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Computer Architecture (CO2007)

Assignment

Convolution Operation in MIPS Assembly

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1 Introduction

Convolution is a fundamental operation in signal processing and image processing, widely used in various applications such as filtering, edge detection, and feature extraction. This report presents the implementation of a convolution operation using MIPS assembly language. The program reads input data from a file, performs convolution on an image matrix with a kernel matrix, and outputs the resulting matrix. The implementation includes handling of padding and stride, as well as error checking for invalid inputs.

2 Program Overview

1. Read Input Data
2. Validate Input
3. Calculate Output Size
4. Convolution Operation
5. Output Results

3 Program Flow and Logic

3.1 Main Flowchart

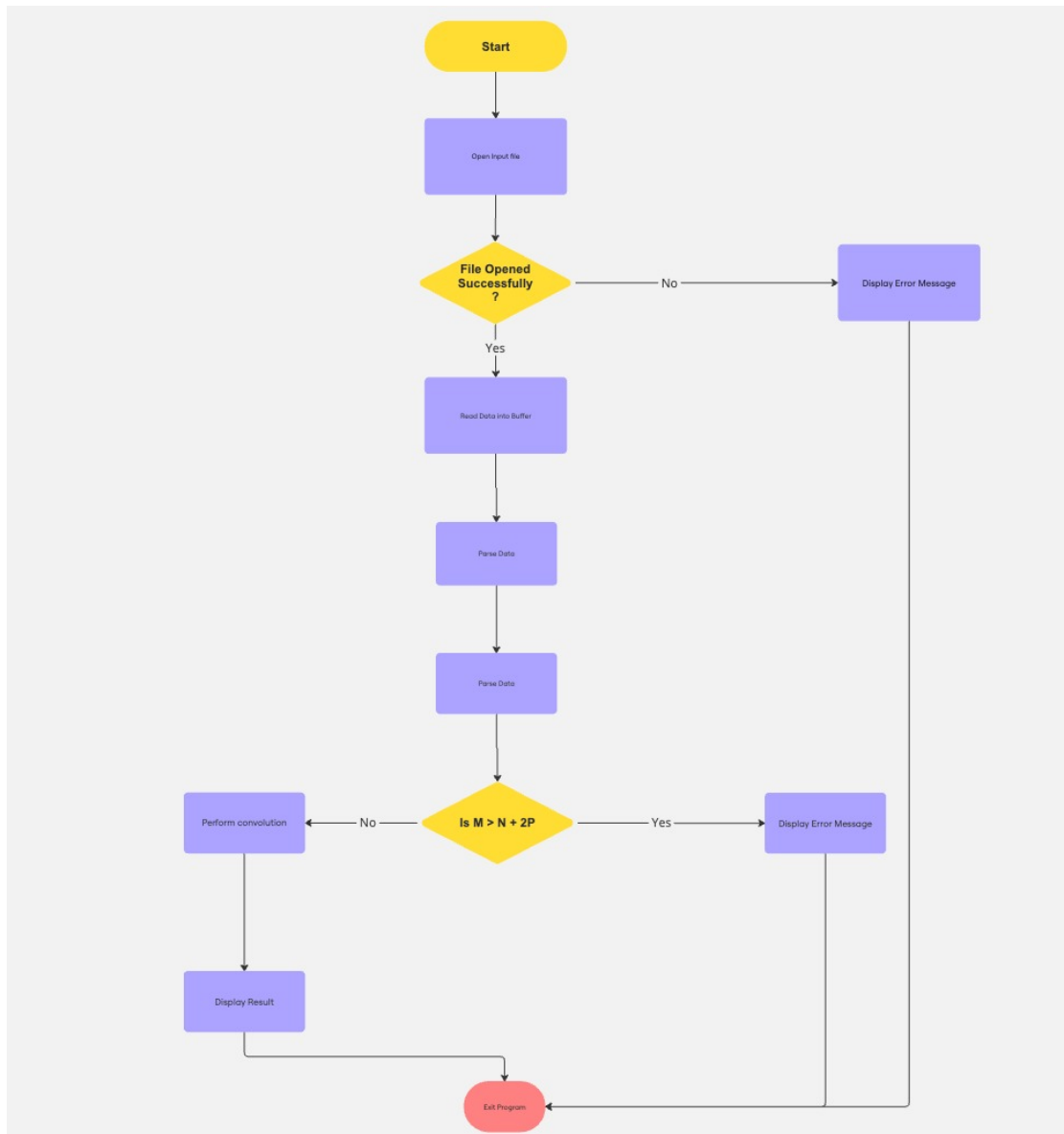


Figure 1. Main program Flowchart

3.2 Use Stack in mips code

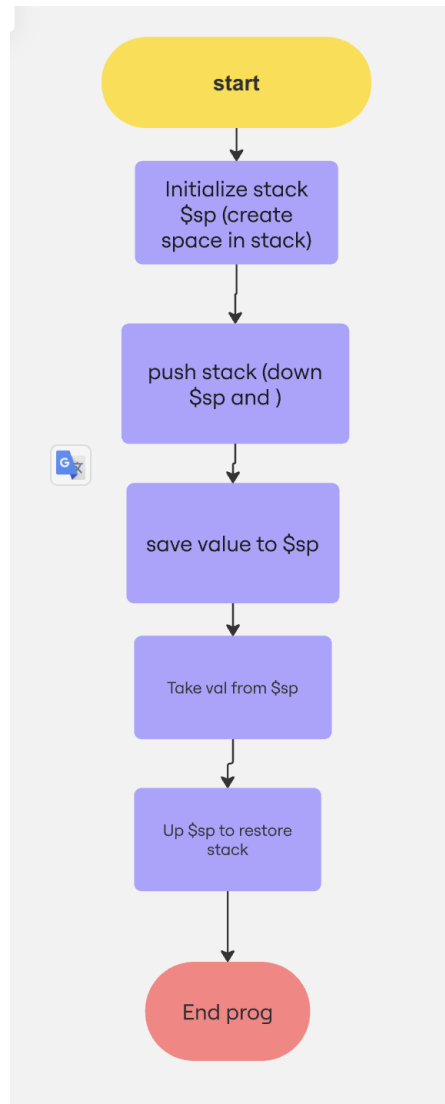


Figure 2. Stack in mips

3.3 Calculate Output size

- Computes the size of the output matrix using the formula:

$$\text{outputSize} = \left(\frac{N + 2P - M}{S} \right) + 1$$

- Flowchart:

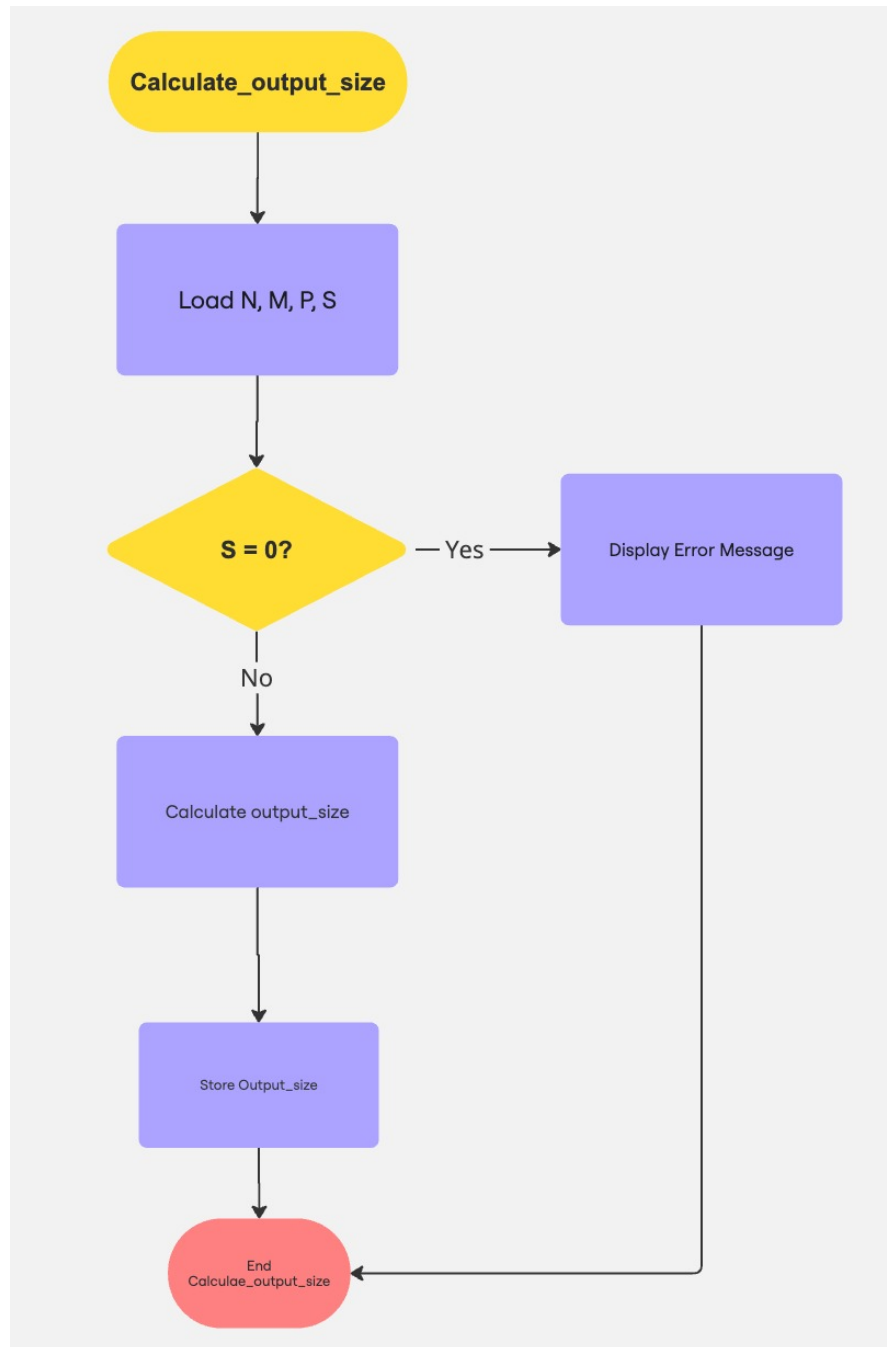


Figure 3. Calculate outputsize function

3.4 Validate Kernel Size

- Checks if the kernel size M is larger than the image size plus padding. If the condition is true, displays an error message and exits.

- Flowchart:

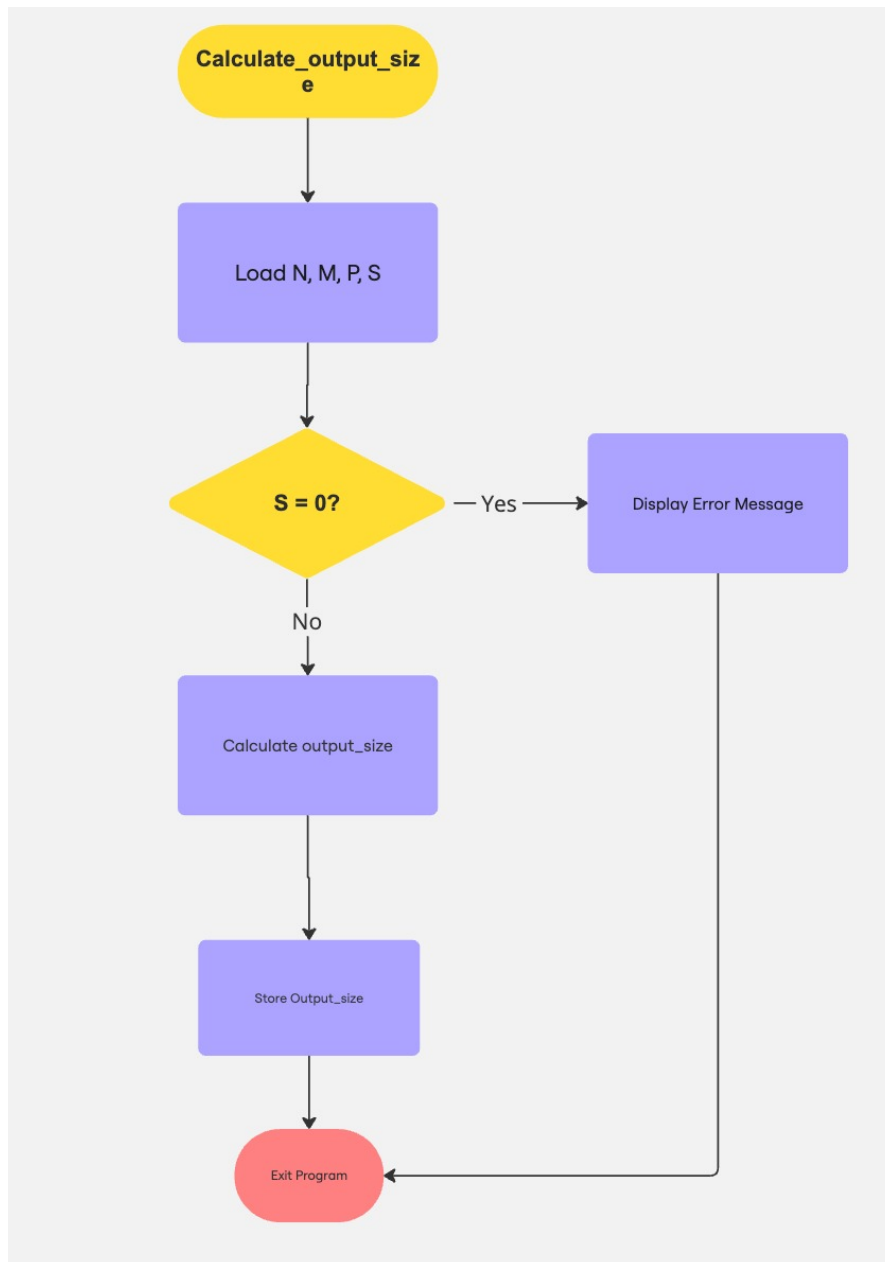


Figure 4. Main program Flowchart

3.5 Convolution function

- Flowchart of paddedImage:

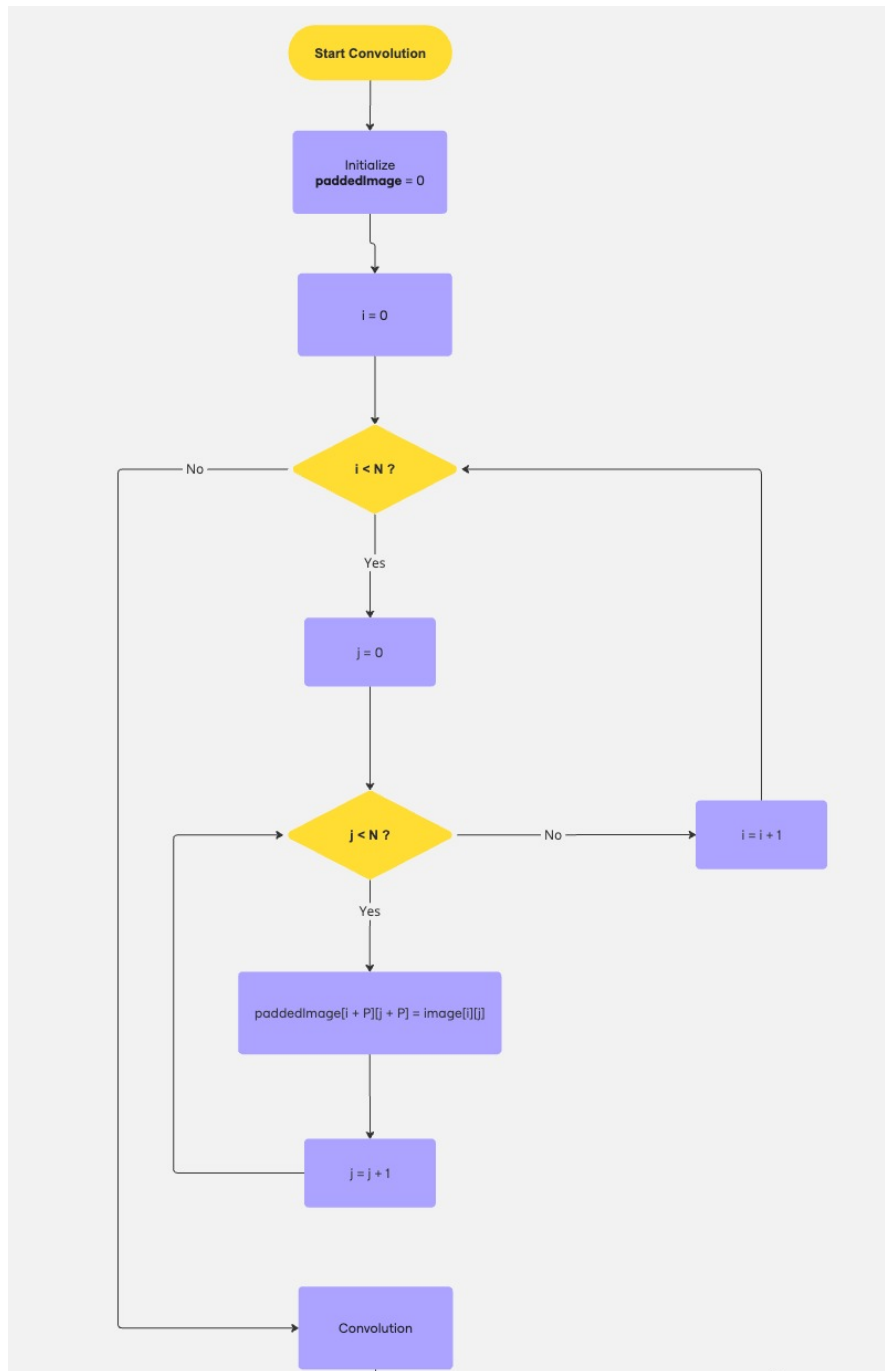


Figure 5. padded Image

- Flowchart of Convolution with padded image:

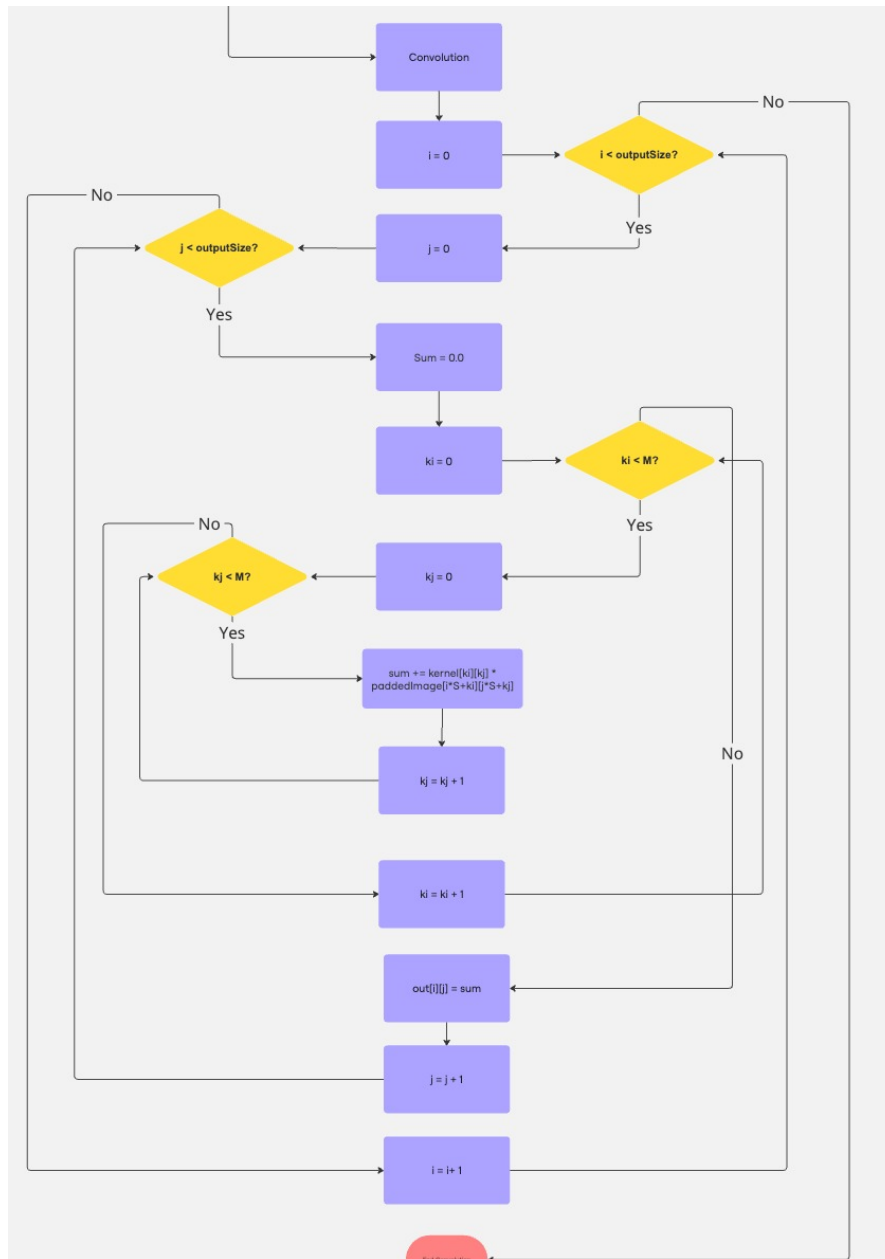


Figure 6. Perform Convolution

3.6 Print result and write to file output

3.6.1 Error input

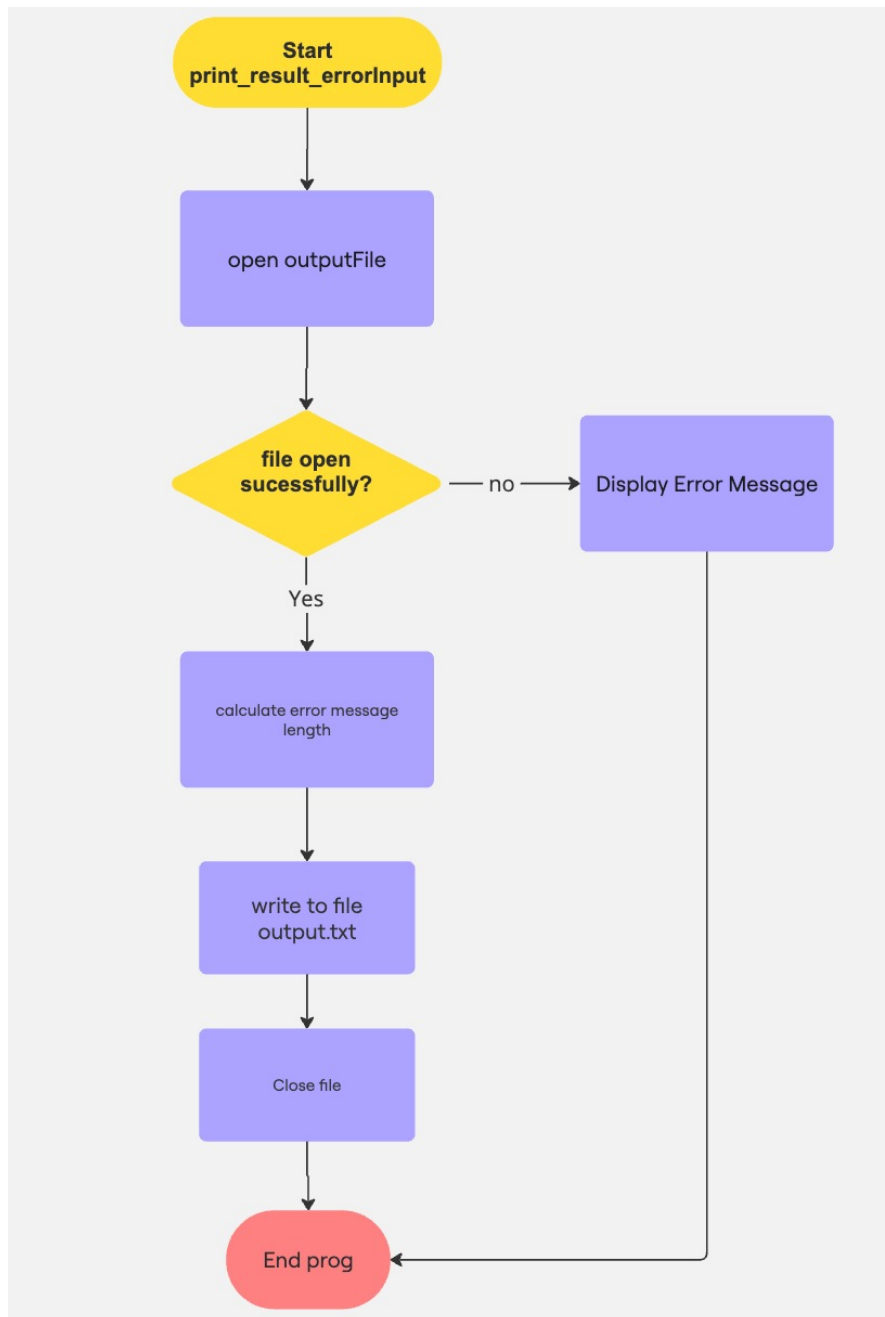


Figure 7. Perform Convolution



3.6.2 Print_matrix_to_file

Objective: write outputMatrix to file output.txt

1. Calculate information about matrix output: address, size, number of elements in matrix output.
2. Open file out.txt to write
3. loop elements in matrix and write them into file out.txt.

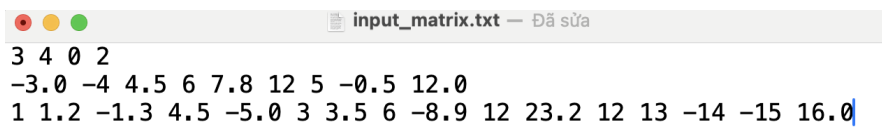
3.6.3 Float_to_String

Objective: convert float elements to string.

1. check negative number and convert it to positive.
2. separate the integer part and convert the integer part into string

4 Test Run

4.1 Test 1



```
3 4 0 2
-3.0 -4 4.5 6 7.8 12 5 -0.5 12.0
1 1.2 -1.3 4.5 -5.0 3 3.5 6 -8.9 12 23.2 12 13 -14 -15 16.0
```

Figure 8. Test 1

Result:



Figure 9. Result

4.2 Test 2

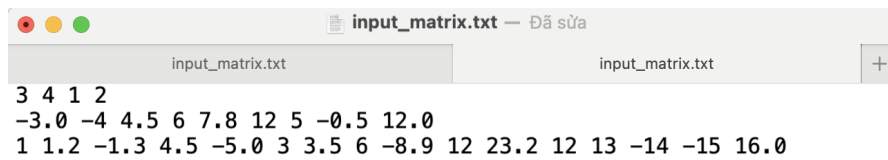


Figure 10. Test 2

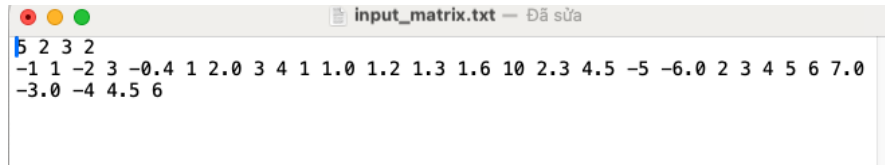
Result:



Figure 11. Result



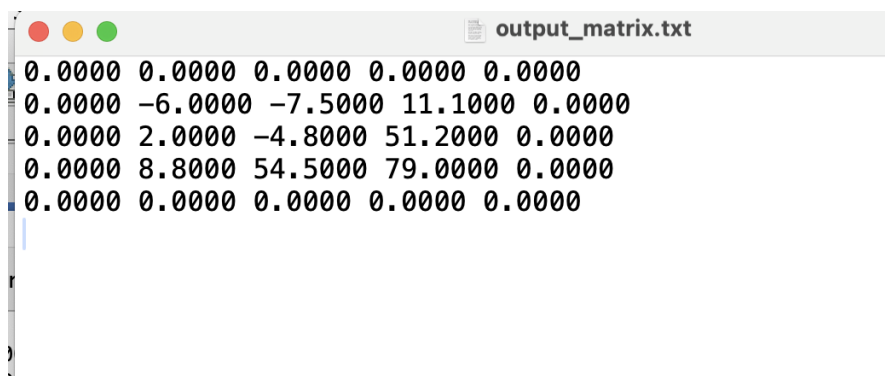
4.3 Test 3



```
5 2 3 2
-1 1 -2 3 -0.4 1 2.0 3 4 1 1.0 1.2 1.3 1.6 10 2.3 4.5 -5 -6.0 2 3 4 5 6 7.0
-3.0 -4 4.5 6
```

Figure 12. Test 3

Result:



```
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
0.0000 -6.0000 -7.5000 11.1000 0.0000
0.0000 2.0000 -4.8000 51.2000 0.0000
0.0000 8.8000 54.5000 79.0000 0.0000
0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
```

Figure 13. Result