1.
$$\beta(1,1)$$
 $\beta(1,1,1)$ $\beta(1,1,1)$ $\beta(1,1,1)$ $\beta(1,1,1)$ $\beta(1,1,1)$ $\beta(1,1,1)$

$$0. \overrightarrow{CA} = \widehat{A} - \widehat{C}$$

$$= (1\widehat{i} + 1\widehat{j}) - (2\widehat{i} + 4\widehat{j})$$

b.
$$\overrightarrow{AB}$$
: $B - A$
= $(6^{\circ} + 5^{\circ}) - (7 + 3^{\circ})$

$$P^{TO}Y_{AC} \stackrel{\overrightarrow{AB}}{=} \frac{\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC}}{|\overrightarrow{AC}|^2} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC}$$

$$= \frac{(5? + 4?) \cdot (? + 3?)}{|\overrightarrow{AC}|^2} \cdot (? + 3?)$$

$$=\frac{5+12}{10}(\hat{1}+3\hat{0})$$

C.
$$\rho r o \gamma A c = \frac{\overrightarrow{Ac} \cdot \overrightarrow{Ab}}{|Ab|^2} \cdot \overrightarrow{Ab}$$

$$= \frac{5 + 12}{5^2 + 4^2} (57 + 43)$$

$$= \frac{17}{41} (51 + 43) = \frac{6p}{41} 3$$

$$\vec{A} C = C - A$$

$$= (2\hat{1} + 4\hat{3}) - (\hat{1} + \hat{1})$$

$$= \hat{1} + 3\hat{3}$$

$$\int_{-1}^{1} \vec{B} \cdot \vec{C} \cdot \vec{B} \qquad \vec{v} = x \hat{i} + y \hat{j}$$

$$\cdot \left[2\hat{i} + y \hat{j} \right] - \left(1\hat{i} + \hat{i} \hat{j} \right)$$

$$\cdot - y \hat{i} \cdot \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{D} \cdot \vec{v} = 0$$

$$(-4\hat{i} - \hat{j}) \left(x \hat{i} + y \hat{j} \right) = 0$$

$$-4x - y - 0$$

$$y \cdot - 4x$$

$$\vec{v} = x \hat{i} + y \hat{j}$$

$$\cdot x \hat{i} - 4x \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{v} \cdot \hat{i} + y \hat{j}$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k}) + (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k})$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k}) + 2\hat{k}$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k}) + 2\hat{k}$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k})$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{j} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k})$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{j} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}) - (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k})$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{j} + \hat{j} + \hat{j} + y \hat{k}) + 2\hat{k}$$

$$\cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{j}$$

13y= 42

Tegoh horus denym DE & FF

$$\frac{1}{DF} = F - D = (\hat{1} + \hat{3} + 2\hat{k}) - (\hat{1} + \hat{3} + \hat{k}) = P \hat{k}$$

$$\frac{1}{DF} - F - D = (\hat{1} + 14\hat{3} + 5\hat{k} - (\hat{1} + \hat{3} + \hat{k}) = 13\hat{3} + 4\hat{k}$$

$$\overrightarrow{DE} \times \overrightarrow{DF} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & P \\ 0 & /3 & {}^{\prime\prime} \end{vmatrix} = -104\hat{i} - 0\hat{j} + 0 \hat{k} = -104\hat{i}$$

$$0. \quad \overrightarrow{xy} = \cancel{y} - \cancel{y} = (-\hat{1} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{j} + 0\hat{k}) = 5\hat{j} + 12\hat{k}$$

$$\overrightarrow{xz} = \overline{z} - \cancel{x} - (-\hat{1} + 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}) - (-\hat{1} + 2\hat{j} + 0\hat{k}) = 4\hat{k}$$

$$b, \vec{x}, (\vec{x} - 3\vec{x}) = (5j + 12\hat{k}) \cdot (5j + 12\hat{k} - 12\hat{k})$$

$$\frac{40}{14} \cdot 4\hat{h} = 12\hat{k}$$

d.
$$L_{\times\times_2} \rightarrow 0$$
 rientax titile \times

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \times \times \times = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{1} & \hat{3} & \hat{1} \\ 0 & \hat{5} & 12 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 20\hat{1}$$

$$L_{xy2} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{2} \left[\overrightarrow{x} \times \overrightarrow{x} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{20^2}$$