_m t)$$

$$m(t) = \frac{\mu A_c^2}{2} \cos(\omega_m t)$$

$$m(t) = \frac{A_m A_c}{2} \cos(\omega_m t)$$